REGD. NO. B. 1035

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PRICE ONE ANNA

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XXII NO. 35 BOMBAY SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1934 TWENTY PAGES

# MARTIAL LAW WARNING IN KASHMIR

## Quake Panic In Affected Area

### SIR PROVASH MITTER DEAD

**Sudden Collapse After Strenuous Work In Cabinet Meeting**

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

Sir P.C. Mitter, Revenue Member and the Senior Executive Councillor died of heart failure at 2-45 this afternoon.—A.P.

(Sir Provash, C.I.E., was for a long time Vakil of the Calcutta High Court).

### *Bengal Council Adjourned*

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

The Bengal Council assembling to-day at 3 p.m. the Hon'ble President announced the death of Sir Pravash Chandra Mitter at 2 p.m. in his house at Elgin Road.

"Huge calamity has befallen us and I can't say more just now."

With this short message the President declared the Council adjourned till Tuesday as a mark of respect to the illustrious deceased.—United Press.

### *SUDDEN COLLAPSE*

LATER.

Further enquiries into the circumstances attending the death of Sir Pravash show that he went at 9 a.m. to the Government House to attend the Governor's Cabinet Meeting.

He came back to his residence at about 12-30 noon after strenuous work at the Government House and attended some of his personal Estate work.

SWOON AND COLLAPSE.

Thereafter he went to the bath room after being masaged by the servant. As soon as he got up from the bath tub he swooned and collapsed on the shoulder of the servant standing by. He expired within five minutes' time due to severe heart seizure.

In vain did Sir Pravash try to speak to his eldest son and before any medical aid could be rendered, life was extinct just at 1-30 p.m.

Sir Pravash was 59 years old at the time of death. He leaves behind four sons and four daughters.

The funeral takes place at the Keoratala Burning Ghat this evening.

THEIR LAST TRIBUTES.

All his colleagues of the Governor's Cabinet and other high officers in the Secretariat, both Indian and European flocked to his residence to pay their last tributes of respect to the deceased.

Flags were hoisted half-mast over all Government Institutions as a mark of respect to Sir Pravash.—United Press.

### *BENGAL GOVERNOR PRSENTS WREATH*

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

His Excellency Sir John Anderson paid a visit to Sir Pravash's House at 6 p.m. and presented a wreath as a mark of respect to the deceased colleague.

Wreaths were also presented among others by Mr. R. N. Reid, Home Member, Sir B. P. Sinha Roy, Minister and the European Association.

Prominent among those who personally called were, the Mayor of Calcutta, Raja Sir N. N. Roy-Chowdhury, President Bengal Council, Lord Sinha. Mr. J. N. Basu and Sir N. N. Sarkar.—United Press.

### *FUNERAL CEREMONY*

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

The cremation of Sir Provash Mitter's body took place at the Shahnogore burning ghat with orthodox rites. The eldest son, Sudhangsu Mitter, was the chief mourner.

The University Syndicate adjourned its meeting in the afternoon as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, while all Government offices throughout Bengal will be closed tomorrow.—A.P.

### People See In Sulphur Smell Symptoms Of Another Eruption

PATNA, Feb. 9.

**Information just received from Sitamari shows that sulphur smell like gun powder is being felt all over the place, and people are feeling a burning sensation.**

**Another Volcanic eruption is apprehended, and a great panic prevails. Further information is lacking.—United Press.**

### GOVT. HOUSE CONFERENCE

**Patna Cabinet Considers Reconstruction Plans**

PATNA, Feb. 9.

The Engineers' Conference met to-day at the Government House to consider how best to help in the reconstruction of the buildings damaged by the recent earthquake.

Among those present were Mr. Whitty, member of the Executive Council, Sir Ganesh Datta Singh Minister of Local Self Government, Mr. Powell, the Chief Engineer, Mr. Dunbar, and Captain Hall.

It is understood that as a result of the discussion the following decisions have been arrived at.

The Public Works Department of the Province should be strengthened by the formation of a new circle styled the "Eastern Bihar Circle", consisting of Purnea, Monghyr and Bhagalpur.

FREE ADVICE.

For reconstruction, another department called the Town Engineering Department at Monghyr, Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga and Motihari should be opened with an Officer at the Head to supply building materials for damaged buildings.

Officers of this department will offer advice free of charge to sufferers in matters of damaged buildings.

The Forest Department Officers should supply wood, bamboo and grass promptly for repairs or reconstruction.—(United Press.)

### *100 PERSONS FOR CLEARING DEBRIS*

MONGHYR, Feb. 9.

The Nanakana Sahib Gurudwara Committee has arranged for a hundred persons daily for clearing house debris and unearthing buried property under the charge of Sirdar Tejasingh. The Committee has opened Guru Nanak Khalsi Mission in Monghyr for distributing general relief and undertaking repairs to the historical Monghyr Gurudwara, which was totally demolished.—(United Press).

### *Reconstruction Work In Muzaffarpur*

MONGHYR, February 8.

Baba Gurdatsingh with Doctor Madhoram who are running free kitchen for the Muzaffarpore sufferers arrived here to-day "en route" to Calcutta. Sirdar Teja Singh head of Granthi Nankana Sahib and Sirdar Gyansingh, Overseer Nankana Sahib also arrived after visiting Patna.

Muzaffarpur and other relief centres are planning reconstruction work. Patna and other Gurdwaras are starting general relief to the distressed.—United Press.

### CITIZENS MUST PAY PRICE FOR LAW AND ORDER

**Puntive Police For Chittagong For Six Months**

**CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.**

**A Gazette Extraordinary issued this afternoon announces the appointment of an additional police force for six months at the cost of the local inhabitants, excepting those who may be exempted by the local authorities, in the whole of the Chittagong Municipal area, and also the Pahartali Railway Colony, situated within double moorings of the Police Station in the Chittagong District, as these areas have now found to be in a dangerous and disturbed state and as the conduct of the inhabitants has rendered it expedient to increase the number of the police force.—United Press.**

### New French Cabinet

*NO PORT FOLIOS FOR THREE*

PARIS, Feb. 9.

It is officially announced that the Cabinet formed is as follows:

M. Doumergue—Premier without portfolio.
M. Cheron—Justice.
M. Barthou—Foreign.
M. Germain Martin—Finance.
M. Petain—War.
General Denain—Air.
M. Pietri—Chief Air Staff and Marine.
M. Marin—Hygiene.
M. Flandin—Public Works.
M. Laval—Colonies.
M. Sarraut—Interior.
M. Palmade—Public Instruction
M. Bertrand—Mercantile Marine.
M. Queuille—Agriculture.
M. Jacquier—Budget.
M. Berthod—Education
M. Lamouroux—Commerce.
M. Rivollet—Pensions.
M. Marquet—Labour.
M. Tardieu and M. Herriot, Ministers without portfolios.—Reuter.

## MILITARY OPEN FIRE

**Mob Defies Magistrate And Marches On Treasury**

**NINE CASUALTIES**

**Rioters Over-Power Police, Wound Guards And Smash Windows**

SRINAGAR, Feb. 9.

The promulgation of the Martial Law is threatened by the authorities for the continued disturbance in defiance of the prohibitory orders.

The District Magistrate has issued warning, that unless the recalcitrants desist from stoning the police, the control of the city will be handed over to the military.

RED POSTERS.

Red posters threatening the District Magistrate with death were found broadcast all over the city.

The authorities have issued orders prohibiting the use of the mosque, the temple or the Dharmasala for any purpose except religious preaching. Anybody making political speech at such places or attending them will be punished under the Emergency Legislation.

MORE LIGHT ON FIRING.

Further enquiries about the firing by the troops at Pulwama show that on the day of occurrence, in the mosque situated near the State Tehsil and the treasury, one Peer Maqbul Shah made some inflammatory speeches Crowds gathered in numbers and invaded the Government camping ground near the mosque and began erecting a mosque there.

POLICE OVERPOWERED.

The Police being overpowered withdrew and the mob attacked the Tehsil Building and the State Hospital damaging the doors on the windows and wounding the police guards. The Magistrate's warning proving unavailing and attack on the treasury being further intensified, the Military opened fire as a sequel to which 9 deaths are so far reported—United Press.

### *SRINAGAR QUIET*

SIALKOT, Feb. 9.

Everything was reported quiet yesterday in Srinagar, says a communique issued by the Kashmir Government.

Hartal was observed at Anantnag, Mattan, Biggbehra, Barmulla and Sopor but not in Srinagar.—A. P.

KEEP YOUR EYES OPEN?

FOR WHAT?

*FOR THE CHRONICLE-SENTINEL EARTHQUAKE NUMBER TO BE PUBLISHED SHORTLY*

*You Pay 4 Annas And 2 Annas Goes To Relief Fund!*

## "Pick-Axe And Basket Mission"

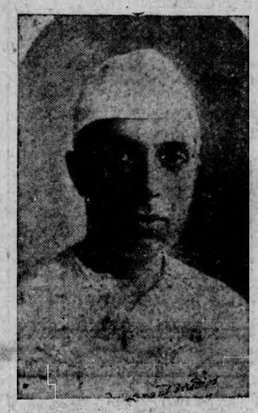
### Jawaharlal And Volunteers Remove Tons Of Debris At Monghyr

(From Our Special Correspondent)

MONGHYR, Feb. 9.

**Never before in the annals of public demonstrations has India witnessed such an impressive procession as the one that marched out from the Relief Committee's Office to-day to dig out the debris in this city of ruins.**

**Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru set the unique example of carrying the pick-axe and shovel of the workman at the head of the batch of volunteers and marched to Barabazar where underneath a building in ruins was buried a child four years old.**



Pandit Jawaharlal's example proved so infectious and inspiring that hundreds of people, men and women, jointed the procession with shovels and baskets.

Panditji was the first to strike the ground with his pick-axe, and immediately others followed. For two hours, digging operations went on and tons of debris were cleared.

JAWAHARLAL'S EXAMPLE.

Panditji, then, delivered a remarkable speech in which he exhorted the people to rely upon their own shoulders. Soaked in perspiration, Jawaharlal was the object of admiration and the practical example he set to relief workers has provided cheer and inspiration to those engaged in the task.

WORKERS ALL.

Prominent among those who were in the procession were:—

Moulvi Syed Abdul Hafiz, Secretary of the Bihar Central Relief Committee, Deep Narayan Singh, Rafiuddin Razir, Mohanlal Saxena, Nirpada Mukerji, Teja Singh of Naukana, Srimati Thakurdevi and Menarsiprasad Singh.

Panditji left for Patna at 2-30 p.m.

### Press Fetters Assured Lease

*ATTEMPTS IN SELECT COMMITTEE TO DELETE CLAUSE PROVES FUTILE*

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

Member after member got up in the Assembly during the last few days and asked Sir Harry Haig and Mr. Glancy as to which Indian prince wanted provisions relating to the press in the States Protection Bill.

There was no direct answer to this question by either. All the same the bill went to the Select Committee which sat the whole of to-day and concluded examination of the measure.

Proceedings are confidential. At any rate, members of the Committee were asked to observe secrecy. But the impression is borne out by some members of the Committee that over the part of the bill imposing restrictions upon the press, the Political Department had little or no consultations with the Princes who are mostly concerned in the matter.

The Committee was given samples of writings in a section of the press which Sir Abdur Rahim had described as a crude form of blackmail." In fact, the battle royal seems to have been over the clause relating to the press, and the attempt of members to secure the deletion of that clause was heavily lost. But the life of this clause has been fixed for two years in the first instance, for the language of the clause as drafted by the Committee is said to be "for two years, unless extended".

It appears clear that the life of the bill will be extended beyond two years on some ground or other, as there is no prospect of the Federation becoming an established fact by that time.

WILL IT HELP PRINCES?

One member expressed grave doubt as to whether the press provisions in the Bill will really helo princes, for the writings which will come within the mischief of law will relate to the administration of states and not rulers themselves. Had rulers been consulted over this part of the bill before it was incorporated in it, probably the Government of India would have received quite a difference advice.

### *AMENDMENTS TO STATES BILL*

**Assembly Select Committee Busy**

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

The Select Committee on the States' Protection Bill met this morning under the chairmanship of Sir B. L. Mitter.

All the members of the Committee, Sir Abdur Rahim, Sardar Sohan Singh, Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer, Mr. K. C. Neogy, Mr. Aggarwal, Sardar G. N. Majumdar, Mr. Anklesaria, Mr. Patil, Mr. Dumasia, Capt. Sher Mohammed, Mr. Mukherjee, Mr. B. J. Glancy, and Sir Harry Haig were present.

The Committee disposed of Clause 3 relating to conspiracy against Princes. It was decided that Section 121-A of the Penal Code should be made applicable if there is a conspiracy to overawe by criminal force or show of criminal force any Prince, but the punishment, even when maximum, should be seven years' imprisonment and not transportation.

Clause 4, relating to press was also gone through. Suitable explanation will be provided so that a statement of facts, criticising an administration of States without malicious intention, with a view to bring in reforms will not be liable to punishment.

Another change to be made is that the press, when tried under this Clause, will be tried by a High Court under whose jurisdiction that press lies and not by the Lahore High Court alone.

After lunch the Committee will examine clauses 5 and 6 and hope to conclude their labour.—United Press.

### BEER BATTLE IN COMMONS

**Lady Astor Tells House Some M. P.'s Are Bribed By Drink Trade**

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Lady Astor's temperance enthusiasm led to angry altercation in the House of Commons during the discussion on a private member's Bill extending the drink hours in hotels and restaurants mainly for the attraction of overseas foreign visitors.

Her Ladyship declared that the drink trade paid certain members of the Commons 2,000 sterling yearly to defend their interests.

The statement aroused angry protests from all parts of the House and there were loud cries of "withdraw." Members demanded that Lady Astor give details of her charges, but when she demurred, they appealed to the Speaker to defend the honour of the house against unsubstantiated charges of corruption, one member moving that Lady Astor be permitted to speak no longer.

After the intervention of the Speaker and the attempts of other temperance supporters to pour oil over troubled waters, Lady Astor withdrew the expression and was allowed to resume her speech.

The Bill was read the second time by 113 to 82 votes, but further progress is problematical.—Reuter.

### *1 LAKH SENT TO RAJEN BABU*

**On Friday the Three Papers Fund reached the total of**

**Rs. 1,08,500**

**The tenth instalment of Rs. 10,000 was sent to Rajen Babu Yesterday, making the total Amount sent so far 1 Lakh.**

### *SHERIFF'S MEETING FOR A. R. IYENGAR*

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

**It has been decided to hold a Sheriff's meeting on 19th Feb. at the Gokhale Hall, Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Iyer presiding, to condole the death of Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu."—A. P.**

### *NOTES OF DISSENT*

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

The Select Committee on the States' Protection Bill have concluded their work this afternoon.

The report of the Committee, it is understood, will be signed on Tuesday February 13.

Notes of dissent are expected from the prominent opposition members of the Committee.—United Press.

### *SMALL MERCIES*

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

The Assembly Select Committee on the State Protection Bill concluded discussion this afternoon.

It is understood that the clause relating to press provisions has undergone some alteration with the object of protecting mere narration of events relating to the State administration.

The report of the Committee has not yet been drafted.—A. P.

# TABULATED ADLETS
## 1 Anna Per Word.
## Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 3. LOST AND FOUND.

**Lost**, Thurs. 8th, between Greens and Crawford Market, whilst shopping, a Bracelet, composed of Peruvian gold coins and small diamonds mounted in platinum forming a Chinese design. Finder will be handsomely rewarded. Communicate: Mrs. Y. A. Currimbhoy, Kittoo Lodge, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay. (1975).

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted—a B.P.N.A. trained**, qualified, and experienced nurse. Apply to Chief Medical Officer, Labour Hospital, Gheekanta, Ahmedabad. (7952).

**Wanted a typist with good hand**writing, apply in own handwriting with copies of certificates stating lowest salary to Box No. 1969, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Unemployment No More.—Here is** a big pay job for every one without exception. Apply with two pice stamp. Unemployment Works P.O. Box 116, Delhi. (1936).

**Wanted All To Learn Complete** Touch Typewriting, Rs. 7. Shorthand Rs. 15. Standard Typewriter Co., Opposite Petit Library.

**Wanted—One Assistant Spinning** and Weaving Master for Bombay. Salary 150. State age, Experience, Box No. 1949, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted—Youngmen to join the** Northern India Institute of Photography and Motion Picture Industry—Rawalpindi—Tutorial staff with high foreign qualification. Apply for free prospectus to: The Northern India Theatres, Ltd., Rawalpindi. (1943).

**Wanted a qualified Graduate** with a degree in medicine of a good University and of at least five years' practice as a Physician after graduation as a full time factory doctor for Bihar Sugar Works in Pachrukhi. Salary Rs. 125—10—175. Apply to: The Industrial Corporation Ltd., Post Box 28, Ahmedabad. (7947).

### 12. TO BE LET.

**Charming** sea-view. All sides open. 7 room-flat. Suitable for Europeans or Parsees. Convenient Bus service. Rent Rs. 250. Bridge Road, Phone 43045, R. A. Desai, 40 Ridge Road. (1975).

**Mahim Mori Road Bungalow** —Ground Floor, big hall, two rooms, kitchen, verandah. Near sea. Cheap rent. Ask Shastri. (1965).

**To Be Let—Bungalow St. Vincents** at Ridge Road, excellent situation. Apply Gordhandas Bhugwandas Narotamdas, "Kapole Niwas Office," Sandhurst Road, between 7 and 8 P.M. (1950).

### 13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

**Space Available for Flash Light** Advertisements also Shops and Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank, opposite Fire Brigade. Apply to Purshottam Govindjee, 62-66, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23518. (1917).

### 14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

**For Vegetarian Hindus, One big** flat of 4 bedrooms in Gilbert Building, Opposite Babulnath Temple Apply top floor. (1956).

### 16. APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Parsi lady will let rooms in quiet** commodious villa, Malabar Hill, near Bus-stand, with or without board, to lady students, business girls or married couple of any community. Apply Box No. 1930, "Bombay Chronicle".

### 27. HOTELS.

**Dinners and refreshment supplied** and served. Charges moderate. Wholesome food. Ramakrishna Hindu Hotel 27, Medows Street, Fort. (1911).

### 31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

**For Sale—Three Sunbeam cars** lately used by H. E. Sir Frederick Sykes; 1928 models—(a) Six cylinder seven seater Landaulette 25 H.P., (b) Six cylinder seven seater Landaulette 20 H.P. and (c) Six cylinder touring models 20 H.P. Apply to the Executive Engineer Presidency, P.W.D. Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. (7948).

### 44. MEDICAL.

**Scientific Birth Control** at one rupee per month. Consult: Right Agency, 13, New Bhatwadi, Bombay 4. (1973).

**Skinboone Lotion cures promptly** Hongkong Foot, Weeping eczema, Ringworm, Dhobie's itch, Barber's itch, Blisters on fingers, toes, etc. Won't stain clothes. At Kemp and Co., Akberally, Popular Pharmacy, Ferry and Co., Monji Vishram, Thomson and Taylor, etc., (7796).

### 53. DENTISTS.

**Pyorrhoea—Get rid of your gum** diseases and Pyorrhoea. Stop unnecessary extractions by consulting Dr. Jehangir Nariman, Dentist, (Specialist in gum diseases). Many testimonials. Pyorrhoea Clinic, Opposite Charni Road Tram Junction, Grant Road. Hours 9 to 7, Sundays 9 to 12 (7703).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**Tuitions given by fully trained** and experienced teacher to Cambridge and Matriculation candidates. Apply Box No. 1968, "Bombay Chronicle".

### 70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

**For Sale, Five Pacca Buildings** in Dhamtari, Raipur, District C. P. Four in the interior and one on main Sadar Road. Apply for particulars to: J. A. Kridatt, Dhamtari, C. P. (1959).

### 73. AGENTS WANTED.

**Wanted a few more influential** agents for selling our teas in unrepresented areas. Salary Rs. 250/- plus 20 per cent. commission. Apply:—Anglo-Burma Tea Company, Post Box 6, Madras. (1947)

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**Mirror of the Fate—The Secrets:** Past, Present, Future Hopes, Business, Love, Health, Magic is told satisfactorily. S.D. Rawal, Excelsior Hotel, opp. Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, Carnac Rd., Bombay 2. (1964)

### 74. AGENCIES WANTED

**Well experienced businessman** leaving for Europe, can arrange agencies, settle disputes to advantage. Secrecy faithfully observed. Write No. 1977, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Applications are invited from** persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, The "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

### 76. TRADE FORECASTS.

**Earn 63 on investment of Re. 1** New York Cotton Opening, Closing double charges. Rs. 5 refund if fails. Call 10 to 6, Kohinoor Cotton Office, Albless Building, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort. (1972)

### 111. SHOPKEEPERS.

**Wanted—Wholesale Purchasers** of camp cots and foot-rules we manufacture Standard Furniture Co. Ltd., Kallai (Malabar). (7419).

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**For Sale, Rare Opportunity**, a plot 2,800 square yards, Ville Parle, frontage Ghod Bunder Road, and Juhu Seas, back near entrance Juhu Aerodrome. Apply Box No. 1934, "Bombay Chronicle".

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per column inch Per insertion |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion .. | Rs. 7-8-0 |
| 2nd Insertion .. | Rs. 5-8-0 |
| 3rd Insertion .. | Rs. 4-8-0 |
| 4th and Subsequent Insertions .. | Rs. 3-8-0 |

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

## NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Petrol in bulk to the Municipal Pump, during the year 1934—1935 ending 31st March, 1935, so as to reach the undersigned on or before SATURDAY, the 3rd March, 193., at 4 p.m. The tenders, should be accompanied with Rs. 50 as earnest money without which no tender will be considered.

The Copy of the specification, and tender form can be had from the Store Keeper on application on payment of Re. 1. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept any or the lowest tender.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer.
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Store Office,
Dated 5-2-1934.
7946.

## NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of liquid Chlorine required by the Municipality during the year 1934-35, are invited so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 20th February 1934.

Each Tender must be accompanied by Rs. 50 as earnest money without which no tender will be considered.

Further particulars and specifications can be had from the Municipal Engineer's Office.

(Sd.) TRIBHOVANDAS S. THAKER.
Chief Officer.
Surat Borough Municipality,
SURAT.
Municipal Office, SURAT.
Date 5-2-34. 7944

## Legal Notices

## IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

1. No. 1075 of 1925 Re: Chaturbhuj Deokaran—a firm.
2. „ 98 of 1930 „ John Mathew Sayce.
3. „ 171 of 1930 „ Vernon Arnold Von Geyer.
4. „ 227 of 1930 „ Lindsay Emmanuel Monsurate
5. „ 257 of 1930 „ Devapelli Phillips.
6. „ 334 of 1930 „ George Bolton.
7. „ 397 of 1930 „ Wilfred Herbert Vigers.
8. „ 123 of 1929 „ Martin Ignatius.
9. „ 1032 of 1929 „ Manilal Itcharam Desai.
10. „ 99 of 1930 „ Abba Naru Kurle & Anr. traded as Vishnu Aba.
11. „ 131 of 1930 „ Rustomji Jamasji Lala.
12. „ 163 of 1930 „ Ardeshir Pallonji Dalal.
13. „ 241 of 1930 „ Joseph Shujauddin Shabazkhan.
14. „ 325 of 1930 „ Chintaman alias Bapoo Vithal Joshi.
15. „ 333 of 1930 „ Jugannath Lakshman Paralkar.
16. „ 488 of 1930 „ Lionel Bertram Wilson.
17. „ 497 of 1930 „ Harold Hamilton.
18. „ 223 of 1931 „ Uttamchand Hushiarmal traded as Joharmal Uttamchand.
19. „ 313 of 1929 „ Surji Khetsey & Anr. traded as Messrs. Mulji Surji.
20. „ 435 of 1929 „ Alexander James Waller.
21. „ 447 of 1929 „ Damodar Nusserwanji & Co.,—a firm.
22. „ 927 of 1929 „ William Stanislaus Hutton.
23. „ 440 of 1930 „ Anandrao Ramchandra Kadbet alias K. Anandrao.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is intended to declare a first dividend in estates Nos. (1) to (7), a first and final dividend in Estates Nos. (8) to (18), a second and final dividend in Estates Nos. (19) to (22) and to make a preferential distribution amongst the preferential creditors in Estate No. (23).

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within a fortnight from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the abovenamed estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned Estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within a fortnight from the date hereof. On the expiry of the said period, the assets in the above Estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognized.

Bombay, this 2nd day of February, 1934.

P. B. MALABARI,
Official Assignee of Bombay.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
7912

## NOTICE.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.**

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

**Suit No. 1696 of 1933.**

R. K. MOTISHAW, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a member of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .. Plaintiff.

versus

(1) K.R.P. SHROFF, (2) RAJENDRA SOMNARAYAN, (3) CHUNILAL DEVKARAN NANJI, (4) AMRITLAL KALIDAS, (5) JAMNADAS MORARJI, (6) P.M. MADON, (7) K. B. VAKIL, (8) JAMNADAS MATHURADAS BAXI, (9) N. V KHANDWALLA, (10) ALLIMAHOMED GULAMHUSSEIN, (11) ARDESHIR FRAMJI DORDI, (12) JIWATLAL PRATAPSHI, (13) R.E.M. PATEL, (14) JAMNADAS KHUSALDAS, (15) JUGMOHANDAS J. KAPADIA and (16) MOTILAL BAWALAL as Members of the Board of Directors of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association and also for and on behalf of themselves and all other members of the said Association excepting the Plaintiff ..... Defendants

To,

The MEMBERS OF THE NATIVE SHARE & STOCK BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia, on the 7th day of November, 1933. NOTICE is hereby given under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure to all the Members of the Native Share & Stock Brokers' Association that the Plaintiff, abovenamed, has instituted the above suit against the Defendants abovenamed, who are members of the Board of Directors of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association as such members and also for and on behalf of themselves and all other members of the said Association, excepting the Plaintiff praying for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association being Exs. A, B, C and E to the Plaint are ultra vires and not binding on the Plaintiff and other members of the said Association.

(b) That it may be declared that the resolutions passed by the said Association at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 28th day of October, 1933, being Ex. D to the Plaint are ultra vires, and not binding on the plaintiff and other members of the said Association

(b1) That it may be declared that the payment of the said sum of Rs. 2,13,657-8-0 is ultra vires, and not binding on the Plaintiff and the other members of the said Association.

(c) That it may be declared that the Plaintiff was entitled to deliver the 16 shares of the Indore Malwa Mills and 25 shares of the Ebrahimbhoy Pubani Mills to the respective buyers thereof through the Clearing House.

(d) That the Defendants may be directed by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court to issue instructions to the said Clearing House to accept the said shares for delivery to the respective buyers in accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the said Association.

(d1) That the Defendants may be ordered to pay to the said Association, the said sum of Rs. 2,13,657-8-0 with interest thereon at nine per cent. per annum from the 10th day of November, 1933, till payment.

(e) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit, the Defendants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from acting on the said resolutions being Exs. A, B, C, D and E to the Plaint.

(f) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the Defendants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from declaring the Plaintiff a defaulter or suspending or expelling him from the membership of the said Association or inflicting a fine on him by reason of the premises mentioned in the Plaint.

(g) That the Defendants may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rs. 4,470 or such other sum or sums of moneys, as to this Hon'ble Court may seem fit for damages for wrongfully preventing the Plaintiff from delivering the said shares to the respective buyers through the Clearing House.

(h) For such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require, and

(i) For costs of this suit.

And that the hearing of the suit is fixed for the 12th day of March, 1934.

Dated this 6th day of Febry. 1934.

(Sd.) R.B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
7938.

## Public Notices

## NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Lubricating oils, grease cylinder and engine oils, petrol, etc. required by the Municipality during the year 1934-35 are invited so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 20th February, 1934.

Each Tender must be accompanied by Rs. 100 as deposit without which no tender will be accepted.

Further particulars and specifications can be had from the Municipal Engineer's Office.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

(Sd.) TRIBHOVANDAS S. THAKER,
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality
SURAT.
Municipal Office, SURAT.
Date 5-2-34
7945

**BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION**

III.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Notices have been given under Section 36 (n) of the Municipal Act, for motions to the following effect being placed before the Corporation when the Budget Estimates for the year 1934-35, are discussed:—

1-2. By Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—(1) For reducing by Rs. 4,75,000 the provision made in the Revised Estimates of expenditure for 1933-34 for Debt Charges; and (2) for transferring to the Loan Proceeds for the year 1933-34, a sum of Rs. 4,75,000 from the Net Premia Fund.

3. By Mr. M. A. Karanjawala—For reducing by 10 per cent the provisions made in the Budget Estimate 'B' under Contingencies Repairs, Maintenance, etc.

4. By Mr. Rajaram K. Vaidya—For making a provision of Rs. 22,000 in the Loan Works Budget Estimates for the work of taking exploratory borings in the Tansa Dam to ascertain the feasibility of raising its height.

5-7. By Dr. E. Moses (5-6) for deleting provisions made in Appendix VII for the purchase of (5) a Motor Chassis for Bai Jerbai Wadia Street Ambulance service and (6) new motor cars for the Secretary, Schools Committee, and the Executive Health Officer; and (7) For holding in abeyance certain posts in the City Engineer's Department.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor.

A. V. SABNIS,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office
Bombay, 9th February, 1934.
7950

## Legal Notices

**PART I.—FORMS PRESCRIBED BY THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.**

A.—FORMS OF PROCESS.

SUMMONS FOR FINAL DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(Order V. rules 1 and 5 of the Code of Civil Procedure)

IN THE COURT OF THE SUB-JUDGE, 1st CLASS BEAWAR.
Suit No. 79 of 1933.

GHISU LAL, s/o Ram Narain self and guardian Sri Gopal, s/o Mool Chand, minor nephew, self resident of Nayanager. .. Plaintiff.

(Against)

ALLAHANOOR, s/o Mohamed Qasim of Nayanager at present at Ahmedabad ..... Defendant.

Address:—Saharanpur gate, Rajpur Gonilipur Lohar, Lamgar Mill, Allahanoor Lakhri Khi Tal.

Whereas the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 1,285|11.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on the 19th day of March, 1934, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence, and all the documents on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before-mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 6th day of February, 1934.

.....
SUB-JUDGE, 1ST CLASS,
Beawar.
(1970)

## Legal Notices

## NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSTOMJI NUSSERWANJI KERAWALLA, of Bombay has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 116-120, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at and being on plot No. 757 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipality (Improvements) in the City Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 778 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1223 (part) Cadastral Survey No. 567|10, Matunga Division and bounded on the North East by plot No. 758 of the said estate leased to the Vendor, on the South East by a Road 26 feet in width on the South West by plots No. 756 and 763 of the said estate leased to Megha Shankar and on the North West by plot No. 762 of the said estate leased to Bai Aimai widow of Rustomji Jamasji Mistry, and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 6501(2) and Street No. 685 B Niagam Road.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1934.

DALLAS & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
7949

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.**

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE, V. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for—Probate of the Last Will and Testament of Bai Zaverbai alias Jhaverbai widow of Sheth Bhagwandas Narotamdas late of Bombay Bania Hindu Inhabitant resided at Ridge Road outside the Fort. .... Deceased.

(1.) GORDHANDAS BHAGWANDAS NAROTAMDAS, (2.) Sir JUGMOHANDAS VARJIVANDAS Kt., (3.) DHARAMDAS VITHALDAS and (4.) HIRALAL MOTIRAM MEHTA, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, respectively, residing at Gamdevi, Nepeansea Road, Charni Road and Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, the first 3 Petitioners being landed Proprietors and the last an Attorney of this Honourable Court, the executors named in the Last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed. Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Ninth day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the twenty-fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

The 9th day of February 1934.
Messrs. HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
7951

**Income Tax & Super Tax**
Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
Telephone No. 22997.
B. L. THOSAR,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,
495-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

# CITY & SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

Hindu:—Magh Vad 11, 1990.
Muslim:—Shavval 25, 1352.
Parsi:—Shehrevar 7, 1303.
Sunrise:—7h. 10m.
Sunset:—6h. 36m.
Hightide:—7.42, 21.52.
Lowtide:—2.46 14.20.

Public Meeting to express sorrow at the death of the late Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of "The Hindu," 6 p.m., (S.T.) Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall.

BOMBAY INTERNATIONAL FELLOWSHIP:—The Annual Retreat of the Bombay International Fellowship fixed to be held at Versova (Saturday), and Sunday and Monday, has been cancelled.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE:—The fifth lecture in the "Bombay Looks Ahead" series will be given to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) by Miss M. K. Davis, of the Children's Aid Society, who will speak on "Bombay and its children."

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION:—Under the auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation, Shri Keskar Maharaj of Panchgani, will give the following lectures:—

Saturday: at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Subject:—"Masters of Wisdom." Sunday, at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) "Questions and answers Meeting." Monday, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Subject:—"Laws of Life on two Planes."

SRI RAMANUJA SABHA:—The monthly Thirunakshathiram of Sri Manavala Mamunigal will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) between 8 and 10 p.m. at Room No 11, Nanji Ladha Building, Matunga, G.I.P. Ry.

FOR BOMBAY LISTENERS-IN: From to-day (Saturday), the wavelength of the Bombay Station is changed from 357.1 meters to 350.9 meters and 855 kilocycles. Listeners are requested to tune their sets accordingly.

THE MYSORE ASSOCIATION:—Under the auspices of the Association there will be a Concert by Sreemati Udan Lakshmibai today (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Byramji Jeejibhoy Hall Matunga.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF SHIPPING KNOWLEDGE:—The fourth annual general meeting of the Society for the Promotion of Shipping Knowledge will be held at 2-30 p.m. today (Saturday) at Sudama House, Ballard Estate.

PRESIDENCY SOCIAL REFORM ASSOCIATION:—Under the auspices of the Association a public meeting will be held in the Prarthana Samaj Hall to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Manekbai H. Vakil, will deliver a lecture on 'Woman's Freedom.' Mrs. Hansa Mehta, will preside.

KERALEEYA SAMAJ:—The prize distribution ceremony of the B.K.S. open Badminton tournament will be held in the court of C. M S. Compound Proctor Road near Grant Road Bridge to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.), when Mr. R. George Jacob of the Imperial Customs Service will preside and Mrs. Jacob will distribute the prizes.

SHREE SAMARTH VYAYAM MANDIR DADAR:—In aid of the building fund of the above Mandir the Students of the Mandir will give an Athletic Performance to-day (Saturday) at 4 pmp in Victoria Theatre, Grant Road under the Presidentship of Dr. M C Javle the Mayor of Bombay.

INDIAN LEAGUE OF NATIONS UNION:—The ordinary monthly meeting of the Union will be held to-day (Saturday), at 5-30 p.m. at the Office of the League of Nations, Improvement Trust Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, when Mr. M. C Chagla will speak on "The Philosophy of Pacifism." Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Jr.) will be in the chair.

KARACHI METEOROLOGIST:—The India Meteorological Department has issued the following circular from Poona:—"The telegraphic address of Meteorologist, Karachi will be "Weather, Karachi" instead of "Meteorologist, Karachi" with effect from 1st January 1934."

CYCLE PARADE:—The Cycle Parade of the Bombay Boy Scouts (Local) Association will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday). The Cyclists will meet at the Scout Hut at 3-30 p.m. to-day. The Parade starting from the Scout Hut will go to the Santa Cruz Scout Camping Grounds via Princess Street, Queens Road, Opera House, Hughes Road, Warden Road, Hornby Vellard, Cadell Road, Ghodounder Road, and Santa Cruz Station.

DANCE AT BANDRA:—The Columbus Boys Gala Carnival Dance will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Bandra Town Hall at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) Bombay's leading Band the "Midnight Merry-Makers" will be in attendance.

Fox-Trot competition (Cup) and other handsome prizes will be given.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC:—Mr. Laszlo Schwartz the well-known Hungarian Violinist, Composer, Humorist and Caricaturist, will give a variety programme to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. in the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane Girgaum.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The N.Y. K. Steamer "Heinan Maru" left Kobe for Bombay on the 7th February and is expected to arrive here on or about the 8th March.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Yoneyama Maru" left Singapore on February 8 and is due to arrive in Bombay on February 20 via Colombo.

## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR"—"Foolight Parade" Daily at 6-30 a.m. and 10 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Sulochana or Temp. Bells."
Time as usual.
REGAL—"Prize fighter and the Lady" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 pm.
CAPITOL—"Karma" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday Sunday at 4 pm.
CARLTON—"Balaclava" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 pm.
PATHE—"The Vagabond King" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 pm, Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Broadway Thru A Keyhole" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3-30 pm.
West End—"Veer Babruvahan" Time as Usual.
GLOBE—"Puran Bhakta" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 pm.
ROXY—"Just Smith" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 pm.
SUPER TALKIES—"Merchant of Arabia" Daily at 5, 8-15, and 10-45 pm, Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 pm.
PALACE—"Hit the Deck" Daily at 6-30 and 10 pm Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 pm.
KRISHNA—"Veerangna Panna" Time as Usual.
MINERVA—"Veena- Veli" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 pm. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 pm.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

7 a.m. Time Signal and Commercial Bulletin, 12 noon Indian music. 12-30 p.m. European music. 1 p.m. Market opening rates and close down.
4-30 p.m. Children's corner, 5 p.m. Uncle Dick will entertain. 5-30 p.m. Music from Regal Cinema. 6-30 p.m. (Interval). 7 p.m. H. J. W. Miller at the organ of St. Thomas' Cathedral 7-30 p.m. Market prices. 7-45 p.m. Empire Relay. 9 p.m. News, weather and cotton rates. 9-20 p.m. Bai Sunderabai with Majid Khan in popular Indian songs. Close down 11 p.m.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements.
7-50 p.m. Gloucestershire Gossip told by Phyllis Smale.
8-45 p.m. Dance music.
9-10 p.m. Ireland vs. England: A half-time summary, followed by a running commentary on the second half of the International Rugby Football Match.
10-00 p.m. Bernard Crook Quintet.
10-30 p.m. News Bulletin and Announcements.
10-50 p.m. Foreign Affairs, a talk by Mr. Vernon Bartlett.
11-05 p.m. B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per S.S. "Tango Maru," will be accepted at the General Post Office up to 2.30 p.m. on Saturday the 10th instant instead of at 10-30 a.m. as previously advertised.
Mails from Australia Via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday the 11th inst.

## Hagenbeck's Circus

PERFORMANCES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The first show for School Children which took place on Thursday morning at 9-40 a.m proved a tremendous success.

Bookings for his show with full programme at the preferential rate of 9 annas have been so heavy that four further shows had to be arranged of which the last ones will take place on Wednesday (14th) and Thursday (15th) at 9-40 a.m and also one on Monday (12th) at 10 a.m in conjunction with the special public performance when half the Circus will be reserved for school children.

As the shows on Wednesday and Thursday are already booked to capacity, Principals and teachers are requested to apply for reservations for the Monday morning show as early as possible, under phone Nos. 25330 and 26817.

Seth Purushottamdas Harkisondas, one of the prominent Bombay Cotton merchants and Rajnikant Purushottamdas left for Europe by S. S. "Victoria."

## LATE MR. A. R. IYENGAR

### Condolence Meeting To-day At Marwadi Vidyalaya

Under the joint auspices of the Journalists' Association of India and the Press-Owners' Association, a public meeting will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall at 6 p. m. (S. T. to-day (Saturday) to express sorrow at the death of the late Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu."

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside Among the speakers will be Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Messrs K. Natarajan, Bhulabhai J. Desai, K. F. Nariman, K. M. Munshi, B. G. Horniman, S. A. Brelvi and Dhirajlal Modti

## BOMBAY ARYA SAMAJ CELEBRATIONS

The 59th anniversary celebrations of the Bombay Arya Samaj will be held at the pandal erected on the grounds of Seth Vinodiram Balchand, near Mhatre's Studio, Chaupati, Bombay. The celebrations began on Friday (9th inst.) and will last till Tuesday (13th inst.).

Morning discourses wil be given from 8-30 a m to 11 a m in Arya Samaj Mandir, Kakadwadi, and evening session will begin at 3 p m and will be over at 8 p m in the pandal near Chaupati.

The full Programme is as under:

Social Reform Conference—From 3-30 p m on Saturday (10th inst.). President—Diwan Bahadur Krishnalal Mohanlal Zaveri.

Anti-untoucabilitiy Conference—From 3-30 p m on Sunday (11th inst.). President—Bhulabhai J. Desai, Advocate.

Religious dicussion in Question and Auswer form—From 2-30 p m to 3-30 p m on Monday (12th inst.)

Anti-Communal Representation Conference—From 3-30 p m on Monday (12th inst.). President—Jamnadas Mehta. Athletic feats will be shown by the gymnasts of the Samaj Gymnasium on the conclusion of the Conference.

Arya Mahila Conference—From 2-30 p m on Tuesday (13th inst.).

LAW COLLEGE SOCIAL GATHERING.—A social gathering of the Law College will be held on Wednesday at 5-30 p m at Sir Cowasjee Jeangir Hall, when Mr. M. R. Jayakar will preside. The expenses of the gathering will be reduced as far as possible and the surplus contribution will be appropriated to alleviate the sufferings of the earthquake victims of Bihar and Orissa. The programme wil consist of various items of Music, Farce, Garba dances, etc. Those interested are requested to contribute their quota to make the programme successful.

## H. O. H. FETE ATTRACTIONS

A large number of attractions have been provided for in the Garden Village Section of H. O. H. Fete, at Esplanade Maidan, Bombay.

GARDEN VILLAGE STAMPS

Special stamp books artistically designed are being sold in good numbers in this Section and can be had on the Garden Village grounds daily. Arrangements are also being made to keep them for sale at different Post Offices and other prominent shops.

MAN WITH X-RAY EYES

There is the wonderful performance of Duke the Man with X-Ray Eyes who can see through any bandage and performs wonderful psychic feats which are difficult for science to explain.

MOVING MODELS OF ARTS

Another attraction is the Moving Models of Art which talk, dance and perform all feats like living men They are all products of Indian labour.

INDIAN GURBA DANCE

Special arrangements of Indian Dance is made in Garden Village which is open to the public free on Monday eveing.

## CURIOUS SEQUEL TO FUNERAL

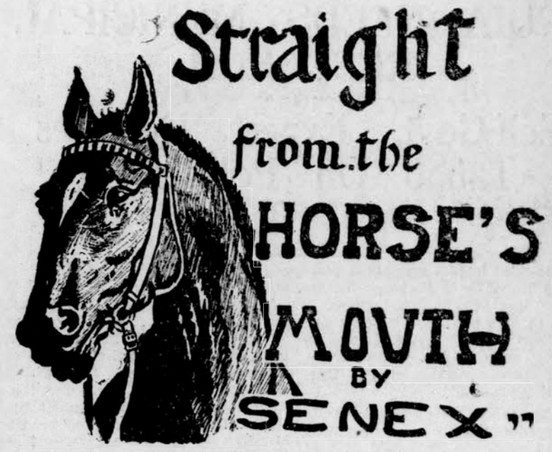
A curious story of alleged assault over the disputed right of a stranger to serve refreshments to the mourners after the funeral procession, in which one Bikku Ram was put up as the accused came up before Mr. N. T. Jungalwala, Magistrate, Dadar Police Court on Friday.

According to the complainant after the funeral ceremony was over at Tank Bunder, and the dead body disposed of, refreshments were served to the mourners, in which Bikku Ram was deemed a stranger. After this was duly brought to his notice by Babu D. Dalvi, the complainant in the case, the latter was belaboured with a bamboo stick by the former outside the ground, whereupon the injured was taken to the K. E. M. Hospital.

The accused was ordered by the Magistrate to be remanded into custody till Wednesday next.

### Jailed For Defying Police Chief's Order

Amery, a deportee who had been ordered by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, not to enter the municipal limits of the city for a period of 2 years, was sentenced on Friday by I N Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to suffer 4 fonths' R. I. for defying the Commissioner's order.




The following are the selections for the Third Day of the Big Meetings to be held on Saturday:—

### 1st RACE.

DANGER ..... 1
WAZIR PASHA ..... 2
IRAQ GIFF ..... 3

### 2nd RACE.

CARTOON ..... 1
KNIGHT AT ARMS ..... 2
DAFTRUM ..... 3

### 3rd RACE.

QUEEN SINGER ..... 1
BURGESS ..... 2
GOOLAB ..... 3

### 4th RACE.

MARTIN PLACE ..... 1
ZARANE ..... 2
TURLOGH ..... 3

### 5th RACE.

BOY BACHELOR ..... 1
RARE WINE ..... 2
INSOMNIA ..... 3

### 6th RACE.

GALUMPH ..... 1
MYRON ..... 2
BONNE TETE ..... 3

### 7th RACE.

PRIVATE SEAL ..... 1
SPINNER'S COTTAGE .. 2
COMPLET ..... 3

### 8th RACE.

TEL ASUR ..... 1
GOOLASH ..... 2
EL DRAQUE ..... 3

### 9th RACE.

QUARRY ..... 1
ORIENT ..... 2
FIERY FACE ..... 3


THE REGAL
The Theatre Magnificent
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW & MONDAY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Other Days Daily at 6-30 & 10 P.M. PLANS OPEN.

THE PICTURE OF THE YEAR!
A thrilling new "IT" man—a great love story and a marvelous championship fight!
The PRIZEFIGHTER AND THE LADY
Myrna LOY Max BAER
Primo CARNERA
Jack DEMPSEY

PLEASE BE IN TIME IN YOUR SEATS AS THE PICTURE BEING OF UNUSUAL LENGTH, ONLY THE NEWS-REEL PRECEDES IT. BOOK RIGHT NOW.

PATHE
THE FINEST CINEMA IN BOMBAY
TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Sunday Morning 10 a.m.

THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House
TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW and MONDAY
AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
OTHER DAYS AT 6-30 and 10 P.M.

BOOKING NOW ON
FREE LIST STOPPED.

The First Indian Talkie with English Dialogue
"KARMA" THAT SET ALL LONDON TALKING!
OF WHICH H. E. THE VICEROY ORDERED A COMMAND DISPLAY
STARRING THE BEAUTIFUL DEVIKA RANI

Miss DEVIKA RANI will make a personal appearance at the 10 p.m. show to-night which will be honoured by the distinguished presence of H. E. THE GOVERNOR & LADY BRABOURNE

# INDIA NEEDS MUNICIPAL RESEARCH

## Self-Govt. Expert Deplores Taboo On Politics In Local Bodies

The final lecture on "Local Self-Government in Western Countries" was delivered at the C. J. Hall at 5-45 p.m. by Mr. Montagu Harris, O.B.E., Bar-at-Law, on Friday evening. Mr. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the University, presided.

"The extension of local self-government," said the speaker, "is an ideal to be aimed at and it is of value only if it tends to ensure the happiness and prosperity of the populations concerned, if it carries without efficiency, administration without which it is honesty, justice and economy in but a snare and a delusion.

BEST COURSE.

As regards efficiency, the best course was to choose the best man who possessed the required qualifications and this could be done by a Committee or some superior official. The training of administrative officials in the University or elsewhere was a very wise move, but the lecturer opined that examinations were not the best test for office. The faculty for administration and organisation could not be taught in the class-room, but only by experience.

The usual practice in England, added Mr. Harris, was to elect a different person as a Mayor, in each borough, in each year, which meant that the position was merely that of a figure-head and not that of one who was capable of taking the lead in guiding the policy of the council. "To my mind, the period of service of a Mayor should at least be three years, and it would probably be best that the period should coincide with that for which the council itself is elected."

SUCCESS IN SWITZERLAND.

The lecturer also held that the possibility of development of local administration was, in most states, seriously hampered by the hide-bound state constitutions which seemed to be an unqualified evil, and Switzerland was, as far as could be gathered, the only place where there was all-round efficiency in local government, and this must have been particularly due to its general freedom from central control. The English principle of delegation of powers from larger to smaller authorities was a most valuable one, although it was lamentable to have a number of different authorities within the same area for a number of different local government purposes, especially if those authorities possessed independent taxing powers.

TOWN-PLANNING.

Referring to the question of town-planning Mr. Harris said that until 1392 in England, the local authorities exercised powers only in respect of schemes for town-planning in undeveloped lands. But the Act of 1932, gave the English local authorities of the Minister of Health, to powers, subject to the approval make town-planning schemes for areas already built upon, and the original scheme of town-planning was kept in view, and carried through, by the different town-councils in succession. City planning received much attention in the United States, and the recent improvement made in California had set an example to other countries.

HONESTY IN LOCAL GOVT.

Turning to the question of honesty in local governments the lecturer suggested that the councillor and the official should be made to feel not only that they would certainly suffer the penalties of the law, if they infringed it in any respect, but also that there was a recognised code of honour, any departure from which would merit the contempt of their followers. "If that spirit inspires the general public," added Mr. Harris," it will show itself in the actions of their representatives and servants and the local administration will be a success, whatever its form; but a community which is without such inspiration is not worthy of self-government and cannot expect its affair is to be rightly administered except by a benevolent despot."

PUBLIC INTERESTS.

Mr. Harris was of opinion that public interest in the proceedings of local councils was not only conducive, but essential, to the realisation of the principle of local self-government; and the public were to be informed by a competent Press. "But here there is a difficulty," said the speaker. "Either the matter is likely to be too dry and formal for general reading or only such matters are inserted as are of a sensational or at any rate a controversial character. The latter is particularly the case in America, where it is usual for local reporters to have offices provided for them in the City Hall and get to warm themselves, not supplying a correct account of the council proceedings, but to working out something which will lend itself to scaring headlines often distinctly hampering the work of the authority. (Laughter).

PARTY SYSTEM.

Mr. Harris continued that it was a misfortune that a municipal councillor should be elected or deputed on the grounds of his adherence to any party system and that politics should be debarred from the Councils. He desired, however, that the League of Municipalities should be in close touch, or in the premises of the Universities, so as to facilitate municipal research. By way of an illustration, Mr. Harris cited the University of Minnesota. The lecturer concluded by recommending to the Indian local authorities to make a move in favour of municipal research by means of co-operation with one another, and to include, wherever necessary, training institutions for educating the public in these matters so as to bring about a true conception and appreciation of citizenship which he believed to be the soundest foundation for the happiness and contentment of a nation.

PRESIDENT DEPLORES.

The President, agreeing with the lecturer on the principle of party system, said that his difficulty was how it could be possible to avoid group feeling in a democratic nation "Group system," said Mr. Chandavarkar, "is not an evil if it is not taken to extremes. As regards politics, added the Vice-Chancellor, in a country like India national questions could not be ignored even if we wish them to be so. The President also deplored the fact that the best brains of India were attacked by Legislative Councils to the neglect of the local ones, and said that most men overlooked the fact that local self-government was the foundation of all governments.

With a vote of thanks to the lecturer the meeting terminated.

# STOP PRESS

MOTOR SMASH.

LUCKNOW, Feb. 9.

Captain William Henry Ticehurst, Chief Clerk to the G O C., Meerut District, was killed in a motor smash near Kichha on the Naini Tal-Bareilly Road last night, according to the Bareilly corresponden t of 'The Pioneer.' —A. P.

CAMBRIDGE BY ELECTION.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

The Cambridge by-election caused by the elevation to peerage of Sir Douglas Newton (National Conservative) resulted as follows:— R. L. Tufnell 14896; Labour, Alexander Wood 12176 Liberal, Dugald Macfayden 2023 (unchanged)—Reuter.

## LUTHER DOCTRINES ANNULLED

### New German Church Decree

BERLIN, Feb. 9.

The vital principles laid down by Martin Luther for the government of the German Protestant Church were abolished by three decrees issued by the Reichbishop Mueller, Primato, United Evangelical Church, which 'inter alia' abolish the offices of the President and vice-President of the Prussian Supreme Church Council leaving in Bishop Mueller the sole control of Church affairs. The decrees also provide that any minister of the Prussian Protestant Church can be transferred to any other parish contrary to the Lutheran practice, allowing congregations to call their own ministers, and any pastor may be retired on pension. This will enable Bishop Mueller to rid himelf of the opposition of pastors.—Reuter's Extra Special.

## TORY M. P. IN BOMBAY

Mr. H. Beaumont, M. P., (right) arrived by the Mail Boat and was received by the A. D. C. to the Governor of Bombay.

## PRIZE COMPETITION FOR PARSI COLLEGIANS

With reference toD the Senior and Junior Competitions announced last year, the following is the result:—

SENIOR COMPETITION

Subject of Essay: "How the Teachings of Zoroaster are rationally practical, esthetically beautiful and ethically perfect,"

The following four students have been zracketted together and each wil get a prize of Rs. 100:—

1. Miss Dhun Behramgore Anklesaria, Santacruz, Bombay, Elphinstone College; 2. Miss Tehemina C. Keravala, Grant Road, Bombay, St. Xavier College; 3. Hormuzdiyar P. Mirza, Frere Road Bombay, St. Xavier College; 4. Nozer Homji Hathidaru, West Street, Poona, Ferguson College.

The following also, passing first class, are entitled to Consolation prizes:—

1. Miss Parvez Sorabji Contractor, Apollo Bunder, Bombay; 2. Miss Gohar Ardeshir Songhadvala, Princess Street, Bombay; 3. Ratan Pirosha Desai, Dadar, Bombay; 4. Miss Mehera A. R. Narjman, Colaba, Bombay; 5. Behram S. Rustomji, Presidency Street, Karach.

JUNIOR COMPETITION

Subject of Essay:—"The Teachings of Zoroaster and its Effect on the formation of Parsi Character with historical refereces."

The following stduents will get a prize of Rs. 75 each:—

1. Miss Katie M. Gilder, Cumbala Hill, Bombay, St. Xavier College; 2. Miss Mani Khurshedcheher, Tardeo, Bombay; 3. Miss Jer Bharucha, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay; 4. Russi Cooper, Napier Road, Poona; 5. Nanabhai Shapurji Dhunjisha, Main Street, Poona.

The following alsi passing first class are entitled to Consolation prizes:—

1. Homi S. Madon, Dastur Road. Poona; 2. Miss Gool B. Pavri, Grant Road, Bombay, Elphinstone College; 3. Noshir S. Balsara, Harvey Road, Bombay; 4. F. K. Dadachanji, Parsi Colony, Dadar.

## INDO-PORTUGUESE TRADE:

(Continued from page 8).

at annas 2 per cent; Grey Nainsukh of an Indian Mill valued at Rs. 135|- weighs 5 mounds and at the Terminal Tax of annas 4 per maund works out as annas 14 per cent. Thus it is clear that cloth of Indian manufacture pays an ad valorem duty about 7 times more than on the foreign cloth. As this differentiation falls almost entirely upon the lower and middle classes it is all the more deplorable.

"Indian piecegoods require special preferential treatment, as this period of trade depression is due to a general fall in the commodity prices accompanied by a still greater fall in the purchasing power of the people."

An Appel.

In conclusion, it is necessary to stress the necessity of negotiating a trade arrangement on the basis indicated in this article and our commercial bodies ought to take up the question and exert in the direction of obtaining facilities for the Swadeshi market.

Such action cannot fail to bring about conditions favourable to all and to achieve, at the same time, a desirable condition of inter-provincial economic unity.

According to a New Delhi Press Communique:—Information has been received from Patna that no further supplies of Red Cross articles and Medical comforts are required. All stricken areas have been amply provided and there is sufficient stock on hand to meet future needs.

## CIVIC RECEPTION TO CRICKETERS

### Nayudu & Jardine Thank Madras Mayor

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

A civic reception was accorded this evening by the Mayor and Councillors of the Madras Corporation to the M.C.C. and the Indian Cricket Team which is here in connection with Third and Final test commencing tomorrow. After tea on the terrace of Ripon Buildings, Mr. W. W. Ladden, Mayor, spoke extending a hearty welcome to both teams.

Major C. K. Nayudu on behalf of the Indian Team expressed thanks for the reception accorded to them.

Mr. Jardine replying for his team said "You have done the M.C.C. team a signal honour by this public reception in Madras, which I believe, is the oldest British settlement in India."

NEW IDEA.

Continuing Mr. Jardine said: "In the course of our tour throughout India, we have had as good a time as any of us can hope for the rest of our life. Everywhere we were received with that hospitality which is the wonderful tradition of the East."

Referring to the Cricket Club of India, Mr. Jardine said that from his experience of 34 years, he would say one thing of that Club. It seemed to him to fill a great need in India. This Club, he believed, hoped to start from now Cricket based on a new distinction, the distinction being inter-provincial, whereas previously the tendency had been to play as Muslims, Hindus Parsis and Europeans.

The distinction was going to be:— The Punjab versus Bombay and Madras versus Bengal.. He wished the new idea the best of good luck and future prosperity. —A. P.

## PLAGUE IN RATNAGIRI

### Schools Closed For Fortnight

RATNAGIRI, Febry. 6. (By Mail).

All schools, including the Government High School will remain closed from to-morrow for a fort night owing to the plague epidemic.

It has been ascertained that the dead rats, which were sent for examination to the Haffkine Institute, were infected as such preventive measures are being strengthened.—A.P.

## CALCUTTA CORPORATION FACED WITH DEFICIT

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

A deficit of Rs. 7,27,000 is shown in the City's budget for the year 1934/35 presented by the Chief Executive Officer at this evening's meeting of the Corporation. —A.P.

## OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. M. Beaumont arrived at Government House on Friday.

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay received Sardar Shri Jaganath Maharaj Pandit at Government House.

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne visited the General Post Office and the Central Telegraph Office.

Lady Brabourne attended a Cinema Performance at the Excelsior Theatre in aid of the Hospital Fund.

His Excellency The Governor of Bombay dined with the Officers of the Auxiliary Force Uunits in Bombay at the Willingdon Sports Club.

## NEW YORK SHIVERS

### Hudson River Frozen From Bank To Bank

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

The 64 years' cold record has eclipsed New York. The thermometer registers 13½ degrees below zero.

Terrible suffering is caused among thousands of the destitute of the huddled in shelter. Long-distance trains are arriving much later than the usual timings. Underground Railways' mechanism is frozen up dislocating service.

The Hudson river is solid from shore to shore. Still worse conditions prevail in the States on East and Northern coasts owing to piercing winds. Even Virginia is suffering severely owing to cold nine degrees below zero.

Trans-Atlantic shipping is impeded and "Mauretania" arrived several hours late owing to blinding snow-storm.—Reuter's Extra Special.

## COLOUR DISCRIMINATION IN RELIEF

### Seamen Controversy In Cardiff

LONDON, Feb. 9.

The controversy has been going on in Cardiff for some weeks on the question as to whether the African and Indian seamen should receive the same scale of outrelief as the Britishers.

The Lord Mayor of Cardiff in an interview on February 3 stated the position at that time. It is learnt that the Indian Social Club has taken up the matter and addressed a letter to the Public Assistance Committee pointing out that it is incorrect that the lascars generally live on cereals, while those who are vegetarians find the cost of vegetarian dishes more expensive.

It is understood the letter has been acknowledged but a detailed reply is not yet received.—Reuter.

## INDIAN TEST TEAM

### Mushtaqali Replaces Nissar

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

It is announced that Mushtaqali will replace Nissar in the Indian Test Team, the latter being still too weak to play.—A.P.

## CEYLON XI TO MEET M. C. C.

COLOMBO, Feb. 9.

The following have been selected to represent Ceylon against the MCC in the three-day fixture to be played on 16th, 17th and 19th February:—

Dr C H Gunasekera (Captain), S S Jayewickrema, L D S Gunasekera, M K Albert, D B Gunasekera, E. Klaart, M. Kelaart, V C Schokman, F A Waldock, W T Brindley, B De Kretser.

Reserves:—D S Jayasundera, N S Joseph, J Pulle.

The selectors are regarded as having done their work well, as the side is well balanced, combining experience with youth.

Batting is strong down to number 10, but this has not been achieved by weakening the bowling.—A.P.

## LAHORE PAYS TRIBUTE TO A. R. IYENGAR

LAHORE, Feb. 9.

To celebrate the death anniversary of the late Pandit Motilal Nehru and mourn the death of the late Rangaswami Iyengar a public meeting was held at Lajpatrai Hall, Mrs. Ladhurani Zutshi presiding.

Speeches were made paying eloquent tributes to the memory of the late Pandit Motilal recounting his various qualities head and heart and services to the motherland.

Dr. Satyapal alluded the Punjab's deep debt of gratitude to Pandit Motilal for what he had done during the martial law regime when the Punjab was groaning under windmill of repression.

A resolution was also adopted all standing, expressing deep sense of loss at the death of Rangaswami Iyengar at this critical juncture, of the country's struggle for freedom.—United Press.

### A RESTAURANT KEEPER'S CONTRIBUTION.

The proprietor of the George Restaurant stores and bakery, situated in Patel Terrace, at the Junction of King Edward and Jerbai Wadia Road Poiwabdi, Parel Bombay, have offered the net profits of their sales on Sunday the 11th instant to Bihar Relief Fund.

BOMBAY WORKING CLASS PARTY.—A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Working Class Party will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. at the office of the Tramway Men's Union.

# WESTERN INDIA TENNIS TOURNAMENT

## Tew Eliminates Suntook In Men's Singles

Friday's play in the Western India Tennis Tournament was devoid of much interest. It was a case of the old stagers' weeding out their less experienced rivals in a merciful manner.

C Ramaswami, the ex-Cambridge Blue disposed of R M Gallagher with the loss of only two games in two sets. Even in the Men's Doubles the losers were eliminated without any opposition.

Miss M P Dubash who lost the first set to Mrs MacGee on Thursday, defeated her rival after a close call in the third set.

Saturday's programme should provide a higher standard of tennis.

The following are the results:

MEN'S SINGLES.

C Ramaswami beat R M Gallagher 6|1, 6|1.
J E Tew beat A C Suntook 6|0, 6|1.
C V Bhandarkar beat A T Kannan 6|2, 8|6.
A M D Pitt beat P P Adalja 6|1, 6|0.
A G Gupte beat V Stewart-Jacks 6|1, 6|0.
C Gonsalves beat C W Owen 6|3, 6|3.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Ranbir Singh and Capt Browne beat W B Schleiter and R G Schleiter 6|2, 6|2.
D D Sabnis (Snr) and M R Row beat F R Nariman and N D Sethna 6|2, 6|1.
N R Suwarna and W Wanarse beat J P Daver and S Babu Rao 6|1, 6|1.
G R Savur and M D Herebet beat I V Nanavati and J R Shah 6|1, 6|0.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Brooke-Edwards and Miss O Stebbing beat A P Phillips and Mrs R Johnstone 6|1, 6|1.
B C V Mehta and Mrs Kania beat O Sutton and Mrs A R Acott 6|3, 8|6.
C Ramaswami and Miss L Row W.O. K L Merchant and Miss L M Merchant.

WOMEN'S SINGLES.

Miss M P Dubash beat Mrs V J MacGee 0|6, 6|3, 7|5.

SATURDAY'S PROGRAMME.

Centre Court at 4 p.m.:
L Brook-Edwards vs W Wanarse followed by
E V Bobb vs Y R Sawar followed by
L Brook-Edwards and E V Bobb vs A M Khatau and R M Khatau.

Court No. 1 at 4 p.m.:
J Charanjiva vs R F S Talyarkhan followed by
J Charanjiva and C Ramaswami vs D L Laxmi and Shanker Rao. followed by
C Ramaswami and Miss L Row vs T W Brough and Mrs M E Stephens.

Court No. . at 4 p.m.:
B T Blake vs B C V Metha. followed by
Miss E Bon our vs Mrs K Row.

Court No, 5 at 4 p.m.:
P K S Chari vs D C Bachuwar followed by
Chief of Jath and C V Bhandarkar vs K M Merchant and G L Merchant.

Court No. 6 at 4 p.m.:
B B Desai vs Capt A E Browne followed by
R F Stroud and C W Owen vs H N Contractor and R F Vakharia.

To play on First Available Court:
J E Tew and Mrs W Bell vs N B Deane and Mrs H P Keary.

Gymkhana Compound (Court No. 6 at 4-15 p.m.):
S K Nathani and W N Cleur vs K Padam and K Sehsadri. followed by
Major Cay and H V Hampton vs D Fereira and E Pereira.

# EMPIRE SHOOTING MATCH BY POST

## Proposed Scheme Helps To Keep Inter-Country Rivalry Alive

LONDON. (By Air Mail.)

A "postal" shooting match open to teams of eight in the Crown Colonies, Protectorates and other remote parts of the Empire has been arranged by the National Rifle Association.

Major C. Etches, Secretary of the association, explained that the attendance of overseas teams from the Dominions and other parts of the Empire at Bisley in recent years had been most encouraging.

Since 1926 eighty-two teams from twenty different countries had visited Bisley each July to compete with the Mother Country, or with one another. for the Senior and Junior Kolapore Cups.

But the expenses of sending teams from such remote places as the Falkland Islands. Trinidad, Ceylon ant Hong Kong were very heavy, and made it impossible to hope for annual visits from everyone. The proposed match would help to keep inter-country rivalry alive, and might lead to an tven wider representation of overseas teams at Bisley.

The conditions of the match are similar to those of the "Morning Post" (Junior Kolapore) match. namely ten shots each at 300, 500 and 600 yards.

The match may be fired. under official supervision, on any day between January 1 and December 31 and on any range in the competing country—the certified results to be sent to the N R A at Bisley for adjudication.

A challenge cup and medals will be awarded to the winning teams.

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVAL.

February 9.

Jaladuta, Williams, Rangoon.
Hatarana, Brewer, Rangoon.
Cty of Johannesburg Beos, New York.
Chitral, Seggers, London.

DEPARTURES.

February 9.

Chitral, Seggiers, Kobe.
Vasna, Rowe, Busrah.
President Adams, Baner, New York.
India, Lange, Java.
Rheinfels, Ticoka, Karachi.
Corfu, French, London.
Himalaya, Charini, Trieste via Karachi.
Britannia, Munro, Liverpool.

LOADING.

February 9th.

Steamer Jehangir for Jeddah.
Steamer City of Adelaide for Liverpool.
Steamer Fanicia for Trieste.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Chitral:—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer, Chitral, arrived in harbour on Friday, from London, with the outward mails of the 25th ultimo a general cargo and 99 passengers and hence she sailed the same day for China and Japan Ports, with mails, a general and same bottom cargo and 190 through passengers.

S S Corfu:—P & O S N Coy's English mail steamer Corfu, will sail to-day at about 1 p.m. from Ballard Pier Station for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Jaladuta:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jaladuta, arrived in harbour on Friday, from Rangoon with a general cargo and rice.

S S Hatarana:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Hatarana, arrived in harbour on Friday from Rangoon, with a general cargo and rice.

S S City of Johanesburg:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer City of Johanesburg, arrived in harbour on Friday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Vasna:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Vasna, sailed yesterday for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S President Adams:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer President Adams, sailed on Friday for New York with a general and same bottom cargo and passengers.

S S Reinfels:—The L Edwards Ltd., steamer Reinfels, sailed on Friday for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

S S India:—The M-Italiana stamer India sailed on Friday for Java, with same bottom cargo and 6 through passengers.

S S Britannia.—The Graham T. Coy's steamer Britannia will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Himalaya:—The L T Coy's steamer Himalaya, will sail today for Trieste via Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo.

Mr. Jayraj will soon appear in the leading role in "Vasvadatta" (Ajanta Cinetone) to be released at the Imperial.

## INDIAN DANCES AT OPERA HOUSE

### Miss Auzurie With Rashid And Roshanara

Miss Auzurie, the well-known Indian dancer, accompanied by Rashid and Roshanara, both European artists, who had the honour to present their Indian dances before Mr. George Bernard Shaw in Bombay last year, will give a programme of Indian dances at the Royal Opera House on Saturday night and Sunday evening. All the dances have been composed by Miss Auzurie.

The two hours' programme will include Spring Dance ("Vasanta Vilasa") by Auzurie and Roshanara Radha's Ras-Nruttaya by Auzurie who will also present other solo number like "Phulkumari" (Flower-girl), and "Kathiawar Marwari Dance." Roshanara has a charming solo dance called "Butterfly," while Auzurie and Rashid will jointly appear in "Shankar and Sati," a dance of love expressing Sati's ecstasy of joy on meeting her Lord Shankar. Among other dances are "Devdasi," (Temple Dancer), by Auzurie, "Lure of the Jungle" by Rashid and "Gandharva-Apsara" dance by the three artists together as the final item in the programme. There will also be a couple of songs by Master Buden, a well-known singer of Bombay.

Auzurie is already well-known to the Bombay public. Rashid and Roshanara, though both Europeans, have shown remarkable proficiency in Indian dances, and Rashid is also an accomplished singer of Hindustani songs. Their performance is a novelty which is sure to be appreciated by the Bombay public.

## EX-KING HEROES AMONG PLAYERS IN "HIT THE DECK"

### At Palace

Two well-known prize fighters appear in "Hit The Deck" which comes to Palace this week after a long absence. The scrappers are Sailor Vincent and Nate Siot.

Siot once was amateur feather weight champion of the middle west Sailor Vincent was welterweight champion of the U.S. Navy for seven years. He is well-known to Fight Fans in Los Angeles and along the Pacific coast.

"Hit the Deck adapted from the stage play by Vincent Joumans, presents Polly Walker, Broadway beauty, and Jack Oakie, comedian, in the leading roles. The cast includes June Clyde, Wallace MacDonald, Rogers Gray, Frankes Woods, Marguerita Padula, Ethel Clyton, Andy Clark, Dell Henderson and Charles Sullivan.

Many of the sterling exterior scenes were made at the U.S. Navel base at San Diego in co-operation with the Naval Department Lavish technicolour scenes and hundreds of singers and dancers add brilliance to the story.

Luther Reed, of Radio Pictures "Rio Rita" fame, directed "Hit the Deck."

# ON THE SCREEN

## "THE VAGABOND KING"

### World Famous Song Romance Entirely In Technicolor Revived At Pathe Cinema

Pathe Cinema are screening to-day a new print of the all colour Musical Romance "The Vagabond King" with a cast of hundreds headed by Denis King, Jeanette MacDonald, O.P. Heggie, Lillian Roth and Warner Oland.

Denis King as the master of the sword, the leader of the vagabonds, the redeemer of Paris and the captor of a princess' heart leaps into the very front rank of romantic actor-singers of the cinema in his gorgeous portrayal of Francois Villon the poet hero of "the Vagabond King."

The period of the plot is 1463 the late middle ages. Louis XI (played by O. P. Heggie) is the weakling King of France, besieged at Paris by the Burgundian army. By a quick of fate, Denis King becomes sovereign for a week. It is during this brief reign that he meets Louis' niece the Princess Kathrine, (played by Jeanette MacDonald) and falls in love with her. By clever generalship outwits and defeats the Burgundians with the help of his faithful Vagabond adherents. Paris is thus saved, but the treacherous Louis decides that King is too dangerous and that he must be hanged.

It is when the hero is about to be hanged that Kathrine takes a part in the proceedings and saves the day in a tremendously powerful dramatic climax.

Here is a picture bewilderingly wonderful with its gorgeous Technicolour treatment throughout, its powerful plot stupendous sets, breathtaking action, romantic glamour and musical richness both in the singing and orchestral departments.

"Some Day," "Only a Rose," "Huguette Waltz," "Love me Tonight" and "The Song of the Vagabonds" are the five songs in the picture which are popular all over the world. They bring thrills anew to all those who have heard them before. No Cinema fan should miss this opportunity.

## "BALACLAVA"

### Charge Of The Light Brigade at Carlton

The Charge of the Light Brigade enshrined in the fine film "Balaclava" which will be shown at the Carlton Theatre from to-day will delight every picture-goer. It is a masterly reproduction of one of the famous cavalry charges of history, famous not so much for what was accomplished (Scarlett's Heavy Bridgade played a bigger part in the campaign the same day), but for the supreme daring of a brigade of 670 sabres charging a whole army in mistake for a few guns. The Charge in the film is so realistic that the spectacular side of the war, so graphically portrayed in coloured prints a generation since, is lost in the magnificence of the unequal struggle.

The story of "Balaclava" was written by Boyd Cable (Colonel E. A. Ewart), and the military scenes, made with the assistance of the War Office, were under the personal supervision of Captain Cakes-Jones, a foremost authority on military spectacles.

The schools will be given concession rates.

"Balaclava" as shown now at the Carlton Theatre.

# "Karma" Comes To Capitol: "Vagabond King" Pathe's Technicolour: Broadway Keyhole

"Vagabond King" now shown at the Pathe.

## "BROADWAY THRU A KEYHOLE"

### At The Wellington

Walter Winchell, Broadway columnist whose to-day's gossip is to-morrow's scandal, is author of the story of "Broadway Thru a Keyhole," the United Artists release featuring Constance Cummings, Russ Columbo, Paul Kelly, Blossom Seeley, Abe Lyman and his band, Gregory Ratoff, Texas Guinan, Eddie Foy, Jr., and Frances Williams at the Wellington Talkies Dhobi Talao, this week.

"Broadway Thru a Keyhole" has a background of night clubs and shows how a sweet and innocent young girl rose to fame, was befriended by a handsome young racketeer and finally became the wife of a famous radio crooner.

Because of the night club background of the yarn, the picture was filmed as a musical with a large dancing chorus and such musical comedy and vaudeville stars as Frances Williams, Eddie Foy, Jr., and Barto and Mann doing their dancing and singing stuff. Other famous Broadway personalities are Blossom Seeley, Texas Guinan and Abe Lyman and his band.

Constance Crummings, Russ Columbo and Paul Kelly play the three leading roles. Others in the cast are Gregory Ratoff, Hugh O'Connell, Hobarte Cavanaugh, O. Henry Gordon and Helen Jerome Eddy. Lowell Sherman directed from the script by Gene Towne and Graham Baker. Jack Haskell directed the dance numbers and Mack Gordon Harry Revel wrote the music. It is presented by Joseph M. Schenck and Daryl F. Zanuck.

## RADHA FILM CO.'S "MERCHANT OF ARABIA"

### At Super Talkies

Radha Film Co.'s colossal Urdu talkie "Merchant of Arabia" adapted from the well-known Oriental story "Chair Darvesh" is continued for the second week at the Super Talkies, Charni Road Junction. Mr. Trilok Kapur in and as the "Merchant of Arabia" (First Darvesh), Miss Kanan as the Princess of Damascus and Miss Angurbala (of Bengal Radio and H. M. V. fame) have won great appreciation of the Cine public for the magnificent rendering of their roles. Misses Kanan and Angurbala's song hits are especially admired. Settings depicting the proper period of the story, Profulla Ghosh's brilliant direction, Gune's cinematography and sound recorded on Fidelytone System also greatly contribute to the wonderful success of the picture.

## "THE PRIZEFIGHTER AND THE LADY"

### At The Regal

Myrna Loy, Max Baer, Primo Carnera, Jack Dempsey, Walter Huston and Otto Kruger comprise the distinguished group of actors and sporting personalities gathered together by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer for "The Prizefighter and the Lady" a gripping story of the prize ring which starts to-day as the attraction at the Regal Theatre.

Miss Loy, last seen in "Night Flight" has recently established herself as one of the most popular and outstanding of the screen's feminine stars. Baer, challenger-up for the heavyweight championship of the world, and generally acknowledged as the most colourful fighter in the prize ring to-day, makes his first screen appearance in this picture and has been called a virile exponent of the new vogue in leading men. Carnera, heavyweight champion of the world, also faces the cameras for the first time in his ten-round fight with Baer in "The Prizefighter and the Lady". The giant heavy-weight's battle with his challenger before the time set for their real fight is without precedent and has aroused the interest of the entire world of sports. Their film bout is referred by none other than the famous Dempsey.

The plot of the new film, based on a story by Frances Marion, depicts the career of a hard-boiled youngster who rises from the position of "bouncer" in a speakeasy to that of a fighter of championship calibre. The sensational scenes laid against the colourful sports background, the romantic interlude with the night-club entertainer and the difficulties placed in the way of the fighter by a racketeer gunman provide the elements of what is described as the most realistic and absorbing story of the prize ring ever to reach the screen.

Walter Huston plays the role of the booze-ridden, down-at-the-heel fight manager who recognizes in Baer championship material and trains him for his fights. The part, a "natural" for Huston, marks another step forward in this actor's brilliant career. Prominent roles are also filled by Otto Kruger as the racketeer, Vince Barnett, Robert McWade, Muriel Evans and Jeane Howard.

Scores of internationally famous ex-champions and their contemporaries appear in the new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer feature to add realism to the great prize-fight sequences. Among these great fighters of yesterday are Jess Willard, James Jerfies, Frank Moran, Joe Rivers and Billy Papke.

"The Prize-fighter and the Lady" was directed by W. S. Van Kvke, responsible for such photoplay successes as "Tarzan, the Ape Man" and "Trader Horn".

Himansu Rai and Devika Rani in "Karma" shown at the Capitol from To-day.

## 'Karma' Comes To 'Capitol'

### A NEW FILM ENTERPRISE

(By OUR ART CRITIC)

"Karma" is an enterprise, an enterprise in many directions. It disturbs effectively the placid, if not altogether, stagnant atmosphere of the film producers in India content with the routine requirements of the "industry". Its release this evening at the Capitol will be the index to the area in filmland "Karma" will agitate. Sjt. Himansu Rai will not be of course, the only or the arch agitator. But he is decidedly one, from the ranks of the educated, who has ventured to be discontented. The appreciation that "Karma" has been able to obtain abroad is a gain. For, Sjt. Himansu Rai has endeavoured to open avenues hitherto unexplored by film producers in India. "Karma" is the first Indian talkie in English dialogue and "Karma" has opened the way for similar Indian film ventures for Europe. That is a gain. Sjt. Himansu Rai has, moreover, supplemented the future picture with a short prelude entitled "Melody and Rhythm." The leading role is, here, Sri. Sunalini Rajam's responsibility. And, she indicates, in the series of songs and dances she performs that she more than fulfils the responsibility of evoking the interests for the main picture. She has done it carefully and thoughtfully.

"Karma" the feature picture is marked out by careful orchestration of music and the modulated voice and restrained singing of Devika Rani sets the opening key-note of the picture. The story requires no description. The story is the story of the conflict between aged custom and the progressive aspirations of the young. It is cast in an atmosphere which leaves scope for spectacular shots. The pageants and the precious, palace interiors and hunt are an integral part of the picture.

They are well photographed. But the most effective shot out of the many is the temple interior, music, acting, idea and the camera synchronise here with very nearly a flawless pitch. The story is rather thin and everyone might not agree with its moral. But the picture is what the West usually wants and soon, let us hope, with the right conditions Sjt. Himansu Rai will be able to give what the East can give and achieve out of the best that is in India's illimitable wealth of art and culture.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, Lady Brabourne and a party from Government House will attend the 10 p.m. performance of "Karma" at the Capitol on Saturday. Miss Devika Rani, the star of "Karma" will also make a personal appearance on the Capitol stage. The show will also be attended by the Mayor of Bombay and other prominent citizens.

# HOLLYWOOD UNDER HITLER'S SHADOW

## Nazi Dictator Demands Return Of German Stars

In Berlin, a little man with a Charlie Chaplin mustache has lifted his hand in a dramatic gesture and the shadow of that hand has fallen upon Hollywood, six thousand miles away—upon stars, producers, directors, writers. German film celebrities of "pure Aryan" blood, so the word came, were to be recalled by Adolf Hitler, to take their patriotic part in the cultural rebirth of the Fatherland, and to save an industry almost completely wrecked by the removal of those not of "pure Aryan" blood. No Germanic stars or directors now working in their own country would be allowed to leave, writes Dorothy Calhoun in "Motion Picture."

Translated, this is the warning: "It is proposed to make further work in Germany impossible for such Aryan film workers who remain abroad beyond their present contractual obligations or who go abroad now, thereby showing they are not interested in the great cultural upbuilding of Germany or are even sabotaging it.

"It is considered unpatriotic—yes, even as treason to the country—if now, in the midst of the great work of upbuilding in the German film world, German artists combine abroad with film companies or film workers who either emigrated from Germany as non-Aryans or who are hostile to Germany or participate in agitation against Germany.

"The new Germany will turn with all the means at its disposal against such economic and ideological traitors."

This (and the italics are ours) sounds like more than a warning; this sounds like a veiled threat.

### EDICT POSTPONES LILIAN'S WEDDING.

The tears of a blonde picture actress will not keep Nazi leaders awake nights, but Hollywood knows that Adolf's orders will mean the postponement of Lilian Harvey's marriage to Willy Fritsch which, she confided to "Motion Picture Magazine" recently, was to take place late this year. Every day, Lilian talks by transatlantic telephone to Willy. She talks from a sixty-thousand dollar dressing room bungalow, at many dollars a minute, but the words she says are those of any girl, talking to the man with whom she has been in love for years. (And some say they are already married.)

## Empire Theatre

"Glamour" the British International Picture showing this week at the Empire features the great British stage actor Seymour Hicks. "Glamour" is a romantic story of a girl's adoration for a famous actor, and how he dispelled the glamour, is one of screen's greatest moments. The picture is well acted and is of gripping intensity. Seymour Hicks gives a great performance as the famous actor and is very ably supported in this picture by a well-known cast including Margot Graham, Ellaline Terris, Clifford Heatherley and Beverley Nichols. The picture is from an original stor by Seymour Hicks.

## CHEVALIER FILM REVIVED

### "Love Me To-night "Comes To Palace

"Love Me To-Night" a Rouben Mamoulian production which comes to the Palace, is a peculiarity delightful concoction of melody and humour, in which the famous French star has one of the best roles of screen his career.

Maurice, has the role of a Paris tailor, intent on collecting a long overdue bill from the Vicomte Gilbert. But before that bill is paid, Maurice has posed as a Baron, been the guest at the house of the aunt of the Vicomte and won the heart of the beautiful Princess.

The famous Chevalier charm has never been more in evidence than in this role; nor has Jeanette MacDonald ever been more beautiful. Charlie Ruggles as the Viscomete, C. Aubry Smith as the Duke, and Myrna Loy as the Countess, all do their part well.

* * * *

**CHATTERTON SETTLES IT**

Some American stars—I mean the really good stars, who can afford to turn down a lucrative offer if it did not suit them,—manage their affairs in quite a characteristic way. Ruth Chatterton was recently approached by a British Company to appear in a couple of films in England. Miss Chatterton, however, had no intention of deserting, even for a short time, Hollywood which had helped her to acquire her present popularity, so she asked for the following terms for only one picture in England: £25,000 fee, plus all travelling expenses for two, plus all living expenses in London, plus a say in all matters concerning the production of the film! No British studio can accede to such terms so no deal was made and happily Rath Chatterton continues to make films in America.

* * * *

**"THE MERRY WIDOW."**

One of the outstanding pictures of 1934 will the "The Merry Widow" which Ernst Lubitsch is producing on a very big scale. It is highly probable that the film will be made entirely in colour—a feature which was badly needed in the silent version which Erich Von Stroheim made some years ago for M.G.M. The final cast has not yet been decided but rumour has it that Joan Crawford will be given the role which Mac Murray played with such great success in the silent film. Other names mentioned as "likelies" are Jeanette MacDonald and Evelyn Laye who are at present the best singers available for the Lehar Opera. It would be interesting to know who will have the masculine lead in the talking version—a part played by John Gilbert in the Von Strohiem film. With such fine subject in hand and a batch of renowned players at his command Lubitsch is sure to make a great film of "The Merry Widow."

Auzurie, Rashid and Roshana ra in "Gandharva-Apsara" dance at the Royal Opera House on Saturday night and Sunday evening.

## AUCTION SALES

### SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.
123, Meadows Street, Fort.
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO PRIVATE BUYERS OF JEWELLERY AND TO JEWELLERS.

SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY, and GOLD and silver ornaments on WEDNESDAY, the 14th February, 1934, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sale Rooms of the Auctioneers.

By order of the Court Receiver appointed Receiver in Suit No. 2919 of 1926 Arjun Virji v/s Babu Virji, comprising: Pearl vank raifuls, bangles, pochies, chains, collar button, ear-rings, diamond ear-rings and rings, gold chains, pochies, vank, bangles, necklaces, mohanmallas, buttons, etc. and silver articles, such as, flower vases, foot ornaments, dishes, kandoras, cups and saucers, jugs, etc.

Ornaments will be on view two days before the sale.

25 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and articles removed immediately after the close of the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

### Messrs. VORA & Co.,

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO BUYERS OF HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, 11th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea-Face, next to Vianelli's Restaurant of complete Household and Office Furniture, Godrej Safe and other Safes, His Master's Voice Gramophones, Chubb Cash Box, Musical Box, Singer Machine, Harmonium Tilting Chesterfield and Drawing-room suites, Viniar Almyrahs, A.C. & B. C. Fans, Chandeliers, Ice-Chest, Glassware, etc. Property of A Wealthy Gentleman and others. On View.

VORA & CO.

### MENESSE & Co

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Under instructions from the Bombay Municipality (Improvements) Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on Wednesday the 14th February 1934 at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following Buildings:-

Building Street Nos. 298C: Case No. 69A: Parel Bhoiwada (Jerbai Wadia Road.)

MENESSE & CO.

### BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SAFE, PIANO, RARE, AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF OLD CHINESE CURIOS, BRONZEWARE, SILK PICTURES, ETC.

Under instructions from Percy Fisher, Esqr., Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will, on SUNDAY, the 11th February, 1934, at 10-30 a.m (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at 1st Floor, 9-11, Cuffe Parade, Colaba, valuable furniture by Wimbridge and other well-known makers, such as, Jacobean dining table, chairs, and side boards, dumbwaiters, Chesterfield drawing room suites, Cabinets, book and show-cases, one sweet-toned Cottage Piano by Colland and Collard, blackwood palm-stands, teapoys, almyrahs, bedsteads, dressing tables, chest of drawers, rare and valuable collection of old Chinese curios and Big jars, figures, Ivory boat, Ivory figures, rich platedware, pictures, books, oil paintings, screens, crockery, bronze and glassware, etc.

The property is on view.

Catalogues may be obtained from the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MAN-O'-WAR OF ALL MUSICAL SHOWS!

## PALACE

Near Byculla Station
6-30 and 10 p.m.
Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Thursday 4 p.m. Matinee.
Sunday Morning Show 10-30 a.m.
JACK OAKIE
POLLY WALKER,
in
HIT THE DECK
9—SONG HITS—9
Gorgeous scenes in technicolour.


## EXCITING MARRIAGE DRAMA AT DHARWAR

### Bride Slaps Old Husband During Ceremony

DHARWAR, Feb 9

An interesting finale to a marriage drama of an old man was witnessed here.

It is stated that an old man of the Bania community verging on 60, now resident at Nagpur, had settled his betrothal with the 16 year old daughter of a resident of Dharwar. The date for the nuptials had been fixed.

The girl strongly resented the proposed marriage but her protest went in vain. On the day of marriage the old man arrived from Nagpur and at the appointed hour the ceremonies began.

At the marriage pandal, when the girl mustered sufficient courage to disavow her marriage with the ricketly old man, who protesting, was slapped on the face by her in the presence of a large gathering. Excitement ran high and the marriage broke off.—United Press

## BULSAR HIGH SCHOOL

### Prize Distribution Gathering

(From A Correspondent).

BULSAR, Feb. 6.

In a pandal, specially erected in Bulsar Sarvajanik School premises, a gathering of about 3,000 persons and about 300 ladies were present to distribute prizes to the winners in the school sports presided over by Mr. J.H. Garrett, Commissioner, Northern Division, was held on the 2nd inst.

The President of the Bulsar Sarvajanik Education Society, Mr. Vishram Walji narrated the history of the growth and the progress of the school as appeared in the increase of students from 171 to 484 within a short period of 3 years. The school admitted students without any distinction of caste and creed. Interest in indoor and outdoor games and scouting was keenly taken by the students. Special attention is also given to physical training. He honestly believed that, as the requirements under the grant-in-aid code had been fully fulfilled, he expected the recognition of the School by the Department of Education in near future. He expressed a hope that the guest of the evening, Mr. Garrett, would extend his ever-ready helping hand to the school management for achieving its goal of making the school a model one.

MR. GARRETT'S VIEWS.

After the recitation, dialogues, performance of physical feats and distribution of prizes, in the course of his speech Mr. Garrett said:

From the President's report I gather that your institution having started with a hundred and odd students is within a short span of existence running into fifth hundred.

It is suggested that, as there is already a High School of long-standing, there is no necessity for another school such as this. I do not agree with the view. The existence has proved the necessity of an additional school such as this for this town. Moreover, the existence of a sister school beside this would be instrumental in infusing greater vigour in the life of the other old school. And such competition is desirable, for it leads to better condition of education.

I also find from your president's report that, you have yet to fulfil certain requirements to make your institution a full-fledged high school. At the same time it is gratifying to note that you are very near to the goal.

NEED OF PHYSICAL TRAINING.

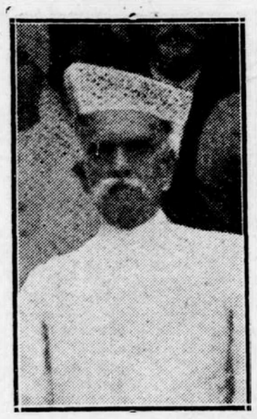
It is often found that the problem of physical training in many schools is thrown in the background. I would like you to keep this problem in the forefront; for physical fitness also is nowadays being taken into consideration at the time of selection in any sphere whatever, because it is believed and rightly so, that, it is a man who has sound physique will be able to work well and work hard.

---

A meeting of Poona citizens passed resolutions strongly disapproving of the attitude of the Bhor State authorities in passing the maximum sentence of two years' rigorous imprisonment on Mr. Gopinathpant Potnis, a State Peoples' worker.

---

Lahore.—Information has reached here that Vatsyana an accused in Delhi conspiracy case who was acquitted on appeal by the High Court has been detained in Police custody in Lahore Fort under the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act 1932. Vatsyana was escorted on Wednesday from Multan Jail.—United Press.



## DEATH OF JAIN MERCHANT PRINCE

### The Late Rai Bahadur Seth Tikamchand Soni.

(From A Correspondent.)

The sudden death of the Rai Bahadur Seth Tikamchand Soni, a leading businessman and a banker, leaves a large gap amongst the the merchants and philanthropists of Rajputana. Born in 1880, he entered into the life of a businessman at a young age and since then had been commanding his business with great integrity and hard work. His grandfather and father, Rai Bahadur Seth Moolchand and R B Seth Nemichand, were well known for their business capacity and public charities. The Rai Bahadur had got 23 branches all over India, the principal amongst them being at Bombay, Calcutta, Agra, Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur, etc. They are holding the Government treasuric of Jaipur, Gwalior and Udaipur Residencies and are also State Treasurers of Bharatpur and Dholpur States. They have also been treasurers of the B. B. & C. I. Rly (G. G. System) since 1922 and of the Jodhpur Railway since 1927. Two textile mills, one at Agra and the other at Ajmer, are also under their management. They have also got ginning and pressing factories of their own at Khandwa.

A large share of the private income of the late Rai Bahadur had been spent in various charities, most of which were for the benefit of the Digamber Jain community to which he belonged. He was instrumental in erecting the famous Jain Temple at Ajmer, popularly known as 'Red' Temple', on which more than 40 lakhs have already been spent and the work still continues. Feeling keenly the need for educational facilities for the children of the poor families of his community he founded the Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya and Girls' School at Ajmer.

He was created Rai Bahadur in 1919.

He leaves behind his only son Kunvar Bhagchandji and a large number of relatives and friends to mourn his loss.

## GAZETTE ANNOUNCEMENTS

Mr. Justice R. S. Broomfield, I. C. S., Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, is granted from the 18th June 1934, leave on full allowances for one month and in continuation leave on half allowances for three months and four days and is permitted to prefix to the leave Sunday, the 22nd April 1934, and the Summer Vacation of the Bombay High Court.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. P. W. Singleton to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay with effect from the 29th January 1934, vice Mr. W. W. Nind.

The Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the continuance up to the end of February 1935 of the temporary appointment of Deputy Superintendent of Police in the Western India States Agency and to direct that Khan Bahadur P. H. Antia shall continue to hold it, pending further orders.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Zia-ud-din Ahmed, on return from leave, to be Superintendent of Police, Sind Railways, vice Mr. S. E. Histed proceeding on leave.

In continuation of Government Notification, Home Department, No. 3425/3, dated the 25th September 1933, the Govednor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. S. M. Kaikini, LL.B., to continue to officiate as extra Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, up to the date on which Mr. G. B. Constantine, I. C. S., Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, proceeds on leave or pending further ordeds.

Mr. J. A. Pope, C. I. E., I. C. S., has been permitted to retire from His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from 6th March 1934.

## DEFAMATION CASE SENSATION

### Magistrate Criticises Use Of Extraneous Evidence

"The complainant has gone for the blood of the accused instead of merely proving a charge of defamation, by introducing all unnecessary material like bribes to the police. I did not want to shut out all this because it might have created a feeling in the complainant's mind that he was not getting a proper hearing. Now it is for you to prove all the allegations that you have made against the accused," remarked Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday, while hearing the arguments of Mr. Jehangir Patel, counsel for the complainant, in the case, in which Mr. P.N. Godhino, Advocate of the Bombay High Court, stands charged with defamation of his former clerk, Mr. Rustomji Velati, by telling people "the scamp had run away with my Rs. 30,000."

Mr. Patel, in the course of his address said that, the defence statement of the accused made out that he had been engaged by the Santa Causa, who paid him a monthly remuneration of Rs. 1,250 for legal advice and watch their interests in Bombay. The counsel contended that the accused had not called anybody to prove that statement. The counsel wanted to know if lawyers and eminent lawyers, like Mr. Godhino received their legal fees in a dubious way, as the accused had done.

The Magistrate intervened and said that, nobody could blame Mr. Godhino for the way in which the money was received. All that he was concerned with was that, he received the amount. It might have been a clumsy way, but Santa Causa were responsible for that.

Continuing his arguments, Mr. Patel referred to the denial of the accused regarding payments to a Portuguese official in Bombay.

The counsel opined that the monies were paid to that official because the accused was aware tehat that official knew what he was doing and if he intervened the cheques from Goa would be stopped. The accused could have brought that official to Court to give a direct lie to the allegation, or the official himself after reading what was stated in court could have come here and denied the allegations. But it had not been done.

Referring to the accused's statement in which he stated that tha the complainant tried to blackmail him, the counsel stated that there was question of blackmail at all as the complainant had at the outset stated that he would withdraw the complaint if the accused stated in court that the complainant had not taken Rs. 30,000. Counsel also referred to cases of the above nature in which compromises were effected.

NOT IN MOOD TO COMPROMISE

The Magistrate intervening said that in the beginning both the parties were not in a mood for a compromise. The complainant, instead of proving the publication of the defamatory sentence by calling Hormusji Sorabji and two others, had gone for the blood of the accused by bringing in all sorts of unnecessary matters into the case. When they were brought in, he assured the court that he would prove them to the hilt as he had more than enough evidence with him. If the prosecution does not prove all that, it means that the complaint tried to sling mud at the accused, an eminent lawyer of the Court.

Continuing the Magistrate stated that it was unnecessary for the complainant to have brought in the payments to the Police Officers in his case. It was for the defence to prove that Rs. 30,000 had been paid to the complainant and then the prosecution could have brought all that evidence as a rebuttal. The impression that was given by the complainant at the very beginning was that he had a 100 per cent. case against the accused and now, it boils down to 5 per cent.

FOR CORROBORATION

Continuing his address Mr. Patel stated that Mr. Chawla, ought to have been called by the defence for the corroboration of the evidence of the two prosecution witnesses.

After Mr. Patel had finished his address, Mr. Brown asked the prosecuting counsel as to what he would like the punishment to be if he were to find the accused guilty.

The counsel said that he would be satisfied and the complainant would go out of court and get the case dismissed if Mr. Godhino stated in Court that the complainant had not swindled him. The complainant had stated at the outset that he did not want the accused to be convicted or sentenced.

"MAGNANIMOUS OFFER"

Mr. S. A. Shete, counsel for the accused, opening his address thanked the prosecution for the magnanimity of the offer to get the case dismissed. The counsel stated that in the notice sent to the accused by the complainant, he had stated that he had no sympathy if the accused decided to commit suicide. That was the man who was ready to get the case dismissed.

The Magistrate asked the defence counsel as to the reason, why the complainant, according to the accused, tried to blackmail him and disgrace him, and with what purpose in view.

Counsel replied that the motive was to get himself reinstated in Mr. Godhino's service. Since the time he was dismissed by Mr. Godhino, the complainant had suffered financially and wanted to get himself employed under Mr. Godhino, so that he might again earn money from the accused's clients.

"EXTRANEOUS EVIDENCE"

Referring to the subject matter of the complainant and the prosecution evidence, Mr. Shete stated that the prosecution must have lead evidence only to prove the subject matter of the complaint but as a matter of fact they had introduced extraneous evidence. Accused had stated that the defendant was bribing the Police Officers and with that view had given him Rs. 30,000 for that purpose.

Here the Magistrate intervened and asked the counsel as to what exactly the position was. In the cross-examination the defence had tried to prove that the complainant had taken or put into his bank account Rs. 29,500 belonging to the accused. The only next step would be to say that the complainant had pocketted the amount. The accused in his statement had stated that he had not published the defamatory sentence. As far as the complainant was concerned there were documents before the Court to prove that Rs. 29,500 had gone into his account.

Examining the evidence Hormusji Sorabji and Edalji Nowsher, the counsel stated that both of them were interested and convenient witnesses who would say anything dictated by the complainant. Both the witnesses belonged to one club and they were reminded of this incident and of what Mr. Godhino is alleged to have stated to them by the complainant, when he meets them after two years. The corroboration Edulji of the Hormusji's evidence was not properly given. In a defamation case, the counsel contended, the actual words used must be given out in evidence and not a gist of what had been stated.

SECOND CHARGE

Dealing with the second charge, regarding the misdoings of the accused, as alleged by the complainant, Mr. Shete said that in 1921 the accused gave the complainant a gift of Rs. 5,500, which would strike as an impossibility at this distance of time.

At this time the court rose for the day and the case was adjourned to February 13.


SEE this DEATH-DEFYING LEAP through FLAMES

From a point 60 feet above the ground Van Norman hurtles down a steep slide-way on his push-bike, is flung high into the air again and then, with a rapid somersault dives into a FLAMING TANK! Just *three feet* of water lie beneath the blazing inferno! FREE TO ALL WHO ENTER THE AMUSEMENT PARK. TWICE NIGHTLY ON WEDNESDAYS, SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS, and Public Holidays at 7-30 and 11 P. M. and on ordinary days at 10-30 P.M.

## AMUSEMENT PARK

SEPARATE ENTRANCE ESPLANADE ROAD

H. O. H. 2 As. H. O. H.

*ADMISSION* to the amusement park *only* costs As. 2. from SPECIAL AMUSEMENT PARK GATE in Esplanade Road. Those wishing to enter the Fete from the Amusement Park can do so at special gates paying the usual charge. Visitors to the Fete can enter the Amusement Park from the Fete and Exhibition grounds by paying Annas 2 entrance fee.

The GREATEST—The BEST—The FINEST

## Musical . . Singing . . Dancing

Picture of the year—a rare musical and dancing treat for all!

## BROADWAY THRU A KEY HOLE

THE GREATEST ENTERTAINMENT EVER OFFERED IN BOMBAY!

*DAZZLING BEAUTIES! MARVELLOUS DANCE SCENES!*

## 4. NEWEST SONG HITS. 4

It sets a new pace for musical pictures

3 shows on Saturday, Sunday and Monday 3-30; 6-30; 10 p.m.

## WELLINGTON

DHOBI TALAO. Phone 22666. Plans open.

# Nearly 11 Lakhs For Viceroy's Fund

## Further List Of Donations For Bihar Relief

The following further donations have been made in response to His Excellency the Viceroy's appeal for funds to relieve the distress caused by the recent earthquake:—

Amount already announced: £1 804 Dollars 100. Rs. 9,37,636-14-7.

The Mayor of Bombay's Fund (further contribution) Rs. 18,000; The Principal Insurance Companies operating in India, per Calcutta Fire Insurance Association Rs. 15,000: the Gwalior Darbar Rs. 10,000: The Director, Bank of India Ltd., Bombay Rs. 10,000: Earthquake Sind Relief Fund, Karachi Rs. 10,000: Messrs. Turner Morrison Co. Ltd. Calcutta and Bombay Rs. 10,000: P & O. Banking Corporation Ltd., (Head Office and Branches) Rs. 5,000: Earthquake Relief Committte Jamshedpur Rs. 3,823-3-2: Collections made by the Deputy Commissioner, Ranchi, Rs. 2,829-8-0: Collections made by Mr. P. C. Tallents, Patna Rs. 2,600: Rai Bahadur Ram Pratap Chamaria (Gorakhram Rampratap Trust), Calcutta Rs. 2,100; Hon'ble Sir Ganesh Dutta Singh, Patna Rs. 2,000: Raja Bahadur Sir Bansilal Motilal, Hyderabad Dn. Rs. 2,000: British Red Crescent Society, London Rs. 2,000: Collections made by the Senior Deputy Colleitor, Dhanbad Rs. 1,727: Raja Sahib Radhika Raman Prasad Singh of Surajpura Rs. 1,500: Collections made by the Sub-Divisional Officer, Buxar Rs. 1,400: Public of Khairagarh State, C. P. Rs. 1,345: Mr. Bapaji Dorabji Daruvala, Bombay Rs. 1,001: Contributions from Midnapur Distt. (1st instalment) Rs. 1,000; Jorhar Tea Co. Ltd., Calcutta Rs. 1,000: Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Calcutta Rs. 1,000: "A Sympathiser" through Mrs. J. T. Whitty, Patna Rs. 1,000: Mr. Mirza Dawood Ali Khan, Hyderabad Dn. Rs. 1,000; Messrs. Boyce & Co., Belgaum Rs. 1,000; Through the Deputy Commissioner, Lahore Rs. 1,000: Contributions from Haldwani, Nainital Distt. (1st instalment) Rs. 1,000: British Indian Association, Calcutta (1st instalment) Rs. 1,000:: Raja Suraj Baksh Singh Bahadur, Lucknow Rs. 1,000: Sardar Sir Sundar Singh Majithia, Gorakhpur Rs. 1,000.

The grand total of the above including contributions less than 1,000 is: £1,804, Dollars 100 and Rs. 10,73,988-4-0.

## FROM BOMBAY MAYOR TO RAJEN BABU

### Total Of Donations Reach Rs. 91000

The following further donations are received for the Mayor's Earth quake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Babu Rajendra-Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund:—

Already acknowledged Rs. 83,527-12-0 Mr. Govindji Morarji 101, Staff of Messrs. N. Powell and Co., Ltd. 150, Mr. and Mrs. Madanlal T. Engineer 101, Contributions collected from the officers and staff of the Raja Bahadur Motilal Poona Mill Rs. 545, Contributions received through Mr. K. F. Nariman 6,135-4-0, Staff of the Kodak Ltd., Bombay 118, The Indian staff of Messrs Volkart Bros. 306, The above including amount less than Rs. 100 total Rs. 91,151-5-0.

## FROM MAYOR TO VICEROY

### Total Of Donations Reach Rs. 1,18,500

The following further donations are received for the Mayor's Earth quake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund—:

Already acknowledged 115488-8-0 Head Office Officers and staff of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co., Ltd. 1425-0-0. Dr. R. Rao 150-0-0 Miss P. M. Kanga 200, Mr. and Mrs. Domenghetti and other staff of the Hotel Majestic 425, Contribution of the Works Employees of Messrs. Goodlass Wall (India) Ltd. 166-14-0 The Japanese and Indian staff of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ltd. 293, The above including amounts less than Rs. 100 total Rs. 1,18,526-2-0.

## U. P. COUNCIL AND EARTHQUAKE

ALLAHABAD, Febry. 9.

At the next meeting of the U. P. Legislative Council, Rai Bahadur Vicramapti Singh will move a resolution that the Council recommends to the Government to grant a donation of Rs. 2 lakhs to the Bihar Government to help the victims of the recent earthquake.—A.P.

## GIRLS CONTRIBUTE FOR BIHAR CHILDREN

### Bombay Central Office Announcements

The secretary of the Central office of the Relief Committee writes—

The pupils of Columbia Girls' High School, Gamdevi, contributed Rs. 300 for the Relief of children in the earthquake stricken area. This amount was subscribed by them out of their own money which the girls used to get from their parents for day to day expenses.

The money is being paid to the Mayor's Fund earmarked for Babu Rajendra Prasad Fund by Mr. K. F. Nariman.

HOTEL-KEEPERS GOOD BEGINNING.

The Proprietors of Ram Bharose Hindu Hotel, Play House, Grant Road, and Ramaneeya New Bharati Hindu Hotel Play House Grant Road as announced previously set apart their one day's earnings which amount to Rs. 751 and Rs. 332-11-9 respectively. These amounts will be sent to the Mayor's Relief Fund earmarked for Babu Rajendra Prasad Fund.

CHEMISTS' RESPONSE

In ersponse to appeal made by Mr. K. F. Nariman to Chemists' and Druggists' in Bombay, the Havelian Stores, Grant Road, have promptly sent us 48 articles of various description.

FOR SUGAR FREE OF COST

Messrs. Kirloskar Bros. Ltd., Kirloskarwadi, District Satara, have given four sugarcane crushers and centrifugal plants for manufacturing sugar free of cost and further have generously offered to supply as many crushers as are ordered out from the Behar Central Committee at cost price. The Central Committee has acknowledged the said offer with thanks.

The Central Office has received from Colaba people one bag of clothes and from Mrs. D. R. Haveliwala, Grant Road, 50 pieces of clothes.

## CHILDREN GIVE PRIZE-MONEY TO RELIEF FUND

The 53rd anniversary of the Twashta Kasar Vidyattejak Mandali was celebrated on Sunday last under the presidency of Rao Bahadur Anandrao Waman Shete, in the Mahakalika Temple Hall. The prominent feature of the occasion was the Children's Reciation Competition.

At the conclusion of the function, an appeal was made by Mr. N. D. Waknis in the cause of the Bihar Relief Fund. It received a spontaneous response from the youngsters especially and a sum of Rs. 112-4-0 was collected on the spot. Miss Vimal Deodatta Waknis who was the recipient of a gold medal gave the cost thereof to the Relief Fund. Some other members who were present also contributed.

The total contribution amounted to Rs. 123-4-0 and was sent to the Mayor for being sent to Babu Rajendraprasad Fund.

## BIHAR APPEALS FOR CATTLE RELIEF

The Cattle relief work is in full swing in several parts of the affected areas under the working Committee appointed under the Chairmanship of Rajendra Prasad.

The Secretary of the Bihar Cattle Relief Committee Bombay writes:—

The relief work at Monghyr will be taken in hand on Saturday.

So far the response for funds from the public is poor. Thousands of animals are without fodder. To feed them thousands of rupees are necessary. We therefore appeal to the generous public of Bombay and elsewhere to send their donation without delay to the office of the Bombay Humanitarian League, 149, Shroff Bazar, Bombay, 2.

## MAYOR'S RELIEF FUND

CALCUTTA, February 8.

The Mayor's earthquake relief fund reached a total of Rs. 3,82,000 and odds this evening.—United Press.

## CUTCH MANDVI CITIZENS SEND RS. 6,000

A further instalment of Rs. 3,000 has been sent to Babu Rajendraprasad by Mr. Khushal Khengur and Jumakhlal Laxmichand on behalf of the citizens of Cutch-Mandvi, in addition to the sum of Rs. 3,000 already sent on the 27th January on behalf of the Jain community in the earthquake relief fund.

AJMER, Feb. 8.

Bai Bahadur Seth Tipam Chand, the proprietor of the firm Seth Mol Chand Nemi Chand, one of the richest business man of Agra, died of heart failure at his residence at Ajmer.—United

## BOMBAY LADY DOCTORS REACH BIHAR

PATNA. Feb. 9.

In response to a telegram from Babu Rajendra Prasad, a party of six lady Doctors, belonging to the Cama Hospital of Bombay under the leadership of Lr. Kashibai Nowrange arrived here this morning in connection with the relief work here.

Their services have been placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa by the Indian Medical Association, which is looking after medical relief in the affected areas. They will proceed to different centres to-morrow.

Dr. Miss Mahajani left for Monghyr. Dr. N. S. Hardikar has arrived here and will meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to-morrow.

## BOMBAY SHROFFS COLLECT NEARLY Rs. 3000

The following further donations have been received from amongst the members of the Bombay Sroff Association for being forwarded to the Babu Rajendra Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund.

Already acknowledged Rs. 2297.
Further donations received till 9-2-34. Rs. 641
Total received Rs. 2938.

Out of this sum Rs. 2500 have been forwarded to Babu Rajendra Prasad.

## CUTCH MANDVI SENDS Rs. 6000

A further instalment of Rs. 3000 has been sent to Babu Rajendra-Prasad by Mr. Khushal Khengur and Jumakhlal Laxmichand on behalf of the citizens of Cutch Madvi, besides the sum of Rs. 3000 (Three thousand) already sent on the 27th January on behalf of the Jain Community in the Earthquake Relief Fund.

## CHILDREN COLLECT RS. 100

The boys and girls (below sixteen) of the Children's Circle, Santa Cruz collected a sum of Rs. 100 for the Bihar Relief Fund.

A fund was collected from house to house, and mostly from student donors of their age. The sum will be sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad through Navin Khandwalla.

## GHATKOPER COLLECTS Rs. 5000

(From Our Correspondent)
GHATKOPER, Feb. 9.

The residents of Ghatkoper have so far subscribed Rs. 5,500, in addition to clothes and blankets, for the relief of earthquake sufferers in Bihar.

Another instalment of Rs. 2,000 has been remitted to Babu Rajendra Prasad at Patna the first instalment of Rs. 2000 having been sent in the last week of January, through the Central Bank of India.

## BOMBAY JAIN MERCHANTS COLLECT Rs. 6000

The Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund started by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association has received a total subscription of Rs. 6024 to-date including the previous subscription acknowledged Rs. 2556.

## REVENUE MINISTERIAL OFFICERS' UNION SENDS Rs. 173

The Central Board of Revenue Ministerial Officers' Union, Bombay, have forwarded through the Bank of Bihar, to Babu Rajendra Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund, an amount of Rs. 173-15-0 collected from the staff employed in the Customs and the Income Tax Departments of Bombay.

## MUCCADAMS COLLECT OVER Rs. 3,300

The Muccadam Association of Bombay at a meeting held at New Customs House under its auspices collected a total of Rs. 3333-12-0 for Relief of Earthquake sufferers.

## CITY COMMISSION AGENTS' SYMPATHY.

The Secretary of the Bombay Commission Agent's Association writes:—

The Bombay Commission Agent's Association has been collecting funds from its members for the Earthquake affected, needy and helpless people of Bihar the first instalment of Rs. 1,000 has been handed over to Mr. K. F. Nariman to forward the same to Babu Rajendra Prasad of Patna.

A correspondent wires: An all-India Ayurvedic Sammelan will commence at Shikapur on February 14 and will continue till February 18. The programme will include and exhibition.

## MEDICAL RELIEF TO INJURED

### Appeal To Druggists To Send Requirements

The following letter has been addressed by Mr. K. F. Nariman to the Chemists' and Druggists' Association as well as to individual dealers:—

The Joint Medical Relief Committee of the Bihar Central Relief Committee has sent the following lists of requirements, with a request to have them despatched immediately to Muzaffarpur. May I request the Chemists' and Druggists' Associations as well as individual dealers in these commodities to arrange for them. Our Central Office will have them despatched by railway parcel at concession rates. A batch of lady-workers have already left, but effective medical relief is delayed for want of requisite drugs and medicinal requirements. In this particular case, even one day's delay may mean denial of medical aid for ever; hence, we will earnestly request you to treat this matter as very urgent.

Please supply the following:—Bleaching Powder 500 dms.; Electrolytic Chlorine 1000 bottles; Paris Green 10 gallons; Anti dysentric serum (20 cc.) 1000 amp.; Dysentry Phage 1000 amp.; Anti-Flague serum 100 amp.; Bactro-Phage cholera 1000 amp.; Glucose D 500 tins; Lactogen 100 tins; Cyne 100 gallons; Glucose for interveinous use 100 amp. 25 per cent Merck, 25 cc.; Exshaw Brandy 2 dozen bottles; Rum 6 dozen bottles; Saline tablets for injection 1 dozen bottles; Enamel Douche cans 2 pints each complete set 1 dozen; Baby foods, Anti-Titanic serum 500 amps and Dressing materials in large quantities.

Please supply the following articles for the use of the Joint Medical Relief Committee:—

(1) Strychin Digitalin, Pituitrin, Camphor—in ether and oil, Adrenalis, Atropin, Morphine, Strophantnin, Cerdiazeel, Luminal, Emettin gr. 1 & 1|2 Ampoules 2 dozen each; (2) Ethychloride Spray 6; (3) Thermophlogiston or Antiphlogistin (big size) 2 dozen tins; (4) Bed pans (latest design) 6; (5) Urinals 6; (6) Mackintosh 1 dozen pieces; (7) Catheters (Rubber) 1 dozen pieces; (8) Few sets of Instruments (Surgical) for dressing—case with knife; (9) Thomas' Splint 6; (10) Mc. dutyra's Splint 3; (11) Digifortis P.D. 1 bottle; (12) Uretropine (tablets) 1 dozen phials.

## HINDU MISSION'S RELIEF WORK

The Hindu Mission which commenced relief work from the 19th January last and opened relief centres in Monghyr, Muzaffarpur and Sitamarhi, has been carrying on activities in close co-operation and under the guidance of the Hindu Mahasabha Relief Committee.

Swami Nageshananda Giri and Dr. B. B. Banerjee are in charge of the Monghyr centre where a medical camp, a free kitchen and a camp for distribution of gratuitious relief are maintained.

Swami Omakarananda Giri and Sriyut Lambodar Mukherjee have been managing similar activities in the Muzaffarpur centre.

Swami Basantananda Giri who is in charge of the Sitamarhi camp, has been distributing cloths, blankets, etc. besides sending out volunteers with salt and kerosene in the Mofusil villages.

In the free kitchen 600 to 700 persons are supplied with meals twice a day.

Re-excavation of wells and construction of huts are now the most pressing need of the people.

## ARYA SAMAJISTS DOING GOOD WORK

(From A Correspondent).
PATNA, Feb. 9.

The Publicity Officer of the All-India Arya Samaj Relief Society, wires to us from Muzaffarpur today:—

Various Arya Pratinidhi Sabhas which rushed to North Bihar, sarted relief centres at various places. The Sabhas of U.P., Bengal, Assam, Bihar and the Punjab were all combined to contribute the All-India Arya Samaj Relief Society. Others are expected to join soon.

The entire work is reorganised. Five centres are already running, and more are being opened. Cleaning the walks and providing huts and food is the chief work they are engaged in.

Arya Samajis are requested to collect funds and remit them to the Secretary, All-India Arya Samaj Relief Society, Muzaffarpur.

## IN AID OF BIHAR RELIEF

### Variety Entertainment At Opera House

A Variety entertainment programme organised by Students in aid of the Bihar relief fund will be held under the presedentship of Mrs. Naidu at 4 p. m. this evening at the Royal Opera House.

Three fascinating dances; two instrumental performances by Mahomed Khan, classical songs of Vilayat Husen, popular songs of Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar and one-act-play by college students.

Rates: Rs. 15, 10, 7, 5, 3, 2, and 1.

## Bharat Navjavan Amateurs To Stage "Napolean"

In aid of Behar Relief Fund the Bharat Navjavan Amateurs will stage "Napoleon Bonaparte" at 3-30 P. M. on Sunday 11th instant at the Victoria Theatre, Grant Road.

## SPECIAL RACE DAY FOR MAYOR'S FUND

The Western India Turf Club have been good enough to allot a special race day on Monday, the 12th February 1934, for the benefit of the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund. His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brabourne have kindly consented to attend the races on that day. It is hoped that 12th February being a public holiday the race-loving public will make it a point to attend the races and thus contribute to the Earthquake Relief Fund.

## Response From Bijapur

(From Our Correspondent.)
BIJAPUR, Feb. 7.

The Local Earthquake Relief Association is briskly carrying on the work of collecting money for stricken Bihar.

So far Rs. 1,850 have been collected.

## WANTED ECONOMIC MARTIAL LAW

### Relief On Vast Scale To Meet Contingency Urged

PATNA, Feb. 8.

An enactment by the provincial council at its forthcoming session of National Service Act authorising governments demand and enforce through the Relief Commissioners and Standing Economic Commission any kind of earthquake service, including labour service from the inhabitants of the earthquake area, is suggested by Professor H. R. Batheja, I.E.S. The professor thinks that what is needed just now is a sort of economic martial law in the earthquake area.

Rise To Occasion

"God has put us to test through one of the greatest natural calamities in human history. Spoon-feeding will not help us. It is through our own exertion and perseverance and sacrifices that the devastated areas can be rebuilt. When during the great war, which was a war of destruction, the Allies spent a crore a day for years to win that war which, according to them, was a war for right, why can we not rise to the occasion and similarly accomplish the great task of reconstruction," declared the Honble Syed Abdul Aziz, Minister of Education, addressing a public meeting held this evening under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Banerji, advocate, to consider certain questions in connection with temporary relief to earthquake sufferers.

Only a Fraction

The Minister said that inspite of the poverty of the country, they could pool all their resources and raise the stricken towns in Bihar again if every person out of the nine crore male adult population of India, contributed even four annas each, they would be able to collect a sum of 2 1/4 crores. What they had been able to collect in the Viceroy's Fund and the Central Relief Committee is just a fraction of what they would need.

He suggested that if Government servants in the province drawing a salary of over 50 rupees, and having an assured income, would voluntarily contribute two per cent of their salary per month for six months, they would be able to raise the sum of two lakhs of rupees.

Relief For Purdah Ladies

He appealed to all professional classes and zemindars to contribute their share to tide over the situation. He suggested the formation of a committee to investigate in the different wards of Patna to discover any lower or middle class families who were in distress and also take note of any purdah women who were in trouble with a view to afford relief because otherwise such families and purdah women would never approach any relief committee for assistance. He also suggested that these committees so formed should also raise labour corps to clear debris and give assistance in the rebuilding work.

The speaker cited the instance of people of the highest families in England doing manual work during the war and said that he was willing to take up a spade himself and clean up the debris if they so desired. There were, he continued, 50,000 able-bodied youngmen who were without any occupation in Patna alone, and he asked them to come forward and serve the greatest need of the province by joining the labour corps.

The minister himself offered 2 per cent of his salary for relief purposes. A number of people present at the meeting offered themselves for work on the proposed committee.—A.P.

IF you have not yet seen the world-famed Carl Hagenbeck's Circus do so now, for on February 18th the last performances will be given in Bombay before moving to Cairo.
The new programme is even more exciting, more breath-taking and more amusing than the first.
Daily 5-30 and 9-45 p.m. except Sunday and Monday, 10 a.m., 5-30 and 9-45 p.m.
Book in advance at S. Rose & Co., Tel: 20395, or at Circus Tel: 25330. Prices Rs. 5-12, Rs. 3-6, Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-12, Rs. 1-2, and As. 9.

IN BOMBAY
CARL HAGENBECK'S CIRCUS
REMEMBER
3 Shows on Sunday and Monday
10 a.m. 5-30 p.m. and 9-45 p.m.

Telephone No. 22037. Telegrams "Chronicle."
Post dox No. 322. Registered No. B-1066

# The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1934

# POPULARIZE HINDUSTANI

The convocation address of Nawab Mahadi Yar Jung Bahadur at the Osmania University deserves to be seriously considered by those educationists who are interested in the vital question of the medium of instruction and by Indians in general, interested in the evolution of a national language. The days are gone when Indian educationists thought it presumptuous and educationally unsound to attempt the use of any language but English as the medium of instruction in high schools and colleges. Today most educationists who care for their reputation believe precisely the contrary, so far as school teaching is concerned, including even the high school stage. If the transition to the vernacular medium in high schools is still slow it is only due to the fact that our Universities and Educational Departments are largely controlled by men who are themselves victims of the old system of education and who are not yet fully amenable to public opinion.

### *Remarkable Achievement*

There are many educationists, however, who still believe that higher education beyond the high school stage cannot be efficiently imparted in any vernacular. These should have known better after the splendid work done by institutions like the Osmania University, the Indian Women's University, the Gujerat Vidyapeth and Jamia Millia of Delhi in imparting collegiate education with a vernacular medium. Nawab Mahadi Yar Jung points out how the Professors of the Osmania University, diffident at first, soon discovered with surprise and delight the ease with which Hindustani adapted itself to modern requirements and its great power of expression." With natural enthusiasm he goes on to say: "Arts, Sciences and Mathematics all fitted into it with a naturalness that was amazing. In short all the gloomy predictions about failure were soon falsified and the University to-day is not only capable of teaching all the subjects including modern sciences with ease but has also earned recognition from several Indian and British Universities." The Women's University and the Gujerat Vidyapith have also discovered with delight how easily vernaculars like Marathi, Gujerati and Kanarese can be used to impart higher instruction in Science as well as other subjects. It should, however, be noted in this connection that the Osmania University has not gone far enough in the use of the mother tongue as the medium of instruction. It is a great reform, indeed, to substitute an Indian language like Hindustani as the medium in place of English. But from the educational point of view as from any other, it will be a greater reform still to permit the students of the University to use their mother tongue as their medium. Such an option is essential in a State in which a vast majority of the people speak Marathi.

### *A Great Service*

By popularising the use of Hindustani in schools and colleges the Osmania University has done another great service in helping that language to be the national language. Even to-day without any wide encouragement from the State or the Universities in general, Hindustani is spoken by about 125 millions in India and is fairly understood by about 100 millions more, whereas English is understood to any extent by not more than 1 per cent of the population. Indians, therefore, will fully endorse the following remarks of Nawab Mahadi Yar Jung:

> "English may be the "lingua franca" of the educated few, specially for political and constitutional purposes, but it can never really penetrate to the masses, nor can I imagine India so denationalised as to adopt a sort of corrupted English for wholesale use. At the same time a language that does not touch the masses could hardly be called a national tongue. Thus one is driven to the conclusion that if we are to have linguistic unity in the land, as far as that ideal is capable of attainment, Hindustani forms the one medium on which people will have the least difficulty in agreeing."

We have not the least doubt that in free India Hindustani will be the recognised national language. That stage can be reached much earlier if even now Indian educationists and public workers in general do their plain duty by that language, and do everything possible to popularise it in every nook and corner of the country.

# "Practice And Precedent"

The Bengal Home Member has tried to explain away the incidents connected with the route march of troops in Midnapore. If the "notices of a ceremonial parade" were, "in accordance with practice and precedent," merely 'an invitation to attend a public ceremony and to accord a welcome to troops visiting the town," why was "an explanation" demanded for absence? Since when has it been "in accordance with practice and precedent" to call for explanations? As for the manner of searches the Home Member said that a certain amount of "unavoidable damage" was done in the course of these. The question is whether the "unavoidable damage" was not a departure from the "precedent and practice" of house searches. Apart from all this, the Home members defence against allegations is a little weak for the simple reason that Government's satisfaction to the contrary, as announced by the Home Member, is based on enquiries from those who are the subject of complaints.

# Protection To Khaddar

Mr. Gaya Prasad's Khaddar Bill, unanimously adopted by the Legislative Assembly, does not go far enough in protecting pure Khaddar against spurious imitations, but its unanimous adoption itself even in a compromised form is significant as giving some State recognition to khaddar for the first time. It is a pity that the Bill, as finally passed, leaves it to the Local Governments to bring it into force at their discretion. But if the friends of khaddar are earnest enough, it should no longer be difficult to get the Act enforced in every province. In any case vigilance on their part is necessary to prevent the Act from being a mere dead letter.

# *INDO-PORTUGUESE TRADE: PLEA FOR REMOVAL OF CUSTOMS BARRIERS*

(By A British Indian Correspondent).

The main difficulty for the success of Swadesni propaganda in Goa is our peculiar economic situation. Although we are dependent for almost everything on resources and products we have to pay here the same custom duties for them as we pay for foreign goods, and thus the Indian products are more expensive in Goa than in the neighbouring places and our market is flooded by the cheap manufactured goods of foreign origin which are great competitors for the Indian products.

These words, quoted out of the statement made on the inter-provincial trade in the Presidency at the recent All-India Swadeshi Workers' Conference held here, form an eloquent commentary and demonstrate how, instead of receiving any support and encouragement, Swadeshi has to overcome obstacles that would appear quite insurmountable.

**Presidency's Trade.**

In the case under notice the unfavourable conditions created are peculiar in character. Topographically, an integral part of the Konkan Coast and sandwiched between Ratnagiri and Karwar districts, Goa becomes "foreign territory" merely because it happens to be a Portuguese Colony with the result, as the statement shows, that a market is closed to Swadeshi products in consequence of the antiquated and reactionery tariff arrangements and terminal taxes.

It is important to remember that 80 per cent. of the Goan trade is with the Presidency and India. Possessing a modern harbour, Mormagoa, which could compare well with any Indian city, Goa boasts an important transit trade in which again our Presidency has the biggest share. The Goan imports are five times superior to the exports and the deficit is made up principally with the immigrants' savings a large part of which is contributed by Goans earning their living in British India.

**Wanted Reciprocity.**

In view of this state of affairs, the foreign, that is to say, non-Indian trade receives a preferential treatment which very little benefits the Goans but which, as will be easily seen, reacts unfavourably on their trade interests in India. The Goan exporter complains that he has to pay heavy customs duty in British India, that is to say, Rs. 10 to 12 for 1,000 cocoanuts, Rs. 15 for 7 maunds of "supari" (betelnut) and Re 1 for 100 mangoes and has been demanding relief in the form of favourable duties for sometime past.

The Portuguese Government is apparently inspired by the fear that its customs revenue on foreign receipts would suffer if it moved in the direction of securing relief to the Goan exporter. There is no reason why the British Customs should lower the tariff without demanding reciprocity. The only way out of the difficulty, in the circumstances, would be an arrangement under which the present artificial barriers of customs and terminal tax could be removed in the best interests of both the parties. Indian goods ought to receive preferential treatment and the reciprocal lowering of customs dues for Goan exports cannot fail to stimulate trade and improve the entire economic situation existing in Goa just now.

**How Swadeshi Suffers.**

There is another aspect of customs anomalies which deserves the attention of the textile interests in this country as well as of the Chambers of Commerce and other commercial bodies. I am quoting the relevant notes which speak for themselves:—

"According to the Terminal Tax schedule, both foreign and Indian piecegoods are taxed (in Delhi) on weight and at equal rates. It is a fact of common knowledge that Indian piecegoods are much heavier in weight than those imported from foreign countries and the net result is that the "ad valorem" duty works out very much higher for Indian piecegoods than for foreign piecegoods.

"Foreign piecegoods usually imported are of superior quality than the average production of an Indian Mill and are lighter in weight. To take a concrete example, Japan Taffetta 50 pieces costing Rs. 500/- weighs 2½ maunds and on this the terminal tax at the present rate of 4 annas per maund works out

(Continued on page 4)

# ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

## Its Defects And Its Achievements

(By SAUDAMINI MEHTA.)

Detailed reports of the All-India Women's Conference which was held at the end of December in Calcutta have already been published in the daily press; the public know by this time the resolutions passed and the speeches made at the last session. Mrs. Cousins has, in her inimitable style, given her impressions of the Conference so that it is no longer necessary to describe the Calcutta gathering. It is essential, however, to make a somewhat critical estimate of the work of the Conference and consider how its usefulness could be increased. For, it is undoubted that this Conference has done very useful work for the women of India and it can be still more serviceable in a variety of ways. It is for this reason that I am emboldened to point out some of the defects and drawbacks of this organisation and make a few suggestions for its improvement. Indeed, the very fact that educated and thoughtful women from all over India meet together for considering their own problems and solve them by their concerted endeavour is itself no small gain. It indicates a new consciousness among our womenfolk and should be welcome to social reformers. Anyone who studies the psychology of the cultured women workers who participate in the activities of the Conference cannot but feel that the future of Indian women is bright. If the ideals of Indian womanhood are to be realised in the near future, it is the duty of those who are guiding the Women's Conference to remove its defects.

**NOT A MERE HOLIDAY.**

It cannot be gainsaid that the Conference has now passed its period of infancy. It is not enough now that educated women should meet together and exchange views. I am afraid it must be admitted that many delegates come to the Conference merely to have a pleasant holiday in new surroundings for a week or so. Not that there is anything inherently wrong in this. It is quite natural that married women want to be free from the daily routine and drudgery of their household for a few days and to pass them in the company of their friends. Similarly, a number of delegates are unmarried ladies conducting some social or educational institution who are equally anxious to get out of their daily rut and enjoy the company of their co-workers and friends from other provinces. For this social intercourse, a number of functions are arranged such as parties, outings, picnics and so forth which are thoroughly enjoyed by the delegates. It is all the more necessary, therefore, that the delegates must participate whole-heartedly and intelligently in the proceedings of the Conference when important questions are discussed. The position to-day is exactly the contrary because the main work of the Conference, namely, discussion of issues concerning women occupies a comparatively minor place while the social functions in connection with the Conference take up most of the time and arouse the greatest interest. This state of things must be changed and changed immediately. Many of the delegates do not take any interest in the speeches made in the Conference. This is, of course, not wholly their fault. Even on non-controversial questions, nearly seven or eight speakers are allowed to speak and even to exceed the time-limit so that the patience of the audience is exhausted. It is, therefore, incumbent on those who settle the procedure of the Conference that not more than three speakers should be permitted to speak on non-controversial resolutions and that such resolutions should be disposed of within twenty minutes.

**A FASHION PARADE.**

It should also be seen that at least part of the time now devoted to speeches on resolutions is utilised in considering the ways and means of carrying into effect some of the important resolutions discussed at the session and in finding out why no action has been or could be taken on resolutions passed at previous sessions. For instance, a resolution is passed at every session for encouragement of Swadeshi industries and crafts and yet nearly half the number of those who participate in the Conference are dressed in foreign clothes and use foreign goods. It is time that this is stopped and that some practical methods are devised of popularising Swadeshi. Moreover, some time should also be set apart for social workers coming to the Conference to meet together and try to understand one another's ways of work and discuss new methods of work and of attacking social evils. If a stranger came to the Conference he would regard it as an exhibition of nice clothes and ornaments rather than a gathering of serious-minded women keen to discuss social problems! Not that women should not dress well. But a Conference should not be turned into something like a fashion-parade. A sense of proportion is essential in this as in other mat-

(Continued on page 9.)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**BALDWIN BLUNDERS.**

Mr. Baldwin's statement on disarmament was certainly "important." It was also rather unfortunate. We are not here concerned with the aspect in which it constituted an attempt to humour the fire-eating Churchills into silence. It has a wider scope in its reactions. Coming, as it does, immediately after the debate on the British Government's Disarmament proposals, it is bound to act as an unfavourable background to Captain Eden's mission. A threat to arm is at best only a plausible means of bringing about disarmament. Usually, it lends more grim speed to the armament race that is already going on. Mr. Baldwin's emphasis on the alternative, ill-judged and untimely, will weaken the "last attempt to deal with the problem of the security of Europe."

**WANTED INDIAN GOVERNORS.**

The appointment of Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan as Officiating Governor of the Punjab during Sir Herbert Emerson's absence on leave is welcome so far as it goes; but it does not enthuse Indians much, as they now demand that Governorships and Governor-Generalship should go to Indians as a rule and not as an exception, as permanent appointments and not temporary stop-gap ones. Non-Indian Governors, being only casual sojourners in India, do not, as a rule, fully understand Indian requirements and Indian mentality. They consequently fail to enlist the full co-operation of the people and to discharge their responsibilities quite satisfactorily. And the lakhs of rupees that are expended on them are practically lost to India. To the principle of Indianisation there can be no logical end. Indians should more effectively protest against the continued selection of non-Indians as Governors almost as a matter of course.

**NO NOMINATION.**

Dr. J. A. Collaco's Bill, seeking to re-amend the constitution of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee by vesting in the Government the right to nominate four of the sixteen members of the Committee is a retrograde measure and deserves to be strongly condemned by the Corporation. For nearly fifty years that Committee has been a wholly elected body, and it is amazing that any friend of local self-government should countenance in any form the reactionary principle of nomination by Government. As the Corporation has, over and over again, registered its objection to that principle, it should have no hesitation in condemning Dr. Collaco's Bill.

**A WORSE EVIL.**

The only reason why some well-meaning but short-sighted Corporators approve of the Bill is that it apparently does away with the communal representation, which was introduced into the constitution of the Committee in 1932 by Mr. Bole's Bill. But it is wrong to suppose that the new Bill will really end communalism in constituting the Board. So long as the causes that were responsible for the 1932 Act continue to operate, communal wrangling will exist in one form or other. Nomination will only aggravate it through the creatures of Government. The Bill will also create the pernicious feeling that Government are the best custodians of the interests of minority communities. It is not a lesser evil than the Act of 1932, but a worse evil. Communalism must be fought by other means than through nomination.

# Press Views

### Unwanted Bill

But it is easy to see that the States Protection Bill has created wide-spread irritation; and we do not think that this measure will be enough compensation for a further alienation of the feeling of the States subjects. It is claimed that the States have represented that the present law is no real safeguard for them. But we are entitled to know which States have made this representation. Mr. Natrajan says in his presidential address:—"But I have heard it from the lips of one of the biggest of them (Princes) that His Highness had not only not wanted it but was actually opposed to it." There were no doubt others also who did likewise.—"Forward."

### Protect Fine Counts

The Indian Tariff Board in their able report regarding the grant of protection to the cotton textile industry has given very cogent reasons for extending protection to the production of finer counts which are manufactured out of imported long staple cotton. It is stated that since the object of the Protection Act of 1930 was to preserve for the Indian industry the market which then existed for piece-goods which could be made from Indian cotton, the question of extending assistance to the Indian industry so as to enable it to undertake the production of finer counts was considered to be outside the scope of the Act. But this question was definitely reserved for consideration by the Tariff Board in 1932-33. The Board has pointed out that the grant of protection to the manufacture of piece-goods from imported cotton is not merely not inconsistent with the conditions laid down by the Fiscal Commission but must be regarded as a logical consequence of the grant of protection to the manufacture of goods from Indian cotton.—"Leader."

### Late Madhusudan Das

Babu Madhusudan Das is no more! He was old indeed, he was 86, and ailing for sometime too, but who would like to lose such a dear one? He was never pessimistic about the future of the Oriya race. Dismembered they might be, poor and weak, but Madhu Babu saw a glorious future before the hardworking, patient and uncomplaining race, who have been and, are helping in enriching other lands.—"New Orissa."

### The Peasant's Lot

Sir Joseph Bhore's worthy aim is to restore the industrial prices of 1931. But why? What about agricultural prices? What action has the Commerce Member taken to raise agricultural prices? The man whom Sir Joseph Bhore asks to buy a Japanese umbrella or an umbrella assembled in India—he has no money to buy that umbrella. He would see the umbrellas, during the coming rainy season, lying in the go-downs, while the millions of peasants go about letting the elements pour down on them mercilessly, to add to the other incessant, but more excruciating rain of land revenue, high taxes and low prices. When this spectacle is beheld, the Commerce Member will perhaps, withdraw his Industrial Tariff Bill and introduce an Agricultural Prices Raising Bill, with something of Roosevelt in him. But can the peasant wait till then?—"Daily News."

This lady—Mrs. Saudamini Mehta to our left—is incomfortably outspoken. And since she occupies the neighbouring columns there is no escape from her either. She is so characteristically categorical in her denunciations that it's no use arguing with her. She would simply refuse to agree that the whole trouble arises out of an inferiority complex—no, no, of course not, what we mean is inferiority complex in man.

Let us, therefore, bow, on behalf of the poor sex, before her wrath and plead guilty to every charge.

We confess we are supercilious and cynical. We have no answer to her "simple question" which is really devastating. And we further confess that we are sneakingly jealous of women.

* * * *

More. We proudly humble ourselves before our women-folk. We freely admit our humiliation in face of their record of service. And we cannot but hang our heads in shame when challenged on the inter-communal question.

* * * *

There is, however, one point on which we venture to disagree with her. "The ladies are welcome to flaunt their dresses and ornaments as much as they please," but in the name of all that is kind and merciful, let them confine the display to exclusively feminine gatherings.

* * * *

A fine snapshot published in the "Times of India," of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay riding on the H.O.H. Fete Grounds in a rickshaw pulled by a coolie labelled H.O.H. and appropriately dressed in hospital white, has made us think and wonder

(1) Was it part of one of the Fete attractions: A pageant of various means of human transport? Was, there, immediately behind the rickshaw, another coolie, a sort of Sindbad, bearing on his shoulders the Finance Member, say, of his Excellency's Government?

(2) Or—but don't let's be funny.

* * * *

To be serious, we appreciated the picture. It is a pictorially admirable proof of the considerateness that Sir Bohman Behram and his colleagues displayed towards te august visitor.

But how we wish the Governor had thankfully declined the offer!

* * * *

Happy news. Let's go into ecstacies over "New Indian Governor" as Anglo-India's poster would say. We congratulated you, you congratulate us, and let us all congratulate India. Khan Bahadur Captain Sardar Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan has been appointed to act as Governor "for a period not exceeding four months."

* * * *

According to the Foreign Secretary of the Government of India "Government hoped to be able to commence recruiting Indians to the Cypher Bureau as soon as certain new Codes under preparation were ready for use." Why wait? What is wrong—or right?—with the old codes?

Anyway, we hope the new Codes do not reduce the recruits—whom Government (a) hope, (b) to be able (c) to commence recruiting—to cyphers.

* * * *

If Paris messages are to be believed, the responsibility for everything rests with the Socialists.

Stavisky frauds extended over a period of years and eventually assumed the importance of a scandal. Socialists are to blame.

M. Chiappe wanted to stick to the Prefecture and he is credited with intentions of semi-dictatorship backed by Royalists. The Socialists are guilty.

M. Tardieu is alleged to be threatening France with Fascism. The Socialists must be punished for the crime.

No wonder that Reuter should not have failed to observe the obvious, to wit, that tthe Socialists are "now thoroughly discredited in the eyes of the electors."

At least we don't wonder.

* * * *

Some M.L.A.'s have given notice of a resolution recommending that immediate steps be taken for the levy of reasonable revenue duty on the export of gold.

They may be too late but they do wake up, these Rip Van Winkles.

* * * *

"FOOD SUPPLY TO BRITISH EMBASSY IN MOSCOW
Restrictions Not Removed"
—"Times of India."

These Russians are foolish, extremely foolish, to forget that the way to an Englishman's heart lies through the stomach.

* * * *

Indian Film stars and film producers had better look out. There is a stir in the Home of Realistic Farces and Melodramas, the Legislative Assembly of India. Some of its artists are turning their attention to Film land. They have already formed a "Film group."

# OUR READERS MUST SEND 2 LAKHS TO BIHAR

## Readers' Views

### GOVERNMENT & BEHAR

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is really surprising to note that the Government of India has not so far contributed anything towards the Bihar Relief Fund from the Government treasury. neither have they come out with any concrete proposals to meet the horrible situation which is being revealed in its true colours day after day by those who actua'ly visited the scene of happenings in the stricken area of unfortuate Bihar. It is the honest duty of any Government to look after the welfare of the land and its people in particular, but it seems that the Government has not as yet realised the gravity of the situation in Bihar and hence they have so far relied on public contributiors. Any way the public contributions which have by now reached the total of some lakhs will not be in any way sufficient in al'eviating the pressing grievances of Bihar. The Funds may be useful in giving temporary relief as is being given by the non-official and official relief committees and that too for some time.

Our national leaders and the Bihar Government's statements have put before us the vivid picture of the devastation caused by the Earthquake in Behar and that the estimated loss is about 12 crores. In view of this terrible loss the amount so far collected is quite insufficient to meet the wants of the people who have been deprived of whatever they had and have now to look to the public and to the Government for help.

In view of the inadequate funds that have been collected so far to meet the situation it will be an act of mercy on the part of the Central as well as the provincial Governments to sanction some crores towards the relief and reconstruction of Behar. Mr. K. F. Nariman has given a wise hint to the various Governments to utilise the Famine Relief Funds for this humanitarian work.

How long are Government of India going to wait! They have to declare their policy sooner or later. Then what is the use of delaying in such a matter which is the question of life and death of hundreds of our countrymen. In the end I wou'd like to appeal to the Government to follow the examp'e of the Japan Government when Japan had also experienced the wrath of Nature over ten years ago Hoping to be excused.—Yours etc.

V. H. COWLEY.

### Appeal To Merchants And Manufacturers

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am sending you anonymously a Rs. 5 note as I am ashamed to send such a small amount, though it is to me equivalent to a sacrifice of Rs. 10,000 in my present straitened circumstances owing to the depression having ruined my busniness.

I had seen better days, and would have remitted Rs. 5,000 to remove the distress of those severely afflicted by the earthquake. I have been carefully watching the list of the sums contributed through the various Funds, and feel that some persons known to me could have denied themselves a few pleasures and contributed more certainly, with the exception of a few honourable exceptions, especially the Princes and the aristocracy.

Small as they are as compared with what they might have been they are welcome all the same, and it is very creditable that you are doing a very praiseworthy thing in tapping the resources of your readers.

We must all remember, especially the merchants and manufacturers, that those afflicted by the disaster may have been and are directly or indirectly 'their customers.' and may have helped to a greater or smaller degree in amassing their present wealth, and in view of this undeniable fact, the question is as to whether the contributors, (poor people excepted) have opened their purse, but as to whether they have opened their purposes 'wide enough' and could not have contributed more than they have done, and yet increase their contributions further, is the humble opinion of a Beggared Parsi.—

BEGGARED PARSI.

Bombay, Feb. 9.

### Doctors Do Your Duty

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Through the columns of your esteemed paper, I take the liberty of requesting all the members of the medical profession to take part in the humanitarian work of swelling the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The influence of a doctor counts favourably upon the general public and he can easily induce them to contribute their mite for the relief of the homeless and starving people of Bihar.

Finding no solace in city life doctors have now penetrated into the villages, from where they can start the collections. For want of a reliable person to collect funds in village—this work has suffered most and the doctor being the most influential and reliable person, can take up this work. Now the earning season for the doctors is slack and they can very well utilise their time and energy towards this humanitarian work of collecting funds and sending the same to the "Bombay Chronicle."

I have been able to collect Rs. 230 within three days in a small town like Miyagam—Karjan and I expect to collect much more. The people are prepared to give their quota provided, some influential and reliable persons comes to their door for begging. Why should a doctor fight shy of begging from door to door just to feed the homeless and starving? Will it be unprofessional?

But up doctors! and start your work from to-day.—Yours, etc.,

DR. SHRIPADRAO S. KAIKINI

Miyagam-Karjan Feb. 8.

### H. O. H. Fete.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir—It would have been far better in the interest of the public as well as in the interest of the Hospital Funds if the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the H.O.H Fete or His Excellency the Governor of Bombay had made it clear before the public while opening the Fete yesterday evening how much money will actually be given to the Hospital Funds out of the gate-entrance money as well as the entrance to the various amusement places and how much will go to the contractors who have done this work. The public wants to know how much goes to Hospital Funds out of the income of every anna or rupee they (public) spend in the H.O.H Fete.

I am sure that the Committee will immediately make it clear.—Yours, etc.

SEASON-TICKET-HOLDER.

Feb. 8.

### "Let Kambli Resign And Give Up His Title"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Under the above glaring caption there appeared a report of the proceedings of the Non-Brahmin Youth Conference in the issue of your paper dated 11th September 1933. The report said that vitriolic philippics were poured on the Education Minister for not having done anything to advance the cause of primary education and for having betrayed the Non-Brahmin masses. I have no reason to doubt the authenticity of the said report especially when it appeared in a responsible journal like yours. If the report were false or misleading it was obviously the duty of the General Secretary of the Conference Mr. G V Mokashi to contradict it immediately and state the correct facts. But nothing to that effect was seen in the papers for five solid months until all of a sudden on the morning of the 5th inst. it took my breath away to read in your won journal t letter from Mr. G. V. Mokashi, denying the passing of any resolution to the above effect and expressing his full faith and confidence in Dewan Bahadu Kambli. Apart from the fact that it is rather too late in the day to publish such an explanation and regardless of the motive that may have inspired it at this late stage the Non-Brahmins will certainly welcome 'the return of the prodigal son.'—Yous. etc.

P. V. SHIRSAT.

### "D'Avoine Case"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Every right-minded citizen of Bombay must be glad that Dr. C. L. D'Avoine, the Editor of "Reason," was honourably acquitted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay. If the worthy doctor had been convicted on this absurd charge, the freedom of honest expression of opinion on superstitious beliefs and practices would have been impossible in this country.

As one who was present in Court during the trial, it struck me that the trend of the prosecution was frankly against Rationalism itself and it laboured hard to prove that Dr. D'Avoine's activities on behalf of Rationalism have been actuated all along by malice and deliberate intention to outrage the religious feelings of certain classes of people. To prove this the prosecution relied, not only on the two passages in the September issue of "Reason," which formed the charges against the doctor, but on a contributed article in that magazine as old as eighteen months ago, and also on other more recent articles of a purely academic nature.

That contributed article, itself, may not have been written in the best taste, but there was nothing in it to wound the feelings of anybody but the over-sensitive.

There is no doubt that some bigot or bigots have been carefully scrutinizing for a long time, every issue of "Reason" to find fault with it and have at last persuaded Government to launch this ridiculous prosecution. It was a pity that they preferred to hide behind the curtain. All the same, it is a lesson to all bigots and fanatics in this country that, it is not always successful, as it was in the past, to run to the Police for protection agains those who fearlessly expose the baneful and demoralising superstitions they teach to people, who are ready to believe all their nonsense for religion itself.

Dr. D'Avoine as you say in your leader on his case has done great service to the cause of true progress in India. For decades now, he has been doing it, in spite of the unpopular nature of the work and the slander that his opponents have heaped on his name.

Already his steady campaign has borne fruit. Many of the younger generation among all classes, including even the conservative Indian Christians, look upon him as a guide and philosopher for right and sane thinking and enlightenment.—Yours, etc,

SOCRATES

### Nine Nights Fete

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Proprietors of this Fete had advertised in the beginning that they would be giving one 10 horse power saloon car free and that the number would be drawn from the numbers of the entrance gate tickets. The Fete has been over and one has never read anything of the 10 h.p car having given to anybody whose ticket was drawn. Will the proprietors kindly enlighten the public on this point? Also they had advertised that a portion of the earning from this Fete, will be given to the ex-Service Association. Will the proprietors of the Fete or the ex-Service Association enlighten the public as to how much money have been received by the latter —Yours, etc.

VISITOR

## Official And Social

Mr. Aubrey Fletcher arrived at Government House on Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne visited the Prince of Wales Seamen's Institute and the Indian Sailors' Home on Thursday.

## 1 Lakh Sent To Rajen Babu

### BUT BIHAR WANTS SEVERAL CRORES

**We congratulate our readers on having, within a fortnight, contributed one lakh of rupees to aid their afflicted brethren in Bihar. But Bihar's need is great and urgent. A lakh is not enough.**

**When we made an appeal to our readers to send Rs. 1 lakh to Babu Rajendraprasad the entire truth about the disaster in Behar was not revealed. From the latest cable of Babu Rajendraprasad to Mr. Andrews it is seen that at least 20,000 persons have lost their lives and, it is suspected thousands of corpses are still lying under the debris. The need for relief to the survivers becomes the greater and no amount subscribed can be too high. Therefore, we appeal to our readers to add one more lakh to their contribution to Bihar and its unhappy people in their hour of need.**

**Bihar needs 15 crores for the work of relief and reconstruction. For temporary relief alone a crore is required. But so far only 15 lakhs have been subscribed. This response is poor and unworthy of a great country like ours.**

**All cheques sent to the "Chronicle" should be drawn in the name of the "Chronicle" Earthquake Relief Fund.**

**In this humanitarian work all service counts. The rupee of a poor man is as welcome as a thousand rupees of a rich man. We, therefore, appeal to heads of offices and firms to collect subscriptions from their employees and send the amounts to us to be forwarded to Babu Rajendraprasad.**

**On Friday sum of Rs. 3,500 was collected, making the total upto-date collection Rs. 1,08,500.**

**The tenth instalment of Rs. 10,000 was sent to Babu Rajendraprasad yesterday, through the Central Bank of India, making the total amount sent so far Rs. 1 lakh.**

**We publish below the remainder of the list of contributions received on Wednesday and part of the list of contributions received on Thursday.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mathemetics Group Senior B A Elphinstone College | 11 | 0 |
| Chhotubhai Methadevji Mehta Maroli as below | 10 | 0 |
| Chhotubhai Kanthadji | 5 | 0 |
| Chintamani Manchharam | 3 | 0 |
| Manibhai Kalyanji Desai | 2 | 0 |
| Rs. | 10 | 0 |
| Patel Lalubhai Desaibhai Gash as below | 6 | 0 |
| Lalubhai Desaibhai Patel | 1 | 0 |
| Dr Vithalbhai Pathabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Sha Lalubhai Maganbhai | 1 | 0 |
| Sha Wagardas Okhabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Sha Rikhanchand Dalchhabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Sha Harichand Sakarchand | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 6 | 0 |
| Ambalal Khusaldas | 5 | 0 |
| Dr J V Jogi | 5 | 0 |
| J B Aanjaria | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Devidas Trikamdas | 1 | 0 |
| Mrs Hirabhai Devidas Trikamdas | 1 | 0 |
| Miss Bakli Chandulal | 10 | 0 |
| Mr A G Wadkarani | 3 | 0 |
| Mr V S D | 10 | 0 |
| Staff of Messrs Sabnis Goragoanker and Senjit through Solicitor's Clerks Association as below | 11 | 0 |
| D R Bhandarkar | 2 | 0 |
| D D Vartak | 2 | 0 |
| D R Barve | 1 | 0 |
| S Ayyar | 1 | 0 |
| B L Chhatre | 1 | 0 |
| M H Mehta | 1 | 0 |
| B P Mhatre | 1 | 0 |
| V R Samant | 1 | 0 |
| G B Khale | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 11 | 0 |
| Seth Panachand Madhavji | 51 | 0 |
| Wuhalsingh Chacha | 5 | 0 |
| Rajendra K Shah | 1 | 0 |
| Parekh and Co. | 11 | 0 |
| P K G Elayadom | 5 | 0 |
| G V Prabhu | 1 | 0 |
| Malad Citizens Relief fund through B G Mahatre as below | 52 | 13 |
| Madhavprasad N Pandit, Solicitor | 5 | / |
| Krishna Kaloji | 1 | 0 |
| P D Keny | 1 | / |
| Kisanlal Jagannath | 11 | 0 |
| Proceeds Tarabhai Circus at Malad | 23 | 0 |
| D V Mahant | 2 | 0 |
| Ajnati (Non-Communalist) | 1 | 0 |
| D M Karve | 1 | 0 |
| T P Mahant | 1 | 0 |
| Pandarinath G Agaskar | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous Collections | 5 | 13 |
| Rs. | 52 | 13 |
| Bai Shirinbhai M Cooper | 96 | 0 |
| Shah Chunilal Punjabhai | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Vadilal Ochhavalal | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Chamanlal Chhotalal | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Goradhandas Mohanlal | 1 | 0 |
| Pandit Shambuprasad | 1 | 0 |
| Shinaharakh P S Rao | 10 | 0 |
| Ramaniklal Manilal | 11 | 0 |
| Sir Lalubhai Samaldas 1st Instalment | 125 | 0 |
| Chandal Chokedi Andheri | 51 | 0 |
| Khan-Saheb Dastur of P W D Bombay | 11 | 4 |
| Students of the 3rd Standard of New Bombay High School | 5 | 8 |
| Students of the 2nd Standard of New Bombay High School | 5 | 4 |
| Students of the 6th Standard of Ney Bombay High School | 1 | 0 |
| The Staff of the Jupitor General Insurance Co Ltd. Students of G T | 55 | 1 |
| Vidiyalaya Mandvi Bombay N 3 Sumanbag Chorwad | 25 | 0 |
| From the Trustees of Gold and Silver Merchants Dharam Kanta 2nd Instalment | 1000 | 0 |
| From the tenants of Golapitha Visharam Building as below | 45 | 0 |
| Shah Mosanlal Chhaganlal | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Mosanlal Lalubhai | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Maganlal Paramandas Bauta | 5 | 0 |
| Gordhandas Chhaganlal | 5 | 0 |
| Mistry Lalubhai Sukhram | 5 | 0 |
| Ishavarlal D. Joshi | 5 | 0 |
| Velji Jagajivan Bhutta | 2 | 0 |
| Dalsukhbhai Harilal | 1 | 0 |
| Dungerdas Manatharam | 1 | 0 |
| Venishanker Pranshanker | 1 | 0 |
| Hiralal Madhavaji | 1 | 0 |
| Prabhudas Mayachand | 1 | 0 |
| Amratlal Kadia | 1 | 0 |
| Amtharam Keshavlal | 1 | 0 |
| Ratanji Narashi | 1 | 0 |
| Devaji Narashi | 1 | 0 |
| New Reliance Laundery | 1 | 0 |
| Mulshanker Nurbheram | 1 | 0 |
| Ratilal Shamji | 1 | 0 |

(Continued on Page 10)

## In And Around Bombay

*(From Our Staff Correspondents).*

### *Novel Transit Method*

The sub-committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber is considering an interesting matter which affects the trade of Bombay. It is understood that some cotton merchants in order to evade payment of duty, have been diverting the export of cotton bales right to the stream in the sea and thence loading the same into the steamers. The merchants from Central Provinces and Khandesh are sending their cotton via Surat to Mumbra and thence to the stream on the steamer through the creeks. It is said, this kind of transport is cheaper by Rs. 200 per 100 bales. They save by this method not only transit charges but also duties and taxes which mount up to several lakhs of rupees every year, on the total export. The G. I. P. Railway, it is reported, is trying to meet the cotton merchants' half way, by constructing a Cotton depot at Mumbra thereby making some money for itself for the loss of transit charges by rail. The Port Trust, the Bombay Municipality and the B. B. and C. I. Railway will be hard hit by this novel method of transit.

### Dadar-Matunga Tram Service

The question that is being very frequently asked by the residents of Bombay North is, as to how long, it would be, before tram service between Dadar and Matunga starts. With the growth of population in the North, especially, in the Parsi Colony, the Hindu Colony, and Matunga, inconvenience is being felt by the residents for want of speedy conveyance. It was stated a few days ago that the Bombay Tramway Company had obtained the necessary sanction both from the Municipality and the local Government for starting the Dadar-Matunga service, but so far nothing by way of work has been done. The lay-out for the track is already there, and if the Tramway Company would only pay a little more attention to the matter, the work would be expedited and the public clamour for some sort of cheap conveyance would be satisfied.

### Hindustan Co-op. Insurance Society

The report of the Hindustan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., for the year ended 30th April, 1933 shows that this wholly Swadeshi institution founded in 1907 has amply maintained its reputation as a progressive Life Insurance society. In the year under report nearly 13,000 policies were accepted assuring an aggregate amount of Rs. 2,01,09,-694. The new business represented an increase of over 41 per cent on the preceding year's figures. This is creditable indeed in a year of depression. The total business on the books at present shows that the policies in force at the end of the year was 42,246, assuring a total sum of Rs. 7,07,69,036. The Consulting Actuary Mr. L. E. Clinton, says in his valuation report in 1932 that the Society's "continued and progressive expansion of business is most satisfactory."

### Butter-Milk In Restaurants

During the last two or three years a number of restaurants in the city have been supplying cold butter-milk or "chhas" to their customers. This butter-milk is cooled in refrigerators or ice-cream moulds and served to the customers, who enjoy it as refreshing and cooling. A number of clerks in the city working in the Fort area make it a point to take "cold chhas" every day. It would be interesting for them to know how this "chhas" is prepared in many restaurants and once they personally see for themselves how it is done, it is doubtful if they would take it again. The "chhas" is made from curds and is served till the restaurants are closed at night. Whatever remains of it during the night at the closing time, is mixed in the curd the following day and served again as "chhas" to the customers the following day. If they complain of the "chhas" being unusually sour, the stereo-typed answer is given that less water was poured in the curds which were consequently rather sour. This process of mixing stale "chhas" in the next day's preparation goes on "ad infinitum" till by chance some day the whole stock is exhausted. How much injurious it is to take this kind of "chhas" only those can say who get sick by its effects. Surely, the Municipal Health Department should have better supervision on the restaurants and put a stop to this kind of practice which is injurious to the health of the public.

## *ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE*

(Continued from Page 8)

ters. Dresses which are becoming on occasions of marriage or festival are not exactly suitable when there is a gathering of women to discuss questions of importance affecting the life of women and children. At the social functions, the ladies are welcome to flaunt their dresses and ornaments as much as they please; but to do so in the Conference is a vulgar display which makes the women see more of one another's dresses and ornaments than think of the questions under discussion. As a result, the Conference has become rather swanky and several women sincerely desirous of rendering social service fight shy of this Conference only because of this deplorable tendency. It is, therefore, very necessary that the Conference should imbibe the message of simplicity if it is to attract more genuine social workers and prove more valuable.

A SAD FEATURE.

How unutterably sad it is that, despite all the work and suffering of the last few years, even educated and well-to-do women are indifferent to the need of Swadeshi! If poor and ignorant women argue in favour of purchase of cheap foreign cloth and articles and are unable to understand the necessity of sacrifice for national good, it is at least understandable; but these "ladies" have no right even to argue and yet shame-facedly display their foreign clothes day after day at the Conference and outside! If the Conference cannot alter this state of affairs and change the outlook of its own members, how can it hope to spread the message of Swadeshi or have its resolutions respected? Such action will have another beneficial effect. It is imperative that the Conference should prove by its attitude and action that it is not a conference of some aristocratic and plutocratic "ladies" but that its doors are open to women of all creeds and social positions. It is, therefore necessary to make its whole atmosphere democratic in every possible way.

COMMUNAL UNITY.

I would like to emphasise, in conclusion, that the Women's Conference has certainly served and promoted the cause of women in a variety of ways. The greatest service it has rendered is to show to the Government no less than the public that there is r essential unity between Hindus and Mussalmans as well as other minority communities. The harmony and co-operation with which the work of the Conference is carried on by women of different communities should serve as an example to men and shame them into action for achieving intercommunal unity. It is entirely wrong to believe, as is often done, that the Conference is content merely with passing resolutions. Anyone who heard or has read the annual report presented to the last session by the distinguished Organising Secretary of the Conference, Rani Rajwade, knows what the various branches of the Conference have done in regard to removal of untouchability, organising Swadeshi exhibitions, propaganda against child marriage, medical inspection of children in primary schools, reservation of parks and squares for "purda" ladies, adult education and so forth. It is necessary that the public should know the kind of work which the Conference workers are doing as it is a fashion among the so-called "intellectual" men to make cheap sneers about the Conference. It should not be forgotten that our Conference is still only eight years old and during that short period has had several achievements to its credit apart from its service in having educated public opinion and assisted measures of social reform like the Sarda Act. To those men, whose main business it is to be supercilious and cynical about everything concerning women, I have only one simple question to put. Every year innumerable Conferences of various sorts are held all over the country by men: what solid, constructive and tangible work do 'they' achieve and what do they do except pass resolutions and make speeches? The fact is that the vast majority of men are so narrow-minded that they cannot 'bear' the idea of women meeting together to solve their own problems, obtain equal rights as citizens and secure freedom as individuals. It is this unconscious jealousy of men against women and their incapacity to regard them as having independent personalities of their own which make these men unable to judge such public activities of women dispassionately. The Conference need not be deferred by such shallow criticism; it has a distinct and valuable contribution to make to the great task of social reconstruction in India and must vigorously press on with its work to achieve its noble purposes.

## *POONA JOURNALIST JAILED*

POONA, Feb. 9.

Mr. S. R. Patankar a Sub-Editor of the "Sakal", of Poona City was to-day found guilty under section 19 (F) of the Arms Act for being in possession of a sword stick and he was sentenced to four months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 by the City Magistrate of Poona. A.P.

In order to suggest ways and means to prevent the erosion of the sea near Royapuram and Cossimode (Madras) which has been engaging the attention of the government for some time, a committee has been appointed with Mr. Brackenbury, Member of the Revenue Board, as chairman, with instructions to submit a report as early as possible.

# OUR READERS' RESPONSE TO BIHAR'S CALL

(Continued from page 9).

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bhikamchand Bodaji & A. Sympathiser | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 45 | 0 |
| Pranlal Hiralal Setn | 1 | 0 |
| A Parsi | 150 | 0 |
| From the tennants of Paramanand's buildings Thakordwar Through Amaratlal Ranachhod as below | 116 | 0 |
| Manekl'al Ranchhoddas | 5 | 0 |
| One Sympthiser | 5 | 0 |
| Thakorieng Bandurshi | 5 | 0 |
| Sakalchand Mansukhlal | 5 | 0 |
| Jathabhai Narashi | 5 | 0 |
| Chinchni Porawad Club | 11 | 0 |
| Vrajalal Jagjivan | 2 | 0 |
| Ratilal Motilal | 2 | 0 |
| Dhondu Baba'i Bidiwa'a | 2 | 0 |
| Tilak-Dhari | 1 | 4 |
| Narabdabai | 2 | 0 |
| Rasiklal Pranjivan | 1 | 0 |
| Kantilal Govind | 1 | 0 |
| Ishavardas Tulashibai | 1 | 0 |
| Prabhashanker Khemreji | 1 | 0 |
| Chhotalal | 1 | 0 |
| Shantilal V. Raval | 1 | 0 |
| Gopaldas Chinchniwala | 1 | 0 |
| Bhavaji Duragashanker | 1 | 0 |
| Virachand Nacha Tailor | 1 | 0 |
| Kantilal Chandulal | 1 | 0 |
| Narayan Hari | 1 | 0 |
| Bali-Baba | 1 | 0 |
| Harilal | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Nana | 1 | 0 |
| Rama Chandra-Ganu | 1 | 0 |
| Shamarao Pandurang | 1 | 0 |
| Sisad Pujari | 1 | 0 |
| Rajaram Krusana | 1 | 0 |
| Hari Laxaman | 1 | 0 |
| Devganu-Buva | 1 | 0 |
| Purdilik Lala | 1 | 0 |
| Vishnu Bala Mu'le | 1 | 0 |
| Maruti Beru | 1 | 0 |
| Shitaram Ganapat | 1 | 0 |
| Marubi Ganu | 1 | 0 |
| Sandu Sakaram | 1 | 0 |
| Lakhamaji Mahadeo | 1 | 0 |
| Namdeo Natyaba | 1 | 0 |
| Balavant Nadhu | 1 | 0 |
| Narayan Hari | 1 | 0 |
| Kod'bai Malti | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Bava | 1 | 0 |
| Daji Rao | 1 | 0 |
| Krushana Aba Chohana | 1 | 0 |
| Ramachandra Madhu | 1 | 0 |
| Babu Sandu | 1 | 0 |
| Nadha Mahar | 1 | 0 |
| Sitabai | 1 | 0 |
| Babu Govind | 1 | 0 |
| Usubai Ramu | 1 | 0 |
| Goradhandas Karamchand | 1 | 0 |
| Sitabai Kamchand | 1 | 0 |
| Narashi Ramji | 1 | 0 |
| Sadashiva Peraji | 1 | 0 |
| Dhodhi Balu | 1 | 0 |
| Jamai Mahavat | 1 | 0 |
| Bandu Maruti | 1 | 0 |
| Nagu Laxaman | 1 | 0 |
| Sitaram Maruti | 1 | 0 |
| Tiuker Ishavar Dewas | 1 | 0 |
| Madhu Vithu | 1 | 0 |
| Govind Krishana | 1 | 0 |
| Rangu Vithu | 1 | 0 |
| Dalya'al Ishavardas | 1 | 0 |
| Sonuram | 1 | 0 |
| Ganapat Pardu | 1 | 0 |
| Maruti Ba'a | 1 | 0 |
| Narayan Apa | 1 | 0 |
| Kesari Sakharam | 1 | 0 |
| Nathu Motta | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Junna | 1 | 0 |
| Janabai | 1 | 0 |
| Metaji | 1 | 0 |
| Ragu Pandu | 1 | 0 |
| Bandhu Maruti | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous | 5 | 12 |
| Rs. | 116 | 0 0 |
| The Staff of Sarasawati cine-tone Co Bombay | 51 | 8 0 |
| From the Staff and students of Shree Kachh-Bisha Osaval (Deharavasi) Jain Pathasala | 126 | 0 0 |
| From the Gents of Navasari Jain peop'e as below | 153 | 0 0 |
| Rs. | a. | |
| Shah Khusalchand Khumchand, Shah Q Raichand Khusalchand | 25 | 0 |
| Bai Vali through Shah J Chand Rupaji | 25 | 0 |
| Shah Gulabchand Takchand through Shah Lalubhai Gulabchand | 15 | 0 |
| Shah Bhagvanji Khusalji through Bai Echha | 10 | 0 |
| Shah Virchand Gulabchand | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Rupaji Jivaji through J Chand Rupaji | 5 | 0 |
| Bai Kanku through Shah Maganlal Fakirchand | 5 | 0 |
| Ben Sarashawati | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Namchand Fakirchand | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Bhagaji Premji through Devchand Bhagaji | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Javerchand Bhagji through Nathubhai Javerchand | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Fulchand Prasji | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Chhaganlal Lalubhai | 5 | 0 |
| Bai Maniben | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Bhagavanji Jathabhai | 3 | 0 |
| Jagjivandas Bhagavanji | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Ramchandra Premji | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Virchand Galaji through Kalidas Virchand | 2 | 0 |
| Sonji Dulabhdas Gopalji | 1 | 0 |
| Sonji Jekisandas Damodardas | 2 | 0 |
| Patel Belchar Hiree | 1 | 0 |
| Sonji Purshotam Jamanadas | 1 | 0 |
| Sonji Valja Kevel | 1 | 0 |
| Vithaldas Hiralal | 1 | 0 |
| Somi Manilal Velji | 1 | 0 |
| Gooverchandas Chhabildas | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Gandabhai Talakchand | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Motichand Manaji through Gulabchand Motichand | 2 | 0 |
| Premchand Dhanaji through Panachand | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Nemchand Hakimchand | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Dakhabhai Dipachand | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Ladoo | 1 | 0 |
| One Jain Sympathiser | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 153 | |
| Rs. | a. | |
| Auditors Staff of the Gondal State Railway through Joshi Bros. Gondal as below: | 37 | 4 |
| Rs. | a. | |
| Duralabhji Ranchhod Joshi Auditors | 5 | 0 |
| Mohanlai Devachand Padia | 2 | 0 |
| Jamnadas Nadubhai | 5 | 0 |
| Laxman Anand | 2 | 0 |
| Shantilal Narayanprasad | 1 | 0 |
| Shantilal Shamalji | 1 | 0 |
| Vajishanker Govindram | 1 | 0 |
| Amarchand Popatlal | 1 | 0 |
| Dalapatram Bholashanker | 1 | 0 |
| Harilal Raghavaji | 1 | 0 |
| Chunilal Madhavaji | 1 | 0 |
| Nahasukhlal Monaji | 1 | 0 |
| Damodar Ladhabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Tribhovan Vadaji | 1 | 0 |
| Narayan Kuverji | 1 | 0 |
| Devashanker Bhagavani | 1 | 0 |
| Laxmishanker Shivashanker | 1 | 0 |
| Benshihaji Patabhi | 1 | 0 |
| Bhaishanker Mayaram | 1 | 0 |
| Nanalal Shivlal | 1 | 0 |
| Maganlal Hakimchand | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous | 6 | 4 |
| Rs. | 37 | 4 |
| Rs. | a. | |
| Seth Narotamdas Harjivandas and Lodhavala Ankleshwar | 25 | 0 |
| Mohmad Abdul Raheman Bhagai | 1 | 0 |
| India Coldrink House, Kalbadevi | 5 | 0 |
| From the Panch Patel Bechhar Vithal for the Gujarati Dhobi Damania Tada | 25 | 4 |
| G V Kandloor | 1 | 0 |
| Kalyanji Keshavji Gujarathi Dhobi | 2 | 0 |
| Ramji Ukarji Gujarati Dhobi | 1 | 0 |
| Kharva Kacharabhai Mavaji | 1 | 0 |
| Gujarathi Dhobi Narayan, Jivanji Umar Goanvalla | 2 | 0 |
| Padmavati P. Desai | 5 | 0 |
| Mrs. Satyavati Karsondas Narotamdas | 51 | 0 |
| From Mazgaon Bazar Varma Patel through Bombay Grain Dealers Association as below: | 120 | 4 |
| Shah Pansu Ladha Matar Pakhadi Bhaji Palawadi | 3 | 4 |
| From the Bazaar of Matar Pakhadi through Ramaji Shivaji | 15 | 4 |
| Shah Pasu Kaya from Anjirwadi | 5 | 4 |
| From Hathi Baug through Champashi Dhanaji | 25 | 4 |
| From Suraj Kund Bazar through Ramji Monashi | 1' | 4 |
| From Kansara Bazar Mazagaon through Bhanji Pacamshi | 30 | 4 |
| From Jusi Bazar Mazagaon through Kanayhi Purashi | 5 | 4 |
| From Nical Godi Mazagaon through Kuverji Malaji | 10 | 4 |
| Mazagaon Daru Pitha through Lalji Virji | 5 | 4 |
| Rs. | 120 | 4 |
| Indian Staff of the National Bank of India | 193 | 2 |
| Choksy Samant H Shavji & Co., Zaveri | 101 | 0 |
| From Kanji Nagarji Patel Vapi as below | 142 | 12 |
| Seth Usufkhan Abdul Harim Keshrukhaji | 51 | 0 |
| Seth Isamaudin Sikhsaheb Khute | 7 | 0 |
| Seth Ahmed Shaikh Amirshaikh Patel | 25 | 0 |
| Patel Trikamlal Hiralal | 5 | 0 |
| Vasantlal Ishvarlal Excise Inspector Lavachha | 5 | 0 |
| Patel Narshibhai Naranbhai | 5 | 0 |
| Somi Dayalji Nadha | 0 | 8 |
| Khoja Visharam Abdul | 1 | 0 |
| Mistry Ratanji Nana | 1 | 0 |
| Khoja Karamali Pirbhai | 1 | 0 |
| Bhavasar Nagindas Golabhai | 1 | 0 |
| Desai Khandubhai Harjbhai | 35 | 4 |
| Desai Nagarji Naranji | 11 | 0 |
| Rs. | 148 | 12 |
| The Swadeshi Vastra Bhandar Kumta | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. V. M. Pandit as below: | 25 | 0 |
| Vinayek M. Pandit | 10 | 0 |
| Mrs. Kailash Vinayek Pandit | 5 | 0 |
| Master Rajnekant V. Pandit | 4 | 0 |
| Miss Saneh Lata V. Pandit | 3 | 0 |
| Master Praful V. Pandit | 3 | 0 |
| Rs. | 25 | 0 |
| Tribhavandas Narotamdas Malvi | 75 | 0 |
| Allibhai Haiderbhai Chitalwala | 11 | 0 |
| Mr. R. C. Wagani | 1 | 4 |
| Chhaganlal Memhaji Govind Raghunath Sukhtankar | 5 | 0 |
| Jamnadas Valaji | 1 | 0 |
| Seth Ravaji Morarji | 5 | 0 |
| Tulashidhas Khimji | 501 | 0 |
| Girdharlal Dipachand Mehta & Co. | 251 | 0 |
| Narsarvanji Eduji | 35 | 0 |
| | 1 | 0 |
| The following amount was received on Friday:— | | |
| From. New Nagpada Muslim's Mandal through Mamanbani Batatawala | 61 | 8 |
| Mrs Sugnibai Fatechand Bohri | 15 | 0 |
| Mulchand Ghanasamdas | 1 | 0 |
| Goradhandas | 1 | 0 |
| Enderji Manekchand Jeebutivalla through Chhotalal Kasturchand | 1000 | 0 |
| Harichandra Shankerbhai | 5 | 0 |
| Salivateeshwaran | 1 | 0 |
| Narandas Tiloamull Nagarthathewalla | 5 | 0 |
| Soni Wanardas Jeechand Bhavnagarwalla | 5 | 0 |
| Soni Balubhai Zaver | 3 | 0 |
| Chunilal Ranchhoddas Randeria | 11 | 0 |
| Mangalji Hindu Society from Public Collection | 63 | 10 |
| Machanji Kanji | 51 | 0 |
| A H Yusaf | 50 | 0 |
| A Jarathosti | 5 | 0 |
| Indian Staff of the Bank of India Ltd. clearing House as below | Rs. 9 | 0 |
| D M Hardikar | 1 | 0 |
| D J Davar | 1 | 0 |
| Vasantrao Vinayakrao | 1 | 0 |
| T V Churi | 1 | 0 |
| V P Shah | 1 | 0 |
| V J Vora | 1 | 0 |
| Parsi Sympathiser | 1 | 0 |
| J H Shah | 1 | 0 |
| R H Apte | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 9 | 0 |
| Mistri Jinabhai Kalianji in memory of his late father | 51 | 0 |
| Municipal Gamdevi Guiarati School Bombay | Rs. 11 | 9 3 |
| Dr Abhyankar Mrs Abhayankar of Bassain | 50 | 0 |
| K P | 1 | 0 |
| Rugumoi Dunichand Mulatini | 5 | 0 |
| N Dipachand from the Resident of Bombay Audichya | 2 | 0 |
| Bkrahaman of Sidhpur as below | 30 | 0 |
| Bhaishanker Prabhashanker Daver | 10 | 0 |
| Rameshawar Harivallabh Thakore | 5 | 0 |
| Kalidas Chunilal Thakore | 4 | 0 |
| Narayan Aditaram Padhya | 3 | 0 |
| Mangaljji Kakalbhai Padhya | 3 | 0 |
| Hargovind Girjashanker Trivedi | 1 | 0 |
| Somanath Maneklal Trivedi | 1 | 0 |
| Ravishanker Rughanathaji Thaker | 1 | 0 |
| Shankerlal Chhabar Bhatt | 1 | 0 |
| Devashanker Madhavalall | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 30 | 0 |
| The Staff of the Kohergaon Branch of B P C Bank Ltd | 10 | 0 |
| Naval Ratanji Sethna | 101 | 0 |
| Ardeshir Dhanjisha Sethna | 1 | 0 |
| One Mookti family Thakordwar | 7 | 0 |
| Mr T A N Pilley | 10 | 0 |
| Manganlal Desai | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Ravji Khimrai as below | 71 | 8 |
| Shah Ravaji Khemaraja | 25 | 4 |
| Shah Saria Keshava | 5 | 4 |
| Shah Lalji Mepa | 5 | 4 |
| Shah Tokershi Gola | 5 | 4 |
| Shah Virchand Navalaji | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Megharaja Anaraja | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Velaji Ramji | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Lalaji Kanji | 2 | 8 |
| Sh Khengaraji Govaji | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Fusaji Nagaraji | 2 | 8 |
| Shah Pethaji Parakaji | 2 | 4 |
| Sha Gamanaji Lakhamaji | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Asuji Lubhaji | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Kesharimal Sobhaji | 2 | 0 |
| Shah Lakhu Vasaia | 1 | 4 |
| Shah Marethi Sonu Dhaku | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 71 | 8 |
| Members of the Hindoo Sarvajanik Vyayam Shala as below | 26 | 0 |
| Bhide S B | 5 | 0 |
| Gaitonde V K | 4 | 0 |
| Kerkar B R | 2 | 0 |
| Kirtiker R B | 1 | 0 |
| Kolwalkar P V | 2 | 0 |
| Kothare G B | 1 | 0 |
| Lele S K | 2 | 0 |
| Patnekar P G | 2 | 0 |
| Pradhan A S | 2 | 0 |
| Sakhardande M A | 3 | 0 |
| Vakil B H | 2 | 0 |
| Rs. | 26 | 0 |
| Staff of Akbaralli Hatimbhai & Co. of Rasinula Karkhanawala | 21 | 0 0 |
| From the staff of Shroff Bros., as below:— | 26 | 0 0 |
| Ardeshar Jamshedji Shroff | 5 | 0 |
| Nadarsha Jamshedji Shroff | 5 | 0 |
| Ahmad Hasam (Sardargadhwala) | 5 | 0 |
| Gani Hassam | 2 | 0 |
| Lalaji Keshavji | 2 | 0 |
| Gopal Nana | 2 | 0 |
| Behramji Doshabhai Tabelawala | 1 | 0 |
| Ramchandra Bavarao Vadavanker | 1 | 0 |
| Atmaram Keshav Likhite | 1 | 0 |
| Dullabha Nana | 1 | 0 |
| Jeram Prabhu Patel | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 26 | 0 |
| One Parsi thro' Bharat House Agency | 25 | 0 |
| From the staff of Messrs. B. G. Vakharia & Co., as below:— | 9 | 0 |
| Nemchand Valji Mehta | 3 | 0 |
| Bhimaji Kalidas Shah | 2 | 0 |
| Ishavarlal Pranshanker Pathak | 2 | 0 |
| Govindji Laxmichand Gandhi | 2 | 0 |
| Rs. | 9 | 0 |
| Narbadashanker Pitamber Raval | 12 | 0 |
| Bai Gulab Abhechand Lakadavalla | 15 | 0 |
| Bai Ujam Abhechand Lakdawalla | 10 | 0 |
| Ben Samajee | 5 | 0 |
| Laxmibai Krushanaji Tikeba thro' Jal Navarosji Kanga | 25 | 0 |
| Damodar Acharya Guru Barabhadraji Dabhoi | 11 | 0 |
| From the Labours of Chaturbhai Gokaldas & Co. | 25 | 0 |
| Khengarji Jemalaji Jadeja (Cutch Nalia) | 30 | 0 |
| From the Cutch Jain Hitavardhak Mandal | 50 | 0 |
| Chhaganlal G. Nanavati as below:— | 6 | 0 |
| Chhaganlal G. Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Mrs. Nirmala Chhaganlal Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Hareshkumar Chhaganlal Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Sureshkumar Chhaganlal Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Shirishkumar Chhaganlal Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Miss Kumari Chhaganlal Nanavati | 1 | 0 |
| Rs. | 6 | 0 |
| Jayantilal Odhavji Post Madugala | 5 | 0 |
| Mrs. I. and S. | 5 | 0 |
| Amratlal Jaduram Adalja | 1 | 0 |
| Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye | 5 | 0 |
| Harala D. B. | 7 | 0 |
| Nanabhai Sapurji Gandhi | 10 | 0 |
| D. H. Avasia | 11 | 0 |
| From the Fund of Poor Labourers of late Seth Palanji Shapurji Mistry thro' Bhaguji Baluji Kir | 1,001 | 0 |
| Shri Dasha Nima Lahiri Club Balasinor & Bombay as below: | 101 | 0 |
| Seth Haralalji Banosa | 5 | 0 |
| Deshmukh Bros. | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Nathamal Banichand Babali | 13 | 0 |
| Seth Kanji Sangaji Banosa | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Lavaji Bechar Banosa | 1 | 0 |
| Kanushing & Devamanshing Babali | 5 | 0 |
| Ganapat Narayan Chohan Banosa | 4 | 0 |
| Daroga Cotton Market | 1 | 0 |
| Vishavanath Maruti Lakhia Babali | 11 | 0 |
| Panditji Saheb Dariapur | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Haranandria Surajaram | 15 | 0 |
| Pandharinathji | 2 | 0 |
| Nandaram | 1 | 0 |
| Balabokas | 1 | 0 |
| Seth Nagindas Jadavji Banosa | 1 | 0 |
| Dr. Ratilal Druva | 1 | 0 |
| Mahomed Gavas | 1 | 0 |
| Seth Talakchand Chotalal Yevada | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Panalal Hiralal Banosa | 11 | 0 |
| Seth Tanasukh Bansidhar Banosa | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Sitaram Dwarkadas | 4 | 0 |
| Utamarao | 1 | 0 |
| Mohanlal Dungershi Sashan | 2 | 0 |
| Vallabhdas Chakkiwalla Banosa | 5 | 0 |
| Rs. | 101 | 0 |
| Staff of the Acme Manufacturing Co. Ltd., as below:— | 67 | 8 |
| Madhavrao N Jojnirkar | 8 | 0 |
| S L. Amladi | 6 | 0 |
| Hans Lawetzky | 5 | 0 |
| R. S. Iyer | 5 | 0 |
| H. R. Krishnamurti | 5 | 0 |
| R. S. Salvi | 4 | 8 |
| Pragji V. Shah | 3 | 0 |
| Y. D. Gadgil | 2 | 8 |
| B. N. Vyas | 1 | 0 |
| D. V. Amladi | 2 | 0 |
| D. S. Sakalker | 2 | 0 |
| J. A. Saldanha | 1 | 8 |
| C. V. Shukla | 3 | 0 |
| L. P. Upadhyaya | 1 | 8 |
| S. D. Khandekar | 1 | 8 |
| N. D. Padhye | 1 | 8 |
| B. R. Joshi | 1 | 0 |
| S. V. Sharma | 1 | 0 |
| M. G. Thakkar | 1 | 8 |
| S. A. Purao | 1 | 0 |
| N. R. Naik | 2 | 0 |
| D. S. Nagarnath | 1 | 8 |
| Sundry collections | 6 | 8 |
| Rs | 67 | 8 |
| The Bombay Paper & Stationary Merchants' Association | 1,090 | 4 |
| From the teachers of Bhuleshwar Central Gujarati School | 25 | 0 |
| A Sympathiser | 5 | 0 |
| The Staff of Messrs. Vachha & Co., Solicitors Bombay | 37 | 8 |
| Madhavlal Prahaladji | 2 | 0 |
| Shantilal Devchand | 5 | 0 |
| Popatlal B. Shah Banosa Darayapur (Berar) | 101 | 0 |
| The Madhavji Dharamshi Mills Weaving Dept. working Binding Kandi Mechanic Clerks, Hindu-Mahomedans | 333 | 4 |
| Narsee Hemaraj | 15 | 0 |
| Hon. Secretary Hindusabha Karwar as below:— | 72 | 0 |
| S. D. Nadkarni and N. D. Nadkarni | 10 | 0 |
| G. V. Wagh | 10 | 0 |
| Messrs. R. G. Kamat and Bros. | 5 | 0 |
| Messrs. V. L. Bhujle and Bros. | 5 | 0 |
| M. M. Shanbhag, pleader | 5 | 0 |
| Messrs. Haldipurkar Brothers | 5 | 0 |
| Y. T. Nadkarni pleader | 3 | 0 |
| D. M. Kulkarni | 2 | 0 |
| S. S. Wagle | 2 | 0 |
| Messrs. Pai Bros. | 2 | 0 |
| D. S. Desai | 2 | 0 |
| V. D. Bolshettikar | 2 | 0 |
| N. N. Joshi, pleader | 1 | 0 |
| Dr. K. N. Mujumdar | 1 | 0 |
| P. S. Kamat, pleader | 1 | 0 |
| R. S. Vernekar, pleader | 1 | 0 |
| M. S. Murdeshwar, „ | 1 | 0 |
| B. K. Gaitonde | 1 | 0 |
| M. B. Nayak of Sunkeri | 1 | 0 |
| V. M. Kaisare | 1 | 0 |
| R. V. Ghanbhag | 1 | 0 |
| Sk. Abdul Karim Md. Kakub | 1 | 0 |
| J. N. Saldanha | 1 | 0 |
| G. N. Kamat, pleader | 1 | 0 |
| R. V. Padhye | 1 | 0 |
| S. M. Mujumdar, pleader | 1 | 0 |
| G. G. Wagle | 1 | 0 |
| K. M. Antao | 1 | 0 |
| Ramdas Nadkarni | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellneous | 2 | 0 |
| Rs. | 72 | 0 |
| A Zoroastrian | 15 | 0 |
| Govindashram Sweetmeats Merchants of Matheran's collection as below: | 445 | 12 |
| Seth N M Mazamudar (Bar-at-Law) | 100 | 0 |
| Seth Sundardas Morarji Bhatia | 51 | 0 |
| Seth Ramdas Damodardas | 15 | 0 |
| Seth Bhagvandas Ran-hhoddas Mody | 11 | 0 |
| Seth The Proprietor of Giri Vihar Hindu Hotel | 11 | 0 |
| Seth Vrajalal Govindji Sweet Merchants | 10 | 0 |
| Seth Haji Ibrahhim Isak | 10 | 0 |
| Seth Jayantilal Harjivanoas Kotak | 10 | 0 |
| The Proprietor of Royal Hindu Hotel | 10 | 0 |
| Seth Bejonji Sorabji Sanai | 10 | 0 |
| Seth Faramji Hormasji Lord | 10 | 0 |
| Seth Bulakhidas Dayashanker (Laxami Hindu Hotel) | 7 | 0 |
| Shah Mitalal Raichand | 7 | 0 |
| Tata Homi Store | 6 | 0 |
| One Jarthosti | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Pragji Vishram | 5 | 0 |
| Seth G B Thakkar & Co | 5 | 0 |
| Bai Bibibai Usaman | 5 | 4 |
| Bai Jamnaben Mangaldas | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Mulchand Zaverdas & Co | 5 | 0 |
| Seth D Govindji & Co | 5 | 0 |
| Shah Chhaganlal Laxmichand & Co | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Sunderji Valchand & Co | 5 | 0 |
| Bai Premabai Nurse (B. J. Hospital) | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Navroji Hormasji Lord | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Dinshaji Vakil | 5 | 0 |
| Seth N B Mazamudar Dr | 5 | 0 |
| Seth Trambakrao Potadar | 4 | 0 |
| Seth Rajaram (Coal Merchant) | 3 | 0 |
| Seth Raghu Laxman Biramne | 3 | 0 |
| Seth Fardubhai Abdulbhai | 3 | 0 |
| Seth Jehangirji P Shrof | 3 | 0 |
| Seth Beheramji K Patel | 3 | 0 |
| Seth Chunilal Chhaganlal Acharya | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Musa Haji Ukab | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Jamnadas Mulchand | 2 | 0 |
| Proprietor of Paradise Hindu Hotel | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Maniram Electric Merchant | 2 | 0 |
| Seth Arjun Jeram Savant | 2 | 0 |
| G S Joshi | 2 | 0 |
| Abdulmia Bidiwala | 2 | 0 |
| R M Apte | 2 | 0 |
| B N Pawar | 2 | 0 |
| Jethalal Lalubhai | 2 | 0 |
| Dungershi Umershi | 2 | 0 |
| Pandya Somanadh Maganlal | 1 | 0 |
| Dalavi G M | 1 | 0 |
| Dantu Bhasma | 1 | 0 |
| Mulji Chhaganlal Acharya | 1 | 0 |
| Naran Janardan Kelkar | 1 | 0 |
| Revachand Valchand | 1 | 0 |
| W T Vaidya | 1 | 0 |
| Usaman Iman Contractor | 1 | 0 |
| Mali Bhagu Babu Selar | 1 | 0 |
| Bhagu Tea Merchant | 1 | 0 |
| Gopal Malari | 1 | 0 |
| Tayabali Abdul Hussain | 1 | 0 |
| Krisnaji Ganaji Khedakar | 1 | 0 |
| Asarafkhan Ibrahim | 1 | 0 |
| Ganapat Krishna Tea Merchant | 1 | 0 |
| Apa Mahdeo Vira | 1 | 0 |
| G R Satapotadar | 1 | 0 |
| P D P | 1 | 0 |
| Jafar Photographer | 1 | 0 |
| A G Sekh | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Ganpat Dhadege | 1 | 0 |
| One Jarthosti | 1 | 0 |
| Fojdar-Saheb | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Gosave | 1 | 0 |
| Ratilal B Mehta | 1 | 0 |
| D N Patel | 1 | 0 |
| Thakkar Dayalji Samji | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Babalal Maganlal Mody | 1 | 0 |
| Karunashankar Bhagwandas | 1 | 0 |
| Asevani Bala Sende | 1 | 0 |
| Ravji Babaji Sende | 1 | 0 |
| Thakkar Dhanaji Karsandas | 1 | 0 |
| Dhindu Kashinath Jodha | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Mohanlal Panachand | 1 | 0 |
| Sankaleshavar Bhogilal Bhatt | 1 | 0 |
| Velji Sunderji Thakker | 1 | 0 |
| Narayanji Kalyanji Thakker | 1 | 0 |
| Hirji Valji Thakker | 1 | 0 |
| Bhailal Mohanlal Thakker | 1 | 0 |
| Gopaldas Kalidas | 1 | 0 |
| Nurmahmed Abdulla | 1 | 0 |
| Shah Gordhandas Mallukchand | 1 | 0 |
| Seth Phirozshah Shapurji Bhesania | 1 | 0 |
| Fadeke Station Master | 1 | 0 |
| Vithal Sitaram Desai | 1 | 0 |
| Hari Babu Uiende | 1 | 0 |
| Ardeshir (Manager of Lord Hotel) | 1 | 0 |
| Manilal Joitaram | 1 | 0 |
| Thakker Purshotam Govindji | 1 | 0 |
| Tribhovandas Bhaichand | 1 | 0 |
| Bala Asu Contractor | 1 | 0 |
| Yashvant Anant Pradhan | 1 | 0 |
| Devshanker Shankleshwar Vyas | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Umunabai Utakar | 1 | 0 |
| Bai Tanibai Parte | 1 | 0 |
| Dhondiram Kanayachodhari | 1 | 0 |
| Pandu Laxman Pawar | 1 | 0 |
| Harilal Kanaji (P W I) | 1 | 0 |
| Dhanashing Bhimashinga Chodheri | 1 | 0 |
| Shanker Keshava Delavi | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Loric Pinto | 1 | 0 |
| Dhondu Panth Sahastrabuddhe | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous | 7 | 8 |
| Rs. | 445 | 12 |

## INDIA, A SMALL WORLD IN ITSELF

### Persian Professor Does 78,000 Miles On Byke In Six Years To Make First Hand Study Of World Conditions

LAHORE, February 8.

Leaving his professorial chair at the Teheran University Dr. Abdul Qasim Khan Mohaqiqi mounted his bicycle six years ago and left his country with the equivalent of Rs. 2 in his pocket.

Professor Mohaqiqi's ambition was to make a first-hand study of world conditions, and he was convinced that the bicycle saddle afforded the best vantage point.

He has put 78,000 miles behind him, and has 75,000 more miles to do and four years to do it in.

"SMALL WOLD IN ITSELF."

He has already passed trough Africa, Asia Minor, Arabia and Hedjaz. He arrived in India ten months ago. "A small world in itself", is his impression of the country.

He pushes his way from here to Afghanistan and from there through Russian Turkestan, Mongolia, China, Japan, America, Mexico and Brazil back to Persia, with the two rupees in Persian coinage intact in his pocket.—A.P.

## DAVIS IN SIGHT OF VICTORY

### 2,391 Points Ahead Of Newman

LONDON, Feb. 8.

In the Professional billiards match the following are to-day's scores:—

Davis (in play) 17,268

Newman 14,877—Reuter's Special

## LEAGUE FOOTBALL

LONDON, Feb. 8.

In the second division of League football Hull beat Lincoln by 2 goa's to nil.—Reuter.

## AIR MAIL DELAYED

KARACHI, Feb. 9.

The Imperial Airways' inward airmail due here which was to-day has been delayed by 24 hours owing to the Baghdad Aerodrome being unserviceable as a result of heavy rain.—A. P.

## 1,107,000 RECEIVING WAR PENSIONS

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Twenty years after the outbreak of the war there are still 1,107,000 persons receiving war pensions or allowances in Britain. The Annual Report of the Minister for Pensions also reveals that since the establishment of the Ministry there has been a total approximate expenditure of £ 1,047,000,000. Compared with 1932 number of pensioners in 1933 shows decline of 74,000.—B. O. M.

Full of Wit & Laughter

SPARKLING FROM BEGINNING TO END

TOM WALLS

Gives a brilliant performance and as a fascinating crook steals your heart

in

"JUST SMITH"

Adapted from Frederick Lonsdale's "Never Come Back"

Also Starring—

CAROL GOODNER, ANNE GREY

at

ROXY TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW

4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

# "MY FAITH IN KHADI STRONGER THAN EVER"

## There Can Be No Displacement Of Labour As In Mill Industry

### GANDHIJI'S APPEAL TO OWNERS NOT TO CHEAT BUYERS BY PRODUCING SPURIOUS HOMESPUN'

From Our Special Correspondent.

TRICHINOPOLY, Feb. 8.

In an article headed "Khadi and Harijans" Gandhiji writes in the latest issue of the Harijan:

Those who apart from the whole of programme anti-untouchability are interested in the economic betterment of Harijans should know that Khadi gives employment to thousands of Harijan men, women and children who otherwise had no employment. It entirely supports some families, supplements their slender resources and keeps the wolf from the door. Its capacity to be the only universal source of employment to the starving millions is not now seriously questioned. It is this poor man's stay which is being undermined by unscrupulous methods."

SPURIOUS KHADI.

I learnt in Madura that some dealers in cloth were palming off as handspun and handwomen khadi, cloth woven from millspun yarn. I was shown specimens which were exact copies of special khadi varieties. Lovers of khadi and Harijan servants who believe in the potency of khadi to serve Harijans are requested not to buy khadi which does not bear the hallmark of the All India Spinners Association. I heard also that mill cloth too both foreign and indigenous is largely sold in the market as khadi. And to fill my cup of woe I am being represented as having changed my views on khadi and having put indigenous mill cloth on par with khadi. This is misrepresentation of my view of khadi. My faith in khadi is, if possible, stronger than ever from, moral, economic and national+in its widest sense—standpoint. There is no comparison between khadi and mill cloth, even indigenous. Exploitation of the poor is an impossibility in case of khadi. The exploitation of the poor through mill cloth or mill yarn is inevitable in some shape or form, be it ever so mild. The use of genuine khadi constitutes some+be it ever so small+automatic return to the poor for their continuous exploitation by comparatively rich and can in the agregate become mighty return though never adequate to the masses living in the villages.

NO COMPARISON.

None of these functions can ever be reformed by mill cloth, even if every mill was nationalised. In the mill industry, even if it was conducted purely as trust for the nation and ably managed, there could never be automatic distribution and there must be displacement of vast amount of labour. In khadi, with the spinning wheel in every cottage, there can be no displacement of labour and there is always automatic distribution of the product of Labour. Hence, for me there can be no comparison between khadi, and mill cloth. There can be no juxtaposition. For the two are not the same kind. Khadi may never reach the finish of mill cloth nor its variety, nor yet its cheapness in terms of the market. The measurement for each is different."

HUMAN VS. METALLIC.

"Khadi represents human values. Mill cloth represents mere metallic value. A yard of khadi is cheap for me at four annas per yard. Mill cloth of the same count and texture is too dear for me at two annas per yard.

My plea therefore is for discrimination and avoidance of confusion of thought. Let each stand on its own platform. Let mill managers not grudge khadi the place it occupies. It ill-becomes them to produce cloth that looks like khadi and thus cheat buyers into the belief that it is khadi."

**The Radha-Krishna Dance.**
**The children of the New Era High School gave on Friday at the Royal Opera House a variety entertainment, including Indian and European dances, dialogues, orchestra, etc.**

**A scene from "Children's Fantasy."**

**From the play "Keys of Calais."**

# HARVEY BEATS LARRY GAINS

### A Win On Points In Bout For Empire Heavyweight Championship

LONDON, Feb. 8.

At the Royal Albert Hall for the Empire Heavyweight Championship, Len Harvey beat Larry Gains (the holder) on points in a fifteen round contest.

HARVEY BRILLIANT.

Although at a serious disadvantage as regards weight (Gains 15st. 5½ lbs., Harvey 12st 10lbs.) Harvey by brilliant all-round boxing won his fourth title within a year.

Gains surprisingly let Harvey do the forcing instead of going all out from the bell. In the last few rounds. Harvey, with Gains tiring, darted round the ring flashing in lefts and rights when he pleased, and did most of the scoring with straight lefts and punishing work with hooks to the body.—Reuter.

# HINDI SCHOOLS MUST BE OPENED IN BOMBAY

### Pt. Trivedi Suggests Presentation Of Joint Memorial To Municipality To Make Demand Effective And Popular

The annual prize distribution function of the Dayanand Free Hindi English Adarsh Vidyalaya, Sewree was celebrated under the Presidentship of Pt. Mahabati Prasad Trivedi, on Sunday last.

An interesting programme of prayers, physical training and drill, etc. was successfully gone through by the boys and girls of the School and also of six other Schools that were invited to take part in the function.

"OPEN HINDI SCHOOLS."

The following resolution, which was moved by Pt. Niranjan Sharma "Ajit" was unanimously adopted:—

"That this meeting expresses its strong resentment against the indifferent attitude of the Bombay Municipality, that in spite of there being about 3 lacs of Hindi Speaking Residents in the City and Suburbs of Bombay, no provision is made by them for imparting Primary Education for thousands of their boys and girls, and

"That this meeting also resolves arranging to take signatures of prominent Citizens of each Ward on a Memorial to be forwarded to the Municipal Authorities, urging upon the immediate need of opening Hindi Schools in each Ward and giving Grants-in-Aid to the already existing Schools."

DUTY OF MUNICIPALITY.

After distributing the prizes to the winners Pandit Trivedi, in the course of his Presidential Address observed:—

In the City of Bombay and its suburbs, there live several lacs of persons, whose mother tongue is Hindi All such persons hail from the Hindi speaking Provinces of U. P. (Agra & Oudh), Bihar, Central India, Rajputana and Delhi, etc. Whenever any two persons of different provinces meet to express each other, they resort to the medium of English or Hindi which is next only to English in the City of Bombay.

OVER 500 STUDENTS

Some time back Pt. Keshava Dev Sharma who is well-known amongst the Hindi speaking residents, started a few schools with active support and assistance of his fellow-workers and to-day they have to manage and maintain 6 schools, containing 322 boys and gidls in Hindi Classes that range from the infant Standard to the 4th Standard. There are three other schools, providing more or less the similad type of instruction in Bombay, and these three schools have in all about 229 students.

Although the running of the 6 schools under financial difficulties is a serious matter by itself, yet it provides the finest exemple of powerful individual efforts, so rarely seen elsewhere. I feel that unless combined efforts are made to have some regular and fixed income, it may not be possible to continue the schools successfully for a very long time.

CITY FATHERS' INDIFFERENCE

Lacs of our brethren are contributing huge sums of money, to the Bombay Municipality, in one shape or the other, and it is a matter of very great regret that the Schools' Committee has been consistently showing an attitude of indifference and carelessness towards the Primery Education of students reading Hindi. Even though lacs of rupees are spent and I maintain, rightly, over Schools providing instructions in Gujarati, Marathi, Urdu and even Tamil and Telugu, no provision at all has been made for the teaching in Hindi.

SEND JOINT MEMORIAL

I suggest that all the Hindi Schools should put their heads together and decide to send a joint Memorial, after receiving the approval of a large number of residents of each ward, to the Municipal Authorities, to make your demands effective and popular, you may also hold propaganda meetings in each ward. I feel certain that if concerted action is taken, it cannot be very long, before our just demands will be accepted.


OUR PROPHECY

WHEN WE KNOW ENOUGH—WE WILL NEED NO MEDICINE

IN THE MEANTIME

'ASPRO'

FULFILS THE DEMAND FOR A QUICK-ACTING, PAIN SOOTHING, SAFE MEDICINE

Progress is taking place. Quick changes are working for a new age of freedom—more happiness. Simple service is taking the place of complexities. When we know enough we will need no medicine. Until then we need a QUICK ACTING, pain alleviating, soothing medicine that does not harm the heart. One that attacks the deep underlying principles of numerous complaints. A medicine that will take the place of a dozen—one with a great variety of uses. The NEW SCIENTIFIC AGE has now produced the medicine. It is here. Its name is 'ASPRO'. It is the greatest of modern contributions to medical science, for 'ASPRO', after ingestion in the system, is an Anti-Pyretic, or Fever-Destroyer, a solvent of Uric Acid, an Internal Antiseptic and a powerful Germicide. Many complaints reveal germ, uric acid or feverish conditions. So you see why 'ASPRO' is so effective. 'ASPRO' BANISHES HEADACHES IN A FEW MINUTES—RELIEVES RHEUMATISM IN ONE NIGHT—BRINGS SWEET SLEEP TO THE SLEEPLESS—IT CAN BE TAKEN ANYWHERE, everywhere, by child or parent. 'ASPRO' neither harms the heart, upsets the digestion nor is it habit forming. When pain or sickness attack your home FLY TO 'ASPRO'. You will be surprised at its effectiveness. You will benefit by its great, helpful, soothing influence. 'ASPRO' is within the reach of all.

READ THIS CONVINCING TESTIMONY

CHEMIST WARDS OFF MALARIA

Dear Sirs,—I am an analytical chemist and was in business in Sidney for many years. I am at present in the Solomon Islands where Malaria is very prevalent, and I can assure you I have warded off many an attack by the use of 'ASPRO' Tablets in myself and others, also given great relief in bad cases of Malaria and hastened recovery. They are a great advantage over quinine in that they are pleasant to take, and have none of the nerve-racking or deafening effects which almost invariably accompany the taking of any quantity of quinine.

My experience with 'ASPRO' is large, and during a prospecting tour through the Northern Territory of Australia, I and others with me took 'ASPRO' frequently, and none of us ever had one day's illness from Fever or Influenza.

Had I been without 'ASPRO' I would have probably been laid up with Malaria.

I am, Believe me, Yours sincerely,
(Signed) J. H. BERRY.

CHEST COLD STOPPED

Park Road, Hillary Natal.

Dear Sir,

I have much pleasure in thanking you for your wonderful 'ASPRO' which stopped a severe attack of chest cold, after suffering about twelve months. At first I tried many a medicine but none put an end to it. At last I gave 'ASPRO' a trial and the result is wonderful and I am more than blessed with it. Yours faithfully,
P. S. REDDY

P.S.—I have written this letter for you to read and will pass it on when you have used it too.

JOHANNESBURG RESIDENT PRAISES 'ASPRO

Dear Sirs, 120 Kerk Street, Johannesburg.

I feel I must write to tell you what I think about 'ASPRO'. For the last year I have suffered with headache and nerve shock. I was recommended by a friend to take 'ASPRO' Tablets and have had great relief in taking them.

I will never be without them.

You can use this letter to show others what a great benefit 'ASPRO' did for me. Yours faithfully,
(Signed) I. GROBLER (Mrs.)

'EXCELLENT IDEA' SAYS DOCTOR

Dear Sirs—

My children are subject to Bronchitis, and as soon as they are attacked we give them an 'ASPRO' and it immediately deals with the rising fever. A Doctor here, when the wife told him she always gives 'ASPRO' to the children, said: "A most excellent idea." Neighbours here often send round and ask the wife if she has one or two to spare, and we have assured many that they do not affect children's hearts, let alone adults.

I am, Sir, Yours faithfully, A. E. WARBEY.

Sole Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon:
H. J. FOSTER & CO., LTD.
AHMEDABAD HOUSE
BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY
and at
Calcutta, Madras, Bangalore, Rangoon
Made by ASPRO LTD., SLOUGH, BUCKS


## BORDI HIGH SCHOOL

### *Striking Features Pointed Out at 14th "Foundation Day" Celebration*

(From A Correspondent.)

BORDI, Feb. 7.

The 14th "Foundation Day" of the Gokhale Education Society's S. P. H. High school at Bordi was celebrated on Sunday, last under the presidentship of the Hon. Diwan Bahadur S. T. Kambli, There was also held an Exhibition of the products of the Industrial and Agricultural classes conducted by the school.

Mr. T. A. Kulkarni, Chairman of the Society narrated the origin and rapid development of the institution which had been taking a very prominent part in the activities of the village as well as of the whole district.

Mr. A. V. Save, the Head-master of the school read a report reviewing all the activities, the new developments and financial position of the school during the year.

DONATIONS.

Mr. S. R. Bhise, the principal announced the following principal donations:—

Rs. 1,750/ Shet Govanbhai Chhibabhai of Africa for School Gymnasium; Rs. 750/ Mr. K. N. Raut of Bordi; Rs. 500/- Shet Govardhandas P. Sonwalla; Rs. 238/8 Collections made by Master Patil at Karachi; Rs. 121/- Collections made by Master Dixit at Ahmedabad Rs. 100/ N. M. Wadia Charities.

Besides these donations of sums less than Rs. 100 were announced.

After distributing prizes and medals to the successful competitors of the school as well as of the Special Physical Training Class for the Primary Teachers of the Thana District School Board.

The Hon. Diwan Bahadur Kambli delivering his presidential address appreciated the "excellent and useful work done by the Society improviding facilities for education of the backward classes."

## POSTAL NOTIFICATION

### Parcels For Affected Areas

It is notified that restrictions on booking of insured articles and parcels for and from Simri-Bakhtiarpur, Saharsa, Monghyr head office, Madhipura and Darbhanga have been withdrawn.

Restrictions now exist on booking these articles for and from Laheria Sarai head office and its subordinate offices (except Samastipur, Pusa, Patory, Mow-Bazidpur, Dalsingh-Sarai, Ujiarpur, Tajpur and Waini) and for and from offices, under Muzaffarpur head office (except Garaul, and Hajipur) as also for and from Behariganj, Basdeopur, Bhaptiahi, Ganpatganj, Nirmali, Panchgachia and Supaul


RAYMALT

Palatable Vitamin-Malt Food
Rich In Vitamin A. B. C. & D.

RAYMALT

Is an important diet for the anaemic and the Convalescent.

Indispensable for—RICKETY CHILDREN and for WOMEN during Pregnency and after child-birth.

Bengal Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works, Ltd.
CALCUTTA.
Bombay Agents:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

# 3 POINTS
worth noting

• FREE GIFT

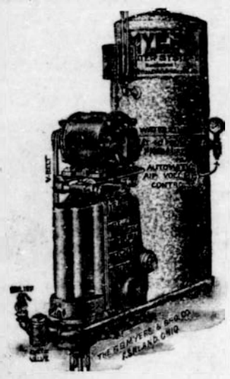
• NEW PACKING

• SAME PRICE

LITTLE'S
**ORIENTAL BALM**



***For Running Water at***



LOWEST COST
Use
**MYERS**
Automatic Systems,
*GUARANTEED SERVICE*
*Write or Phone :—*
The Limaye Bros. Ltd.,
8, Hamam St., P. B. No. 684
T.Phone No. 24633 : : : BOMBAY



Some favourites
**CREAM CRACKERS**
**FANCY ARROWROOT**
DIGESTIVE
NICE
LILY BISCUIT CO.,
CALCUTTA
DEPOT, Mangaldas Market.
BOMBAY 2.

# Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis
**● and all Chest and Lung Affections**

Prescribed by the Medical Profession for over forty years, Angier's Emulsion is now universally recognised as a standard approved treatment for colds, coughs, bronchitis, influenza and all catarrhal affections of the respiratory or digestive organs. It is soothing and healing to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, and it has a most invigorating tonic influence upon the general health.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

**The Perfect Emulsion for all Ages.**

A Clergyman writes :—"As a preventative against taking cold and as a sure pick-me-up when run-down, I have found nothing to equal Angier's Emulsion. Its beneficial effects are soon discovered. Many an illness would be avoided or shortened by its prompt use." (Signed)—Rev. W. Holroyd, Whiston Lane, Prescot.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

**ANGIER'S EMULSION**
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.


# LAHORE JUDGE ON DR. ALAM'S ASSURANCE

## Says, Mere Warning Against Future Conduct Is Sufficient

### "CONVICTION UNDER SECTION 124-A. DOES NOT NECESSARILY INVOLVE SUSPENSION"

It would be sufficient if in this case we express our disapproval of the conduct of Dr. Mohamad Alam and warn him against future conduct of a similar nature.

The above is the gist of the full text of the judgment delivered by the Lahore High Court in Dr. Alam's case on January 30.

We publish below some interesting excerpts:

Before discussing the case on the merits, it is necessary to dispose of some preliminary matters that were discussed before us. It was urged by the respondent that the Local Government had no "Locus Standi" to present this petition on the ground that the question of admission removal and suspension of the Advocates is a matter entirely in the discretion and within the jurisdiction of this Court and no outside agency has a right to claim that this court should exercise its powers in any particular case. This proposition was assented to by the learned Government Advocate who conceded that he had no right to be heard and stated that the Local Government had merely placed before this Court certain facts which had come to its notice as any other individual would do.

LOCAL GOVT.'S POSITION.

The position of the Local Government according to him, therefore, was that of an informer and it was for this court to decide whether it would entertain the application or not or would hear him "amicus curae." In view of this we did not think it necessary to proceed further with a discussion of this preliminary objection and decided to hear the Government Advocate in view of the important issues involved in the case.

Another objection taken by the respondent was that one of the convictions under Section 124-A I.P.C. in respect of which action is proposed to be taken against him related him to two speeches made by him on the 12th and 14th April 1933 respectively but he was released from jail before the expiry of his sentence in pursuance of what is commonly described as the Irwin-Gandhi Pact, the terms of which are described in detail in the "Gazetteer of India" of the 5th March 1931 As a result of this pact and the gazetteer Notification No. S. 481 Pol. it was agreed that all political prisoners, who were not guilty of offences involving violence, were to be released and an undertaking was given by the Government not to take any further action against these persons such as is sought to be taken in these proceedings.

PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS.

In fact it is contended that it was agreed that pending cases of this nature were to be withdrawn and were in fact withdrawn even in this court. In view of what I have stated in connection with the first preliminary objection it is obvious that the Local Government have no "Locus Standi" in any way to fetter the discretion of this Court to take or not to take any action under clause 8 of the Letters Patent or under the Legal Practitioners Act against any Legal Practitioners; the matter is one which is entirely within the discretion of this court and consequently as the Legal Government is not competent to claim that action should be taken against any particular Legal Practitioners, it follows from this that it has no right of power either to abandon any proceedings or to condone the conduct of the Legal Practitioners so far as it comes within the purview of the disciplinary jurisdiction of this Court so as to bind in any way I held, therefore, that there is no force in this preliminary objection.

THE ACT DOES NOT APPLY.

The Legal Practitioners Act does not apply to Dr. Mohammad Alam but its provisions may be considered for guidance in this case. Under Section 41 the High Courts not established by Royal Charter in respect of which the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926 is not in force, are entitled to dismiss any Advocate enrolled by them or to suspend him from practice. Section 13 of that Act, which applied to Pleaders and Mukhtars and does not, therefore, control Section 41, lays down the cases in which a Pleader or a Mukhtar may be suspended or dismissed by the High Court and provides "inter alia" for suspension or dismissal for any other reasonable cause.

SECTION 124-A.

It seems to me that mere conviction under Section 124-A does not necessarily involve the removal or suspension of a Legal Practitioner but the Court must ascertain and take into consideration the facts on which the conviction is based.

"TOOLS OF GOVT."

The learned Government Advocate suggested that in the speech of the 12th April Dr. Mohammed Alam had also attached the Courts of Justice by suggesting that the Courts act as the tools of the Government in sending innocent men to gallows. I do not think it is possible to place such an interpretation on the words used by Dr. Mohammed Alam who has further strengthened this view by disavowing before us any intention to covey such an impression when he made the speech. In his speech of the 7th January 1932 he incited the audience to defy orders of dispersal. The incitement to defiance of orders of dispersal was an incitement to do acts which involved a breach of the peace.

WARNING WILL DO

In my opinion, therefore, the portion of the second speech in which the respondent incited the audience to break those laws which the All India Congress Committee might declare should be broken and the portion of the third speech in which he exhorted the audience to resist orders for dispersal clearly bring his case within the principles stated above and attract the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Court and having regard to all the circumstances I think it would be sufficient if in this case we express our disapproval of the conduct of Dr. Mohammed Alam and warn him against future conduct of a similar nature. As Dr. Mohammed Alam has given us an assurance that so long as he is practising as an Advocate of this Court he will not actively incite others generally to break the law or incite them to Acts tending to subvert order, no further action need be taken in these proceedings.

## *EXPLOITING SUGAR RESOURCES OF PARDI*

### *Factory Opened By Commissioner Garrett*

(From A Correspondent.)

The opening ceremony of the Pardi Co-operative Sugar Factory was performed by Mr. J. H. Garret, Commissioner, N.D. on Sunday evening.

The report of the Pardi Coop. Sugar Factory, Ltd., was read by Sardar Khan Bahadur Viccaji P. Bhiladwalla, Chairman of the Pardi Coop. Sugar Factory Ltd., in the course of which he said:—

The cultivators had given their quota of sacrifice towards this experiment and had entertained no hopes of help from Government. Our Association, however, thought that for the spread of a special type of sugarcane, the Provincial Board of Agriculture ought to assist, and therefore we applied to the Divisional Board of Agriculture, Gujarat, for help. The Divisional Board duly considering our application and its importance, recommended to the Provincial Board to give us a Special Grant of Rs. 300. But our application was turned down by the Provincial Board on the ground of 'no funds.' Believing that this important affair cannot be dropped, our Taluka Development Association resolved to obtain the best cane seed and supply the same to the cultivators. Herein too we are greatly indebted to Mr. Haribhai for his help. He agreed to give us at cheap rates a much cane seed as was needed for propaganda work out of his six acre plot. The Taluka Development Association purchased in this way 30 to 40 thousand canes and distributed them among cultivators at 20 P.C. discount on these cheap rates. Those who could not pay cash, were lent the seed at 10 p.c. discount.

This experiment in sugar-making would serve as a useful object lesson to the cultivators in the make of molasses.

Mr. Garrett then declared the factory open.

## *WESTERN DISTURBANCE PASSES AWAY*

POONA, Feb. 9.

Yesterday's western disturbance has passed away eastwards, but a fresh one is causing cloud along the Northwest Frontier and in Kashmir. The weather continues to be dry over the country.

Forecast:—

A few light showers may occur along the Northwest Frontier and in Kashmir.—A. P.

KARNATAKA AURORA CREAM:—

A non-greasy toilet preparation that masters the hair and keeps the head cool and pleasant. This Preparation once used by anyone will be used always.

KARNATAKA SNOW:—

An Elegant toilet preparation which provides the best means of preserving the natural beauty and complexion.

CREMOR LIMONIS:—

The most popular hair dressing. A small quantity applied to the head imparts a very cooling and pleasant sensation and keeps the head cool for a long time.

Manufacturers:—

KARNATAKA CH. & PH. WORKS, LTD.

45. Princess Street. BOMBAY. 2.

*Made in India*
**EVER READY**
FLASHLIGHTS & BATTERIES
THE EVER READY (India) Co.
170, Hornby Road. Fort. BOMBAY.

The FIRST TRIENNIAL VALUATION of the SOCIETY is now going on
*WATCH FOR THE RESULT*
**BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE**
INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE:—9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
*For a Policy or Representation of the Society apply to* SECRETARY.



**IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA**
BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | .. .. | Rs. 11,25,00,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | .. .. | Rs. 5,62,50,000 |
| Reserve Fund | .. .. | Rs. 5,22,50,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | .. .. | Rs. 5,62,50,000 |

ED ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE
BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACT
ASCERTAINED ON APPLICATION AT ANY OFFICE
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
Local Branches:—Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.



**INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE Co., Ltd.,**
Established in 1908.
To safeguard against old age and for security of your family insure your life with India Equitable Insurance Co., Ltd. A purely Indian Concern which never experienced any deficit in any valuation.
For Particulars apply to:—
Bombay Branch:— Commissariat Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Head Office:— 102, Clive Street, Calcutta.



**BOOKS ON ART**

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| The Art of Drawing in Lead Pencil: By J. Salway.. | 10 | 8 |
| Advertising, Printing and art in Commerce by Preston | 12 | 0 |
| The Artistic Anatomy of Trees: By Rex Vicat Cole.. | 11 | 4 |
| The Practice & Science of Drawing: By Harold Speed | 8 | 0 |
| Nature & Ornament: By Lewis F. Day .... | 7 | 8 |
| Animal Drawing & Anatomy: By Edwin Noble .... | 10 | 8 |

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO., Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.



By Appointment To H. E. The Governor-General of Portuguese India.

J. Dias & Bro.

TAILORS & OUTFITTERS.
173, Princess Street, BOMBAY.
Carry large and select stocks of Cashmere Suitings, Dress Suiting and Ties in various designs.



**ULCERINE** (Regd.)
TRY IT AND AVOID OPERATION
Cures Piles, Fistula, Sinuses, Carbuncles, Abscesses, Malignant, Foul Ulcers, Burns, etc. on application. Karachi Congress exhibition awarded medals.
Bottle Re. 1/4, harmless soothing. Details Free.
KEMP & Co., Charni Rd.Bombay.



**MIND YOUR EYE**
"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sights absolutely. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded.
Price Rs. 2. HARIYASRAM,
Panchpota, (Bengal).



**THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.**
Established 1919.
Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.
Branch:—RAJKOT (Civil Station).
CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 39,90,000
RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,00,000
Chairman:—Sir HORMASJI COWASJI DINSHAW, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E.,
Managing Director:—
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, Esq., J. P.
Current Deposit Accounts opened and interest allowed at 1½ per cent. per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lac.
Fixed Deposits for long and short period received on favourable terms.
Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily balances or 3 per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week.
Operations by cheques allowed.
Advances made on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
B. M. BHARGAVA,
B.A., LL.B.
Secretary.



**VAIDYARATNAM P. S. VARIER'S ARYAVAIDYASALA**
Kottakal (S. Malabar)
The first and most reliable institution for all genuine Ayurvedic Preparations. KASHAYAS a SPECIALITY. The famous MALABAR SPECIAL TREATMENTS such as NAVARAKIZHI, PIZHICHIL, SIROVASTHI, DHARA etc., are conducted under VAIDYARATNAM'S SUPERVISION.
Apply for Catalogue.

# HOW DEVASTATED BIHAR CAN BE RECONSTRUCTED

## 9 Ways Of Approaching Problem From Layman's Point Of View

*By BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD*

Babu Rajendra Prasad has issued the following statement to the press:—

"The problem of reconstruction may be considered under the following heads:

(1) Clearing of debris and salvage of buried property.
(2) Restoration of wells;
(3) Reconstruction of houses;
(4) Reclamation of land rendered unfit by deposit of sand or by collection of water:
(5) Impending shortage of food on account of destruction of crops and agricultural land:
(6) Helping those who have lost their trade stock or business to re-start life;
(7) If reclamation of land is not possible, then migration of the afflicted population;
(8) Payment of rent, land revenue, cesses, Chowkidari tax, Municipal tax by citizens
(9) Disposal of sugar-cane crops.

BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD.

CLEARING OF DEBRIS

The roads have been cleared and probably some of the lanes may also be cleared in course of time but the sites on which houses stood have not been touched as yet and are probably not going to be touched by Government. This work has to be undertaken by the owners themselves or by Relief Committees or by both conjointly. In many cases the owners are not in a position to spend either the amount necessary or to command the labour that may be required and it becomes clearly the duty of the relief organizations to help them wholly or partially, as the case may be, to get this done. It is necessary, because the wealth they possessed lies buried there and the salvage of the buried property will give them great pecuniary relief.

In the rebuilding of houses the bricks can easily be used as also door frames, door leaves, beams etc., which have not been irreparably damaged; and these will effect a great saving in reconstruction. It is believed that a number of dead bodies may be discovered and they should be removed from there so that they may not foul the atmosphere. The difficulties in the way are the cost and the place where the rubbish may be dumped.

CASE OF MONGHYR

When we consider that the whole town of Monghyr with a population of about 53,000 is a heap of ruins, we can understand the amount of rubbish which will require to be removed and dumped in some suitable locality. To save cost it is necessary to find such a dumping ground as near as possible, but it is difficult to get such a place in towns and the cost has to be correspondingly great. Even if the owners of the deholished houses are not permitted to rebuild on their old sites and have to get other sites, salvage of their property is absolutely necessary.

RECONSTRUCTION OF WELLS

In large tracts of North Bihar, in the towns and districts of Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Champaran, Saran, Bhagalpur and as far as Purnea wells have been chocked with sand, erupted from fissures, and their masonary work is irreparably damaged. This is causing great scarcity of drinking water and unless immediate steps are taken, the shortage of water will endanger the lives of men and cattle not only by the contamination of the water, which they are now drinking, but, also by sheer scarcity of any kind of water. It is feared that the number of wells to be cleared or sunk to replace those altogether rendered useless is very large and may run into many thousands and the cost of restoration will go into lacs. From many the sand has to be dug out and if the masonry and the spring inside are undamaged, they will give a good supply of water and nothing need further be done. This will be a comparatively easy and an inexpensive affair, because it would not cost more than four or five rupees with the help of villagers to dig out the sand. Some may be repaired at a larger cost. But where the wells are altogether disabled, they will have to be replaced by sinking tube-wells or masonry wells. The former, on an average, are likely to cost about Rs. 60 each, and the latter of a medium size will not cost less than, say, Rs. 200, as the people drinking water from them will provide at least a part of the labour required.

RECONSTRUCTION OF HOUSES

This is a problem beset with going to be rebuilt on their old sites or are the towns going to be planned on an altogether different scale? In the congested parts of Monghyr, where the loss of life must have been the greatest the houses were very closely knit together and contained a very large population. Similarly in the other towns also. If the houses have to be built on new site where are they to be shifted? Will the owners of the demolished houses have to pay for their new sites? Will they get any return for the old sites, which they may be asked or forced to abandon in reconstruction? In the latter case, are the municipalities of the Government in a position to pay for the old sites? In North Bihar, there is the further problem, which presents the greatest difficulty, and that is, is it safe to rebuild the towns on their old sites? There has been such a tremendous change in the level of hands that one does not know, until a complete scientific survey for finding levels is made, whether one is building on low land or high land, whether during the rains the house will not be in a ditch, full of water, and whether it will be possible to have a satisfactory and successful drainage system. For the same reason one does not know in what direction and by what way the rain water is going to be drained and, with floods, what the course of rivers is going to be. All this would indicate that it is not safe to rebuild the towns until the next monsoon season is over and a complete survey has shown that the places are safe from floods. Some of the rivers of North Behar, like the Kosi, the Kamala, the Bagmati, and the Gandak, are more or less notorous for their erratic change of course during floods. This danger from them is considerably enhanced by the earthquake. And yet the population cannot live in the improvised hessian huts or even straw-huts for any very great length of time. We have, therefore, to provide for shelter in three forms. The first is immediate, temporary shelter which has not been provided in all cases even yet. The rains, which we had a few days ago, showed what misery and suffering the population was exposed to under the shelters which have been provided up to the present. They are too flimsy to be of any use, in most cases, with even an ordinary shower. We do not, of course, expect them to be of any help during the next rainy season. In most cases they have to be replaced by something of a more substantial nature.

This is the second kind of shelter which we have to build and may be called semi-permanent. These should be such as to last for, say, two or three or four years, within which time the people who are in a position to do so may reconstruct their more substantial permanent buildings. It will be a very tremendous business to build the semi-permanent kind of houses for the population affected and rendered homeless. Take the case of Monghyr which, from all reports, is said to be the worst sufferer among the towns. The population is about 53 thousand, and even if we leave out of account 50 per cent. as being able to replace their houses on their own initiative and at their own cost, and leaving aside the considerable number of many difficulties. Are the houses the dead running into thousands, who would require no more houses to live in, we shall not be far wrong if we think that the remaining 50 per cent. will need help. Now, for a population of, say, 20 thousand, and calculating on an average of five members to a family requiring a separate house, we shall have to build four thousand houses. All these houses cannot be of the same type. Some will have to be bigger, others smaller. Calculating, on an average, that the houses will have, say, two rooms and a kitchen, they will cost not less than three hundred rupees each and the total cost will thus be 12 lacs. The towns badly affected are Monghyr, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Motihari, Samastipore, Madhubani, Sitamarhi, Bettiah, Chapra, Patna City, Barh etc., and even at the lowest calculation tht total cost of providing semi-permanent structures is not likely to be less than a crore. This has to be done before the next rains.

RECLAMATION OF LAND

The countrysides present a vaster problem, which is infinitely more difficult to solve. Large tracts of land have been covered with sand, which varies in depth from a few inches to five or six feet at places. Where the deposit is of fine sands to a thickness of an inch or two, the land may not have been so damaged as not to be fit for recultivation by the ordinary plough. In such cases the agriculturists will probably need to help as they can mix the sand with the earth of the land, and even though in some cases the fertility may be reduced, it is not beyond their means to do this. Where the deposit is deeper than, say, two inches and up to about six inches it may be possible to mix up the sand with the soil by deep ploughing with motor tractors. This is not free from difficulty, as ridges and boundry marks will offer obstruction; in any case, however, these motor tractors cannot be purchased or hired by the agriculturists themselves and they will have to be provided by relief organizations. The land so covered up to a depth of six inches may still, with considerable cost, be rendered fit for cultivation, but if the deposit is deeper still, say up to nine inches, the difficulty is greater and may be overcome to a certain extent at considerable cost. It is possible to scrap the sand and dump it away, leaving the original soil more or less free and fit for cultivation. The difficulty is in finding a dumping place for the sand. It cannot obviously be transported to a distance, and must find a dumping ground within each field. This can be provided by digging ditches deep enough to take in all the sand. The earth extracted from the ditches may be spread over the field and mixed up by ploughing with part of the sand which may be left in the field. The work is difficult and expensive but not impossible and large tracts may be rendered fit for cultivation by one or the other of these various means, but the cultivators cannot be expected to accomplish it by their own labour and at their own cost. Help given either by charitable organizations or the State is absolutely necessary to enable them to get back their land even with diminished fertility.

It is impossible to say what proportion of the population is affected. The area which is said to be worst affected is 45x45 miles I consider this to be an underestimate. Large tracts have been covered with sand greater or less depth in the districts of Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, North Bhagalpore, Purnea and North Monghyr. And even though portions may be reclaimable with comparatively less cost and labour than in the worst affected parts, there is no doubt that lands requiring special treatment by one method or another must be several millions of acres. 45 miles by 45 miles give us nearly 13 lacs of acres and I believe the area to be reclaimed is many times more than 45 miles square. Vast tracts thus present a problem which appears insoluble and yet it has to be solved, if the population subsisting on this land has not to be starved to death or to be supported perpetually by doles or to migrate to other places.

SHORTAGE OF FOOD

This is a problem which stares us in the face. In the countryside agriculturists, whose houses have stood the shocks or even in cases where they have been demolished have some grain which would have carried them to the next harvest of Rabi crop. This crop has been damaged very badly in some parts and the rain, which we had a few days ago, must have made the position worse even where the earthquake had spared the crop. There may not be any shortage of food at present for the people of affected parts of the population as a whole, because of the stock available to them from the previous harvest. But it has to be borne in mind that in many parts the last harvest was scanty and great tracts were badly affected by floods. In any case, whatever the stock of grain the agriculturists have at present will soon be exhausted and they will be faced with the terrible problem of finding food for themselves and fodder for their cattle without any prospect of their raising a crop without reclamation of their land.

BUSINESSMEN'S LOSS

The towns-people, apart from the labourers, and the rich few, are professional men, artisans and small traders. This is the class which is most hit in cities. They generally do not possess any property apart from their houses which have gone burying with them their stock-in-trade, their tools and, in many cases the workers themselves. They can hardly hope to rebuild their houses and to get credit for starting their business again without the help of charitable organizations or the State. Some of them can hardly hope to restart their business at all, as for example, artisans who used to make small trinkets or cater to the needs of the well-to-do classes in the villages, who have been rendered paupers by the devastatio nand cannot patronize the art of these artisans, at any date, for a considerable time to come.

MIGRATION.

The question arises in the case of towns-people as well as the rural population, both of which have lost their means of livelihood. Those who have any knowledge or experience of colonization can easily realize how difficult and tremendous is the problem of transferring large bodies of people reduced to pauperism from one part of the country to another, where they will have to settle themselves on unreclaimed land, by reclaiming forests and re-establishing themselves on the virgin soil. As this solution has to be accepted as the only means of saving the vast population affected, it will be a task the vastness of which may well-nigh be considered impossible of accomplishment, particularly when we remember that the state is not far removed from a condition of bankruptcy and has drastically to re-start life in this province with a diminishing and increasing expenditure on the work of rehabilitation of the vast tract devastated by the earthquake.

RENT, REVENUE, TAXES, ETC.

This affects both towns and countryside. Municipalities cannot get rates from heaps of ruins or even from houses provided by relief organisations. District Boards must lose their cess income from land rendered unfit for cultivation. Landlords cannot expect to get rent for sandy deserts. Government is more secude because of the permanent settlement, but the permanent settlement itself must clash when vast tracts are rendered deserts and landlords will be unable to pay revenue and the sanction which the Government has of selling their Zamindaris may become useless as there will be no purchasers.

SUGARCANE CROP.

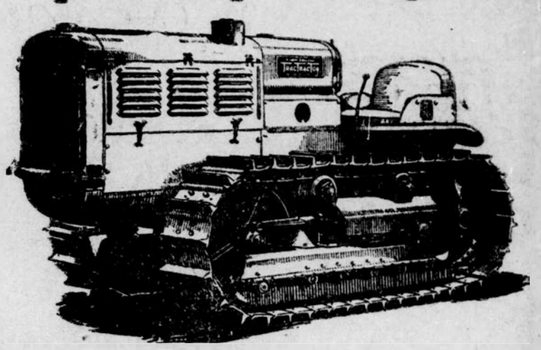
This is, more or less, a relief which has to be immediately rendered and not impossible of accomplishment. Sugarcane grown for mills has been rendered useless on account of the disablement of factories concerned, unless it can be saved by some means or other. It is satisfactory to note that steps are being taken to save it by providing crushers to the agriculturists and even though these may not be able to crush all the cane and to extract as much juice as the factories from the cane, it is to be hoped that the greater portion of the crop will be saved and thus great relief will be given to the agriculturists.

"SPEED UP."

I have indicated the lines of reconstruction which have struck a layman. Scientists and experts may suggest others which may be more feasible and less expensive. What, after all, are the collections made by the various relief organizations and fod the Viceroy's Fund when one looks at the vastness of the problem? Large grants from the Central revenue, employment of big amounts from the Famine Insurance fund and floating of a big loan and gifts by idividuals, organizations and charitable trusts like "Maths" of large amounts for reconstruction alone, can provide the necessary funds. If legislation is required to meet the situation, it must be quickly undertaken and enacted. For this province there is and there can be no other question. The people and the State have to work together in their own respective spheres and pursue their own peculiar methods to rebuild what had taken centuries to build and what was destroyed in the twinkling of an eye.


ANNOUNCING THE NEW McCORMICK DEERING DIESEL

TRACTRACTOR



A new, powerful Crawler Tractor built by International Harvester for big scale farming and heavy road Construction Work. It runs on Crude Oil, but is as easy to operate as the conventional kerosene or petrol Tractors.

Ask NOW for particulars from the SOLE AGENTS

VOLKART BROS
ENGINEERS

Ballard Estate, - - - - - - BOMBAY

For EFFICIENT, ECONOMICAL and SPEEDY REPAIRS send your domestic appliances and fans to BEST Showrooms, corner of Colaba Causeway and Ormiston Road, BOMBAY.

Victims of

Asthma & Bronchitis

WHY BECOME CHRONIC?

Your health is leaving you slowly, so slowly that you do not realise it. With every attack your powers of resistance are getting weaker and weaker until finally you will become a chronic sufferer. No complaints cause so much suffering and anxiety as Asthma and Bronchitis but

YOU CAN BE CURED

just as the other sufferers (see letter below) were cured. You can sleep through the night, and can walk without any trouble. Read the letter below and write for Dr. Hair's free book. Your life will be changed just as thousands of others have been changed, from suffering to health and happiness so take

YOUR FIRST STEP

and send for Dr. Hair's free book which tells you in plain words how to be cured and how to remain cured. By following the simple rules of living and diet, and taking Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure in teaspoonful doses you will be able to go to bed without fear of an attack, so sleep peacefully all night and to find that health strength and flesh will be rapidly restored to you

DR. HAIR'S FREE BOOK

will be sent to you free and post free. Send the coupon below in an unsealed envelope for half anna.

Obtainable at all leading Chemists and Stores or direct post free from address on Coupon.

Hoshangabad, C. P. India.
15th August, 1932.

Dear Dr. Hair,

I feel I must show my gratitude by writing to thank you for curing me of that dreadful cruel disease. I feel a very different woman now God bless you for the relief. I am enjoying and can hardly believe all I have gone through.

I never fail to recommend Asthma Cure (Hair's) to anyone who is suffering from that cruel complaint.

Thanking you again and may God bless you.

I remain,
Yours gratefully,
(Sd.) MRS. F. OSTOCHE

...FREE BOOK...

To Dr. Hair's Indian Depot. (Dept. 2).
P. O. Box 431, Bombay.

Please send me your free and post paid, Dr. Hair's Book on Asthma, Bronchitis and Catarrh.

Name.....
Address.....

Send this coupon in post envelope for ½ anna.

WRITE CLEARLY.
B.C. 10|2|34

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE— WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Feeling Great

If you wake up in the morning feeling sour and depressed, entirely lacking in vim and vigour, don't swallow a lot of salts, mineral water, oil or harsh purgatives and expect them to make you suddenly sweet and buoyant and full of sunshine.

They can't do it. They only move the bowels and a mere movement doesn't get at the cause. The real reason for your run down feeling is your liver. It should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily.

If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Your stomach is filled with gas. You have a thick, bad taste and your breath is foul, skin often breaks out in blemishes. Your head aches and you feel down and out. Your whole system is poisoned.

It takes those good, old CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "tip top". They contain wonderful, harmless, gentle vegetable extracts especially effective when it comes to making the bile flow freely.

But don't ask for liver pills. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Always look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the Red Package Label.

WARNING!

Are You Protected Against CHEQUE FRAUD?

USE

Todd Protectograph Cheque-writers

Sole Agents
STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO.,
321, Hornby Road, Fort,
(Agency Enquiries Invited)
'Phone 24708.

Bothersome mosquitoes defy weak sprays

**INSIST on powerful FLIT ----it kills without fail**

Remember the comfort of your guests and don't buy weak imitations of FLIT. Your friends will appreciate your hospitality when you save them the annoyance of insect pests. Consider your own comfort, too, and insist on FLIT. This powerful insecticide *always* kills. Look for the *sealed* yellow tin with the soldier and black band. FLIT is never sold in bulk.

*Sole Distributors:—*
HERBERT, SON & Co., Post Box 431, Bombay.



THE CONTACT GLASS

IS AN INVISIBLE LENS, OF THE SHAPE OF THE EYE-BALL, WHICH CAN BE FITTED BETWEEN THE EYE-LID AND THE CORNEA.

IT IS A BOON IN PROFESSIONS WHERE SPECTACLES ARE NOT ALLOWED IN OCCUPATIONS OR WHERE IT IS A HINDRANCE

DISEASES OF THE CORNEA, SUCH AS KERATOCONUS, CONICAL CORNEA, ETC., ARE CURABLE WITH THE CONTACT GLASS.

INTRODUCERS IN INDIA

BALIWALLA & HOMI

the Progressive Opticians

SHOW-ROOMS:

365-367, Hornby Road, Opp. Bank of India Ltd. 361. Kalbadevi Road, Corner Hanuman Lane, etc.



A MESSAGE TO WOMEN

LODHRA Uterine Tonic A Boon to Women

This most effective Elixir has been prepared after a special study of the works of great pharmacopists, and has been found to possess the remarkable property of bringing the reproductive functions of women into perfect order.

Menstrual disorders of any kind. Painful Menstruation, and host of other disorders in a woman's constitution too delicate to be named, have been set right by the use of—

LODHRA.

KESARI KUTEERAM

Egmore, Madras

*Agents:*—Ratilal Brothers

Hashim Building, BOMBAY.

Stockists:

P. M. ZAVERI & CO.,

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

And all other Chemists.


# "ISAAC PATOLE DID THE CRIME"

## DEFENCE COUNSEL'S CONTENTION

## Alleges Crown Witness Is Fooling Police

### Judge Presses Advocate-General To Call Unwanted Witness

**The suggestion that one of the prosecution witnesses had committed the murder and had successfully fooled the police was made by the defence at the resumed hearing of the Dadar Parsi Colony Murder Case before Mr. Justice Blackwell and a special jury at the Bombay High Court on Friday.**

**Sib-Inspector Sorabjee, the Investigating Officer, further cross-examined by the Chakranarayan, Counsel for the first accused said that his investigations did not lead to the conclusion that the witness mentioned by the defence was responsible for the murder.**

**In this case Henri Zaoba Salve and Shevantibai are charged with the murder of Freni Eruchsha Tarapore and robbery on September 19 last.**

### SUB-INSPECTOR'S DENIALS

The Advocate-General, with Mr. Forobes appeared for the Crown. Mr. Chakranarayan, instructed by Mr. Joseph, defended the first accused. The second accused was defended by Mr. Leo Rodrigues instructed by Mr. B. Moro Panth.

The defence counsel put questions to the Sub-Inspector regarding the search of the room of Isac Patole on September 21 when the police recovered a trunk alleged to be the property of the first accused.

Mr. Chakranarayen: Is it a fact that this trunk was forced open before any of the panch witnesses were called in?

Witness: That is not a fact

Counsel: Is it not a fact that one of the panch witnesses Waghmare came in the room after the panchnama was written out and he merely signed it.

Witness denied the suggestion.

Counsel: Is it not a fact that another panch witness D'Souza went out of the room while the panchnama was being prepared?

Witness: None of the panchas were allowed to go out of the room while the panchanama was being made.

At this stage the Judge asked the Advocate-General if he was going to call this two panch witnesses Wakhmare and D'Souza to give evidence.

The Advocate-General informed the Court that John D'Souza was being called but as regards the other panch witness, he said 'Waghmare, is the brother-in-law of witness Isaac Patole, who has turned hostile to the prosecution. Speaking for the Crown, Your Lordship, I can say we have no confidence in this man.

Judge: I thing in view of these allegations it would be better to call this panch Waghmare. The jury can hear him and they can form their own impressions from his evidence.

Advocate-General: I am prepared to assist the administration of justice and if necessary call this witness. But the defence should not later on say: "This is your own witness and look at what he says".

Judge: The defence will say just as much if you don't call him.

The Advocate-General: I shall see this witness in the presence of our Solicitor, and if we think that we can place confidence in him, we will call him.

**His Lordship's View.**

Judge: It seems to me that it is highly desirable that this witness should be called whatever he is going to say.

The Advocate-General remarked that in all probability the witness would be called.

Defence counsel to witness: You went to the room of Isaac Patole particularly to look for blood-stained clothes?—Yes.

Q: You found no blood-stained clothes in the trunk?—No.

Questioned in regard to the paper with pencil impressions of a letter alleged to have been written to mislead the Police, wittness said, the paper was found inside the trunk. It was not true that it was found in an envelope, nor was it folded.

**"If D'Souza Says——"**

Counsel: If D'Souza, the panch witness says that this paper was in an envelope and was folded, you say, he is wrong?—Yes.

Q: Directly you got this paper, you thought it was quite enough for preparing a case against the accused?—No.

Q: Is it true that this document was put in the trunk by you?—No. It is absolutely incorrect.

Q: Is it true that nothing was read out from this paper to the panchas?—No, it is not true.

Q: What was actually read out to the panchas was from a typed paper, which you had with you?—I had no typed paper.

Q: If D'Souza says that a typed paper was read out, it is not true?—No, it is not true.

In reply to further questions, witness admitted that he had not stated before the Coroner the fact about the first accused having made a statement to him. Witness added that, no question was put to him about it.

**"Isaac Patole An Accomplice."**

When counsel put the next question, stating that it was not at the instance of the first accused that the room of Isaac Patole was searched, the Judge remarked:

"Is your suggestion that, at this stage Isaac Patole was an accomplice of the Police for the purpose of implicating the first accused?"

Mr. Chakranarayen: "Yes. Further my suggestion is that Isaac Patole was himself the culprit, and that he has been fooling the police

The defence counsel then asked witness, if Isaac Patole was not in league with the Police, which witness denied.

Mr. Chakranarayen: "I put it to you that Isaac Patole was responsible for committing the robbery and murder and he has been fooling you.

Sub-Inspector Sorabji: "My investigations do not lead to that conclusion."

MISTAKES IN PANCHANAMA

Cross-examined by Mr. Rodrigues, counsel for the second accused, witness admitted that unfortunately some mistakes had occurred in the panchanama made by the police over the body of Freni on September 19. He admitted that the date on the panchnama appeared to have been written in a different ink and the words "five small googris and a mat" appeared in a different handwriting and no mention of the googris was made in the articles taken charge of by the police.

Witness however opined the suggestion that the "googris" or beads were never found and that these were inserted in the panchanama to connect the accused with the crime, the allegation being that these beads belonged to the second accused.

Counsel: There are many lapses in the panchanama?

Witness: Mistakes do occur, My Lord.

Witness further admitted that in the evidence given before the Coroner he had not mentioned that of the two bangles purported to have been found in the room of the murdered woman, one belonged to the deceased while the other belonged to the second accused. He came to know this distinction for the first time when he gave evidence before Mr. Justice Kania.

"BOLSTERED UP"

Counsel: I put it to you that this distinction has been bolstered up in order to connect the second accused with the crime?

Witness replied in the negative.

The case was adjourned to Tuesday.

### *"DAYLIGHT ROBBERY AT MARINE LINES"*

#### *Reported Recovery Of Missing Bags Of Money From Manubhai Narsindas Incorrect*

Our attention has been drawn to an error which occurred in the report which appeared in our issue of Tuesday 6th instant, headed "Daylight Robbery at Marine Lines," wherein it was stated, 'inter alia,' that,

". . . on Monday morning Manubhai Narsidas, Manager of the Surti Hindu Hotel, was arrested from whom the police recovered three bags containing Rs. 7,000 of the stolen money."

We now learn that these three bags containing Rs. 7,000 were recovered at the scene of the offence. The accused Manubhai Narsidas Thakker was arrested on the statement of Narayan Bhasker and his alleged accomplice that they had handed over three bags containing money in cash, to Manubhai Narsidas, immediately after the offence was committed.

The residence of Manubhai Narsidas Thakker was searched by the Police for the three missing bags, which are alleged to have contained Rs. 2,283 but nothing was found".

We regret that our report made it appear that the police recovered three bags containing Rs. 7,000 from the accused, Manubhai Narsidas Thakker.

---

The Trichy Municipal Council has passed a resolution expressing their sorrow at the demise of Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar and placing on record their appreciation of his services to Indian journalism and expressing their sympathy to the members of the bereaved family.

### THREE MONTHS JAIL

#### Motor Driver Awarded Minimum Sentence

Three months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs 200 in default further three months imprisonment was the sentence that was awarded by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon on Friday to Balakrishna Pillay, a motor driver, for rash and negligent driving.

The prosecution case was that on 25-4-33, the accused was driving his Car No. 9162 along Hospital Avenue, when near Chamir Baug, the car knocked down a boy named Tukaram Madhav, while he was crossing the road. The boy who was seriously injured died in Hospital.

A police Officer of the Motor Vechicles Department in his evidence stated that he had examined the car in question and found that the brakes were not in order.

The accused pleaded guilty.

The Magistrate in passing sentence said that the accused had not given a proper explanation regarding the brakes, but as he had a clean license the minimum sentence would be awarded.

### *Peon With Cash Attacked In Broad Daylight*

JUBBULPORE, February 8.

A daring day-light robbery, first of its nature in Jubbulpore's history was committed this afternoon in the Imperial Bank compound, when Mohammad Khan a peon of Jubbalpore Electric Supply Company while returning with cash and currency notes was attacked from behind by an unknown person lying in ambush, near the surrounding bushes with his face covered, who after rendering Mahommed Khan unconscious bolted away with the cash. The culprit has not yet been traced.—United Press.

### EUROPEAN CASHIER ON TRIAL

#### Charged With Forgery And Cheating In Respect Of Rs. 3,405

Edward James a European Cashier of Messrs. W. M. Marshall and Co., who was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. on charges of alleged forgery and criminal misappropriation in respect of Rs. 3,405 was placed on trial before Sir Hormusdiar Dastur, Chief Predency Magistrate, Bombay on Friday.

The case for the prosecution was that James was the Cashier of Messrs. W. M. Marshall and Co., Ballard Estate. During the half yearly audit of the Company's accounts, certain irregularities were noticed and the accused was called upon to give his explanation. It was alleged that instead of doing so, he walked out of the office. His conduct roused the suspicions of Lt. Col. Murray, the Managing Director, who on examining his cheque book found three counterfoils entered up, for which he could not account. He thereupon went to the Lloyds Bank, Ltd., and discovered that the signatures on the three corresponding cheque leaves had been forged.

CHEQUES CASHED.

The three cheques were cashed for Rs. 250; Rs. 850 and Rs. 2,105 respectively between December 27, 1933 and January 2, 1934.

Lt. Col. H. Murray lodged a complaint with the Bombay C. I. D. and Sergt. Gibbs arrested the accused.

The prosecution examined two witnesses and the case was adjourned till Saturday, to enable the prosecution to examine a hand-writing expert.

Mr. W. K. Mankar, Police Prosecutor appeared for the Crown.

The accused was undefended.

### *MR. OSCAR BROWN TO OFFICIATE AT DADAR*

The "Bombay Government Gazette" announces that Mr. O. H. Brown, LL. B., Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, with effect from March 24, 1924, vice Mr. N. T. Jungalwala, LL. B., retiring.

To Men of All Ages—Especially those over Thirty

ARE YOU LOSING YOUTHFUL VIGOUR AND MANLINESS?

TO THOUSANDS of men who have lost vigour and manly strength—men whose vital forces are at low ebb—Phyllosan brings new hope.

'PHYLLOSAN' is prepared under the direction of a celebrated Professor of Medicine. It is a pure vegetable product, tasteless and quite harmless, which revitalizes and rejuvenates the whole body. It makes a man a real man—gives him renewed youth and a capacity to enjoy life to the full. It recreates the vital forces enabling a man to express his manhood.

Take 'PHYLLOSAN' three times a day, before meals. Taken regularly, the results will astonish and please you. You will be a new man, with youthful vigour and strength at your command to live a full active and manly life.

START TAKING

'PHYLLOSAN' Regd.

TO-DAY

*Untouched by hand in Manufacture*

Revitalizes the Blood, Rejuvenates the Arteries, Corrects Blood Pressure, Fortifies the Heart, Strengthens the Nerves, Increases all Physical and Vital forces—Irrespective of age.

*Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.*

Agents: CAMA NORTON & Co., 23, Medows Street BOMBAY.

Proprietors: NATURAL CHEMICALS, Ltd.

"I give him Scott's Emulsion every day

... it keeps him in splendid health"

AT no time in his life does he need so much care and nourishment as now. His growing body easily succumbs to the many children's ailments that are so common in India.

That is why Mothers give their children SCOTT'S Emulsion—the ideal health-builder—to keep them always well and strong. It supplies just that extra nourishment they need—strengthens the lungs, builds sturdy limbs and ensures sound health.

And children love their SCOTT'S Emulsion—its pure cod liver oil is rendered pleasant by the unique SCOTT process.

See that you get the genuine SCOTT'S Emulsion—recognised by this famous Trade Mark

Scott's Emulsion
of Pure Cod Liver Oil


# Forecast Of French Cabinet

## Strong Support For Doumergue Who Is Offering Portfolio To Socialist Leader

PARIS, Feb. 8.

While it is understood that M. Doumergue will not form a Cabinet to-night owing to lack of time, the following is an unofficial forecast of the possible Cabinet:—

Premier and Foreign Minister: M. Doumergue.

Minister of Colonies: M. Paul Reynaud.

Minister of War: Marshal Petain.

Minister of Air: General Vuillemi.

Minister of Marine: Admiral Lacaze.

Minister of Justice: M. Mapper

Minister of Interior: M. Albert Sarraut.

Minister of Labour: M. Laval.

M. Tardieu and M. Herriot will both stand out in the interest of party truce.

It is surprisingly reported that M. Doumerge proposes to offer a portfolio to the Socialist Leader Leon Blum.—Reuter's Special.

### PARISIANS ANXIOUS ABOUT NEW CABINET

PARIS, Feb. 8.

The eagerness of France to learn the names of the new Cabinet was shown by the large crowds waiting for hours in the afternoon and evening outside the Qual d'Orsay where M. Doumergue was forming a cabinet.

Troops stood by in the courtyard in case there should be any recurrence of disorder, but the crowds were peaceful.

It is learned on reliable authority that M. Doumergue has abandoned the idea of forming a cabinet of ex-premiers, and also the idea of an "extra-parliamentary" cabinet.—Reuter.

### FRENCH STOCKS RISE

PARIS, Feb. 9.

The prospect of a Doumergue Ministry has worked like magic. Francs, Rentes and other French stocks rose, while the fever of unrest fell sharply.—Reuter.

### STRONG SUPPORT FOR DOUMERGUE

PARIS, Febry. 9.

M. Doumergue has the whole Senate behind him and the Chamber, except the Socialists, Communists and a few dissident Radicals, and is thus assured of a great body of support.

It is now believed that he will be Premier and Minister of Justice, and will offer the Foreign portfolio to M. Barthou; Education to M. Herriot; Ministry of Interior to Laval and Public Works to M. Tardieu.—Reuter's Special.

### COMMUNISTS GIVE TROUBLE

PARIS, Febry. 9.

Communist demonstrations occurred in many parts of France yesterday with very little effect, except in Lyons, where in a few disturbances stones were thrown, and the Internationale sung, but the police were not unduly troubled.

Meanwhile, the Civil Servants' Union has decided to join the General Strike on Feb. 12.—Reuter.

# U. S. BANKER'S SON FREED

## Victim's Inability To Identify Kidnappers, His Eyes Being Sealed With Tape

St.PAUL (Minnesota), Feb. 8.

Mr. E. Bremer was released near Rochester, 79 miles away. Because his eyes were sealed the whole time during imprisonment with adhesive tape, he doesn't know where he was taken.

A Ransom of an unknown amount has been paid.—Reuter's extra special service.

A message from Saint Paul (Minnesota) dated Jan: 18 stated:—

Edward G. Bremer, banker and eldest son of the wealthy banker and brewer, Adolf Bremer has been abducted by kidnappers who demand a ransom of 200,000 dollars.—Reuter.

# NORTH ATLANTIC MERGER

## Proposed Construction Of Giant Cunarder 534

LONDON, Feb. 8.

The Financial Treasury announced in the Commons that a formal agreement has been reached between the Cunard and White Star Lines and the Treasury, merging the North Atlantic interests of both companies with a view to facilitating the construction of the giant Cunarder 534. Legislation would submitted to Parliament shortly, giving effect to the agreement.

The agreement provides formation of a merger company called the Cunard White Star Limited. 62 per cent shares being held by the Cunard and 38 per cent by the White Star

The treasury undertakes to advance not exceeding three millions sterling to finance the completion of 5[illegible], besides one million and a half for the working capital, secured by debentures at low rates of interest. The Treasury would also be empowered to advance five additional millions for construction of a second giant ship—Reuter's Special.

### JARDINE'S GRAND MOTHER DEAD

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Feb. 9.

The death has occurred of Mistress Jardine at the age of 91. She is the widow of W. Jardine who was a judge of the Allahabad High Court and grandmother of the skipper of the M.C.C. Team now touring India.

# GREAT AND DISTINCT PUBLIC LOSS

## Mr. Jayakar Pays Glowing Tribute To Late Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar At Matunga Meeting

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association, (Matunga), a public meeting of the residents of Matunga was held on Thursday evening at the Association Hall, Matunga to express sorrow at the death of Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu". Mr. M. R. Jayakar presided.

Md. Shalvativeswaran, the Hindu Correspondent at Bombay, in proposing Mr. Jayakar to the chair, said that Mr. Jayakar was closely associated with late Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar for over a long time. The speaker referred to the intimate relation that existed between the two when the Swarajya Party was formed in 1924. He remembered the days when the Labour Government was in power in 1930, when Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Jayakar and late Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar opened negotiations with Government to bridge the gulf between the Government and the Congress.

SHADOW OF DEATH

Mr. M. R. Jayakar in a lucid speech, said that they were meeting under the shadow of a melancholy incident, namely the death of a great journalist and politician, the late Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar, the Editor of the "Hindu". The speaker felt it a great privilege to be associated with the object of the meeting, namely to pay tribute to the memory of the departed great man.

Mr. Jayakar said: "Memory goes back to those eventful days when Bombay was boiling with patriotic fervour."

Continuing Mr. Jayakar said:—Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar showed in his life, that "a nationalist could have a balanced temper and that loyalty to ideals need not prevent one from having a most dispassionate view."

EMINENTLY DESIRABLE

His presence by the side of late Pandit Motilal Nehru in the Assembly was "eminently desirable" and nothing that the Pandit did but had "the mature consideration and deliberate examination at the hands of Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar."

The Assembly then was a most 'extraordinary combination,'—'a singular crowd'—said the speaker, comprisink as it did "very able men like Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Lala Lajpat Rai, Pandit Motilal Nehru, late Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar.

"Whenever we had to examine important problems I always felt sure of Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar's dispassionate and cool-headed view of the problems." "His judgment was infallible. The late Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar, combined the wisdom of the ancients with the alertness of the moderns."

Referring to "Gandhi-Irwin Pact," Mr. Jayakar said, "I vividly recollect the informal meeting at Naini jail when we met the Nehrus—father and son—the greatest makers of Modern India, if I am not exaggerating," (applause), and that "pregnant one hour talk" that the late Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, who took the trobue of coming all the way from Madras, had with late Pandit Motilal Nehru.

The singular gift that the late Editor of the "Hindu" had in a rich degree, was that he succeeded in combining his great devotion to Mahatma Gandhi with his sense of duty as a dispassionate journalist. His motto could as well be, said Mr. Jayakar, "Im a journalist first and party man afterwards."

JAYAKAR NOT A JOURNALIST

"I do not claim to be journalist," continued the speaker, "but I have observed journalism from a high conception of the dignity of late editor of the "Hindu" had a conception of the dignity of "the Editorial chair" from which only dispassionate views emanated. The speaker appreciated the services that Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar offered at the Round Table Conference.

The chief work that the "Hindu" left behind, under the inspiration of the late Editor was that the paper was received even "in most hostile quarters"—"die-hard quarters"—with great respect for the balance of views it expressed and said that "the name of the 'Hindu' is a guarantee of dispassionate judgment" which explained the esteem it enjoyed in the India Office.

PUBLIC LOSS

The speaker held that it was "a great and distinct public loss," just when a big political experiment was to be initiated in India, and he felt no doubt that "if our esteemed friend had been vouchsafed to us for two or three years more," he would have filled one of the portfolios with distinction.

The speaker concluded by saying that he had great esteem and admiration for the deceased and that 'a man of such resignation, as he showed himself to be at even his son's death, is "very hard to find in public life."


THE STATE-AIDED BANK OF TRAVANCORE,
LIMITED.

Head Office:—ALLEPPEY.

Branches:—TRIVANDRUM CHANGANACHERRY, COCHIN, QUILON, KOTTAYAM, KAYENKULAM & ERNAKULAM.

(Under the patronage of the Government of His Highness The Maharajah of Travancore).

CHAIRMAN:—Mr. K. C. PANDALAI, B.Sc, (ECON.)

Fixed Deposits are now received at the following rates:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For Six Months ... ... ... | 4 per cent. | per annum. |
| For One Year ... ... ... ... | 4½ | " " |
| For 2 Years or more ... ... ... | 5 | " " |

The interest is payable half-yearly. The Bank has made arrangements at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta and Bangalore for receiving and paying the Deposits At PAR. For further particulars apply to:

C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A., Manager, or
THE CHAIRMAN, COLLEGE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.



THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Post Box No. 322. Tel. No. 22337

DAILY EDITION

| | Local | Mofussil |
|---|---|---|
| 1 Year | Rs. 20-0 | Rs. 25-0 |
| 6 Months | Rs. 11-0 | Rs. 13-0 |
| 3 Months | Rs. 6-0 | Rs. 7-0 |
| 1 Month | Rs. 2-4 | Rs. 2-8 |

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 45 per Year.
Rs. 25 for 6 Months.

SUNDAY EDITION.

| | Local | Mofussil |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly | Rs. 4-0 | Rs. 5-0 |
| Half-yearly | Rs. 2-8 | Rs. 3-0 |

FOREIGN

| | |
|---|---|
| Yearly ..... | Rs. 10 |
| Half-yearly ..... | Rs. 6 |

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.



THE ASIAN POULTRY FARM
11, CONNAUGHT ROAD, POONA

25 BREEDS 25 PRICE LIST FREE



The Proven STOMACH REMEDY for Bad Cases

For over 20 years 'Bisurated' Magnesia has been curing stomach disorders. The following authentic case is typical of the countless former sufferers who now enjoy the blessing of good digestion, thanks to the unfailing efficacy of 'Bisurated' Magnesia.

SUFFERED GASTRITIS & ULCERS —NO PAINS NOW!

from a recent photo of Mrs. Jones.

Mrs. Jones, of Worcester, writes:—"I have been ill for seven years with gastritis which turned to ulcers—the pain almost drove me mad. I was not able to take food of any kind. A month ago whilst in dreadful pain a friend told me to try 'Bisurated' Magnesia which I did, and I have had no pains since—the first month without pain for seven years. Can now eat any kind of food with comfort."

This remarkable cure was effected by 'BISURATED' MAGNESIA after other methods had failed!

Its Action Explained—

Simply take a teaspoonful of the powder (or four tablets) in a little water. The moment this soothing draught reaches the tortured stomach it begins to sweeten the sour, fermenting, undigested food. The contents of the stomach become as bland and soothing as milk to the sensitive stomach lining. The pain quickly disappears. By adopting this simple treatment after each meal, your harassed stomach will lose its tenderness and grow strong, until you can eat whatever you like and enjoy every meal, without fear of wind and pain to follow. Get a bottle of 'Bisurated' Magnesia to-day and try it—the relief will be a revelation to you.

'BISURATED' MAGNESIA

Powder or Tablets from all chemists. BISMAC See this Sign on every packet.


# HINDU WIDOW SOBS IN COURT

## Relates Tragic Happenings In Dacoity Trial

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

Dressed in white (which is the emblem of Hindu widowhod) a young woman named Tarabala Dassi stepped into the witness box in the Court room of the Additional Sessions Judge, Howrah, to-day to give evidence in a case of dacoity.

The dacoity took place in her father-in-law's house at Kajkhetra in June last as a result of which five persons including her father-in-law, mother-in-law and husband lost their lives.

There are ten Bengalis on trial in the case, the eleventh having turned approver.

Witness sobbed continuously while being examined by the Public Prosecutor, and her sobbing increased when certain articles belonging to her deceased husband were shown to her for identification.

She, however, identified four of the prisoners in the dock and narrated how along with several others, who were variously armed on the night of the occurrence, they mercilessly assaulted the inmates of the house, including infants and herself and robbed the women of the ornaments, they were wearing. Two died on the spot and three in hospital, while she was discharged before her wounds had healed.

The hearing is proceeding. A.P.

### TIT FOR TAT

## Britain To Impose Retaliatory Duties On French Goods

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Reuter learns that the British Government is informing the French Government that retaliatory duties will be imposed from February 12 unless the discriminatory quotas are removed.—Reuter's Special.

### Gandhi Seva Sena Collects Over Rs. 11,000

The following is a further list of donations collected by the Gandhi Seva Sena for Babu Rajendra Prasad Relief Committee:

Previously acknowledged Rs. 10,357-6-6; Smt. Rajkumari Mukundlal Pitti Rs. 100; Proceeds of a Concert held at the Unity Club Rs. 118; The Hindustan Construction Co. Ltd. through Smt. Shantabai Vengsarker Rs. 100.

The above, including donations less than Rs. 100 amount to Rs. 11,134-6-6.

# MILL WORKERS ON STRIKE

## As Protest Against Wage Cut

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 9.

The operatives of the weaving department of the Nagri mill are on strike since yesterday as a protest against alleged wage cut. The Mill authorities have put up a notice saying that they will pay off the strikers and employ new men.

Though the strikers are not members of the Labour Association the latter is considering the question of writing to the Mill-owners Association seeking its intervention in the matter.—A. P.

# SANATANISTS COME TO BLOWS

## Poona Meeting Ends In Disorder

POONA, February 9.

Panic and great disorder reigned at a meeting of the Sanatanists held here in a local temple.

It is said that the nationalist section of the audience strongly resented some remarks made by a Sanatanist speaker in criticising Mahatma Gandhi. An opportunity to put forward the reformist point of view having been denied to a young man, trouble arose and it is reported some among the audience exchanged blows.

The meeting finally terminated in disorder.—United Press.

### NOT TO ATTEND ALL PARTIES CONFERENCE

TRIVANDRUM, Feb 9

Mr. G. K. Devadhar, President of the Servants of India Society, who is at Trivandrum at present preparing a report to be submitted to the Travancore and Cochin States regarding the progress of the Co-operative movement in those States, is understood to have informed Sir Chiman Lal Setalwad of his inability to attend the session of the proposed All Parties Conference.

It may be remembered that Mr. Devadhar was one of the authors of the joint memorandum issued under signatures of Mr. N. C Kelkar and himself, and which in fact gave birth to the idea of an All Parties Conference—United Press.


Back to health and strength —with HORLICK'S

WHEN illness has left you weak and limp, your body's great need is nourishment—nourishment that will rebuild wasted tissues and bring energy flooding back, yet placing no strain on digestion.

Doctors recognise that Horlick's is invaluable for this purpose. Scientifically prepared from fresh, full-cream cow's milk with the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat, Horlick's provides complete and balanced nourishment—everything your body needs, in correct proportions.

And not only that: the process by which Horlick's is created partially pre-digests its ingredients, so that even the most delicate digestion has no difficulty in assimilating its nutriment.

Add the fact that Horlick's is appetising and delicious to take—and you have some of the reasons why doctors all over the world so consistently recommend this food-drink in all stages of convalescence.

HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK
Available Everywhere

● When prepared in the special Mixer Horlick's is extra creamy and delicious. Obtainable at stores: or from P. O. Box 2220, Calcutta, for As. 14 in stamps

# "HINDUSTANI" MUST BE "LINGUA FRANCA" OF INDIA

## False Doctrine Of Inferiority Of Our Language Must Be Challenged, Says Political Member Of Nizam's Govt.

Delivering the Convocation address of the Osmani University on Thursday evening Nawab Mahri Yar Jung Bahadur Political Member, H E H the Nizam's Executive Council, said:—

The conviction thus grew on one that, apart from the difficulty of acquiring a foreign language which was added to the difficulty of the subject to be learnt, the "inferiority complex" thus acquired by our men was largely responsible for the absence of original thought among us, as well as for the tendency to learn text-books by rote, and for the paucity of our contributions to the sum total of human knowledge. Please do not let me be abes are necessary, even essential to the exchange of knowledge with other countries and for the co-ordination of research. But the acceptance of the supposition that our own language is on an inferior plane and incapable of becoming either a store-house or a vehicle of knowledge, creates just that psycho'ogy which is so fatal to original thought and action.

FALSE DOCTRINE.

This false doctrine of the inferiority of our language had gone unchallenged for a whole century. In fact it had been tacitly admitted ever since Macaulay wrote his famous but unfortunate Minute about imparting education in English; and so obsessed were peop'e with this idea that the new University which taught in Hindustani incurred much opposition and hostility. The infant University was thus born in an atmosphere that was by no means favourable. Some people (the infanticides!) would have throttled it straightway. Others prophesied that the young institution would never grow to full stature as Hindustani was, to their minds, incapable of becoming either the repository or the vehic'e of advanced learning. Yet other critics averred that it would never be recognised by English speaking Universities. I, however, was one of the minority who hailed the innovation with satisfaction, and congratulated the promoters of the idea on their having had the courage of their convictions. It did one's heart good in those early days (only a decade ago!) to see Professors, diffident at first, discovering later on to their surprise and delight the ease with which Hindustani adapted itself to modern requirements, and its great power of expression, drawing as it does its vocabu'ary from four or five of the richest languages in the world.

MISCONCEPTION CLEARED.

Now, a few words in order to clear up a misconception that has srept in regarding the purity of the medium used by us. A glance at the official statistics relating to the languages spoken in India will show that the one spoken by the largest number of persons in India is what is termed "Western Hindi." Now this language which is capable of being written either in the Persian or in the Devanagari characters, is identical with the literary language used by the Osmania University and the Hyderabad Law Courts and offices, and is neither more nor less "Persianised" than that language. A proof of this assertion is that Hindu and Muhammadan gentlemen from the United Provinces where "Western Hindi" is spoken, hear their own familiar mothertongue when they visit our lecture halls and courts of law, and not any Persianised j rgon which they cannot understand. The fact is that western Hindi, in whichever script you may write it, contains a large proport'on of Persian and even Arabic words. These words have simply become part of the language from which they are now inseparable. Hundreds of such words are used by most Indians in their daily conversation, and any attempt to divest the language of them would only impoverish it.

THE ONE LANGUAGE OF

In these observations I have applied the common word "Hindustani" to all the dialects comprising Urdu and Hindi (Western and Eastern). According to the statistics the largest number of Indians speak Hindustani taken in this broad sense. Nor is any other language so widely understood even by those Indians who do noto normally speak it. It goes without question, therefore, that Hindustani is the one language that is capable of becoming the common language of the whole of India, more specially as by its composite nature it possesses a far richer vocabulary than many a purer but more restricted dialect.

English may be the "lingua franca" of the educated few, specially for political and constitutional purposes, but it can never really penetrate to tht masses;

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

I would like to make it clear, however, that what I have just said about Hir tustani as the medium of instruction applies only to the University and not to the Schoo s. For it is an admitted principle that elementary education must be imparted in the mother tongue of the pupils which in this State may be one of two or three southern vernaculars besides Hindustani, and primary schoo's must be worked on that principle.


From Next SATURDAY

AT

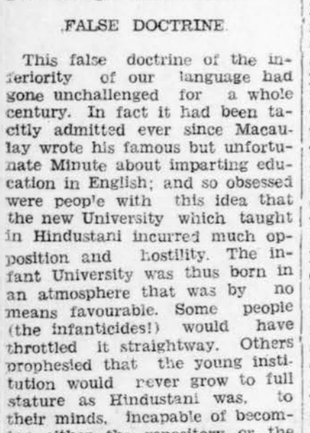
IMPERIAL CINEMA.

A Magnificent

MUSICAL ROMANCE

AJANTA CINETONE'S

MASTERPIECE




"VASAVADATTA"

From
The Immortal Drama of
THE GREAT SANSKRIT
POET BHASA

The Story Of

The Queen, Who Sacrificed Her All For the Welfare Of the Country

Full of Fun, Music and Emotion.

Also Featuring

RAGINI DEVI

The Famous Artistic Dancer

NOT TO BE MISSED

The Sensation Of the Season

Coming from 11th February

YOU SHALL NOT MISS TO SEE

India's Pride and Greatest Talkie Ever Produced By
NEW THEATRES, LTD.

PURAN-BHAKTA

Featuring
BLIND SINGER—KRISHNA-CHANDRA, DEY, ANWARI, KUMAR, SAIGAL, Etc.

at

GLOBE TALKIES

TIME:—5-30, 8, 10-30
FRI., SAT., SUN. & HOLIDAYS AT 3 P.M.

NEXT SATURDAY!
MADAN'S MASTERPIECE DRAMA
SAKHI-LOOTERA
Featuring: KAJJAN—P. COOPER Etc.

H. O. H. APPEAL FUND CHARITY SHOW
on THURSDAY, 15th FEB. at 6-30 P.M.
Under the Kind Patronage and distinguished presence of
H. E. LADY BRABOURNE
Watch for the special selected picture programme
THE CARLTON
Rates of admission:
Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Re. 1, and annas 7.

SECOND WEEK
at
THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY, & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SPECIAL SHOW
FOR LADIES ONLY
AT 10 A.M. ON SUNDAY MORNING
THE GREATEST MUSICAL OF ALL TIMES
FOOTLIGHT PARADE
with
300 GORGEOUS GIRLS
20 BIG STARS

NOW YOU CAN SEE
how
"IN THE VALLEY OF DEATH RODE THE SIX HUNDRED?"
TENNYSON'S
Immortal Poem
"CHARGE OF THE LIGHT BRIGADE."
As An Unforgettable Screen Epic!
AT
THE CARLTON
Daily 3 Shows: 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SUN., MOR. SHOW AT 10 A.M.

The Undying Memory of a glorious page in the history of humanity!
THE NOBLE SIX HUNDRED
Crying .... Fighting .... Dying for their country!
ONE OF THE MOST MEMORABLE SCREEN SPECTACLES YOU'VE EVER SEEN.
with
A Huge Cast Including
CYRIL MACLAGLEN,
BENITA HUME,
MILES MANDER.
IMPORTANT!
Local Schools and Colleges will be given the benefit of SPECIAL CONCESSION RATES in any show throughout the next week. Principals are requested to book the seats in advance.

Third Week! Third Week!
THE CHOICE OF THE MULTITUDE
'SULOCHANA'
IN
"SULOCHANA" or "TEMPLE BELLS"
Daring in its plot, spectacular in production
gorgeous in settings, Dramatic in Picturization
With
A GALLAXY OF IMPERIAL STARS
Director: CHAUDHARY.
MAJESTIC CINEMA:
GIRGAUM, Bombay.

2 DAYS ONLY
TO-NIGHT 9-30 P.M. SUNDAY EVENING 6-30 P.M.
INDIAN DANCES and MUSIC
BY
Well-known INDIAN DANCER, whose Art will be a revelation to you
AUZURIE
with
THE TALENTED EUROPEAN ARTISTES First Time on Bombay Stage
RASHID and ROSHANARA
Also SONGS by MASTER BUDEN
Prices: Rs. 5-12, 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 and As. 2.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

GLAD NEWS TO BOMBAY SUBURBITES

INDIA'S FIRST MULTICOLOUR TALKIE
"SAIRANDHREE"
is on at
KOHINOOR
CINEMA, Dadar.
(Your Pet Theatre)
The musical extravaganza with the gorgeous background of Mahabharat Kal
Sairandhree needs no introduction
featuring
Miss LEELA,
Master VINAYAK,
MISS SHAKUNTALA
Mr. NIMBALKAR
Mr. MANE
Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE AND HEAR THIS MASTER PIECE

FATE
Providence wants to keep every human being in darkness about what Befalls him at the next moment——
Otherwise what charm would be there in life
CAN YOU OVERRIDE YOUR FATE?
For Reply
SEE and HEAR
JAYANT PICTURES' HINDI MUSICAL TALKIE
VEENA-VELI
or SHAHI LAKKARHARA
Featuring
MISS JOHRA, MISS TARA, MR. MARUTI, MR. KASHINATH, LAVJEE LAVANGIA

DELICIOUS MUSIC AWAITS YOU
—GORGEOUS SETTINGS—
HEART-RENDING DIALOGUES—
Scenerio by Mr. MOHANLAL DAVE
Adapted from the SHREEPAL RAJA'S RASA
SEE IT WITH YOUR FAMILY at
MINERVA TALKIES LAMINGTON ROAD.
DAILY at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MATINEE at 3 p.m. on SATURDAY, SUNDAY and HOLIDAYS.

RANJIT Releases TO-DAY
Your Attention Please!
A STUPENDOUS and GORGEOUS DRAMA from the immortal pages of MAHABHARAT:—
VEER Babruvahan
The outdoor scenes of cavalry, infantry camp, and royal palaces are taken at Jamnagar by the kind permission of H.H. JAMSAHEB SHREE DIGVIJAYA SINGHJI BAHADUR of the Navanagar State.
Featuring:—
E. BILIMORIA; MADHURI; BHAGVANDAS; KEKI ADAJANIA; KHATOON; RAMPYARI; DIXIT & GHORI.
Directe d By:—
JAYANT DESAI.
:: :: WEST-END-TALKIES:

Glorious Second Week!
RADHA FILM CO'S SUPER URD U TALKIE
"MERCHANT of ARABIA"
ADAPTED FROM "CHAR DARVESH"
Featuring
TRILOK KAPUR, S. DAS, K. KUMAR AND MISSES KANAN AND ANGURBALA (of Bengal) adio and H.M.V. Fame)
Director: PROFULLA GHOSH. Cinematographer: D. G. GUNE.
Note:—Bihar Earthquake Talkie Topical is also among the programme.
TIME: 5, 8-15, 10-45. FRI., SAT., SUN. & HOLIDAYS MATINEE AT 2-30.
SUPER TALKIES CHARNI ROAD JUNCTION.

To-night & This Week
SHARDA MOVIETONE'S PRODUCTION
VEERANGNA PANNA
MEHTA LUHAR 100 P.C. TALKIE
Featuring
SHIVARANI
GULAB, APTE,
BHIM and NIZAM
HISTORICAL MAGNIFICENT STORY
BEAUTIFUL SONGS
Extraordinary War Scenes, etc.
Time as usual.
Krishna Cinema
New Charni Road.

## RARE SPECIFIC FOR DIABETES !

DR. S. RANGASWAMY IYENGAR
"DIABETES SPECIALIST"
Is in Possession of a rare Specific for the cure of
DIABETES.

Mr. N. K. Oka, Bombay, writes:—"I have much pleasure in writing that I am completely cured of my Diabetes by Dr. Iyengar's treatment, which as every week passed, brought on gradually reduction in sugar and also the specific gravity of my urine, which, at the commencement of the treatment were nearly 6% and 1039 respectively. After the complete course sugar was reduced to "Nil" and specific gravity 1020. I should like to recommend those suffering public Dr. Iyengar's infallible cure for Diabetes, which, I am sure, will give relief to any diabetic patient".

Consultation Hours:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

Address:—"GHIA BUILDINGS", Khetwadi Main Road, Opposite Girgaum Post Office, Bombay.

VAPEX
TRADE MARK
INHALANT

QUICKLY AND SAFELY BREAKS UP A COLD IN THE HEAD. SIMPLY BREATHE THE VAPOUR FREQUENTLY AT THE FIRST SYMPTOMS.

First thing every morning put a drop of "VAPEX" on your handkerchief.

*Of All Chemists.*

## SLAZENGERS'

LAWN TENNIS BALLS
1933

USED AT
THE CHAMPIONSHIPS, WIMBLEDON
The International Championships
OF
FRANCE
AND
BELGIUM
THE CHAMPIONSHIPS OF
SOUTH AFRICA, CANADA,
AND
THE DAVIS CUP FINAL
(European Zone)
GREAT BRITAIN v. AUSTRALIA
etc., etc., as well as
All India Lawn Tennis Tournament; Western India Championships; Sind Lawn Tennis Tournament; Bengal Championships; Calcutta Championships; South India Championships; Punjab Championships; Delhi and Army and Air Force Championships; Delhi Lawn Tennis Championships; Burma Championships; and used by the Italian Invitation Team during their Indian Tour last cold weather.

OFFICIAL STOCKISTS.
Army & Navy Co-operative Society Ltd., Bombay; Wagle & Co., Bombay; Dodhy & Sons, Bombay; Bombay Sports Depot, Bombay; Pioneer Sports, Ltd., Bombay; Nadkarni & Co., Bombay; B. S. A. Sports Depot, Bandra.


*TRADE & FINANCE*

# MONEY MARKET EASY ON HEAVY SALES OF STERLING

## Government Securities Firm

## STEADY RISE IN SILVER

## HECTIC CONDITIONS IN GOLD MARKET

BOMBAL Feb. 9.
(From Our Special Correspondent)

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market were fairly comfortable and call funds were placed at about 2 per cent. This is lagely due to heavy sales of sterling to Government. Renewals of Treasury bills amounted to Rs. 150 lakhs and maturities Rs. 160-75 lakhs. Government have borrowed further Rs. 3½ crores for Ways and Means and their total borrowings from the Bank amount to Rs. 4½ crores. The trade demand as per the latest statement of the Bank shows a decline of Rs. 119.37 lakhs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—

ed deposit rates:—One to three months 2 per cent and six

The Bank France has raised its discount rate from 2½ per cent to 3 of effective Febv. 8, 1934.

IMPERRIAL BANK.

The Statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on February 2, 1934 shows a large decline of Rs. 221.20 lakhs in the cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 14.80.62.000 as compared with Rs. 18.97 crores this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 18.08, a decline of 2.83 per cent under last week. Loans and Inland bills discounted are down by Rs. 13.98 lakhs and by Rs. 35.48 lakhs, respectively, while Cash credits have increased by Rs. 34.26 lakhs. Government deposits show a decline of Rs. 52.99 lakhs to Rs. 6.44 crores, while other deposits have risen by Rs. 106.34 lakhs. The Bank rate continues unchanged at 3½ per cent.

GILT EDGED MARKET.

Gilt-edged were firm during the week and there was a rise of over a rupee in the price of 3½ per cent Paper, which after advancing from Rs. 84-2 to as high as Rs 85-12, reacted to Rs. 85-4 and closed at Rs. 85-5. A fair amount of investment demand continues in the market. 3½ per cent Loan due 1947-50 closed at Rs. 95-11, 4 p c 1968-70 Loan after rising from Rs. 99-9 to Rs. 100-2 closed at Rs. 100-4 per cent 1943 loan at Rs. 102-2 and 1934-37 at Rs. 100-12. 4½ per cent 1955-60 loan improved to Rs. 106-8 while 1934 bonds were steady at Rs. 101-2. 5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 gained about 8 annas to Rs. 106-13, 1940-43 to Rs. 107-2 and 1935s to Rs. 103-11. 5 per cent 1945-55 Tax-free loan closed at Rs. 114-3. 5½ per cent 1938-40 loan is quoted at Rs. 107-13. 6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan remained steady at Rs. 106-1 and 6½ per cent Treasury Bonds at Rs. 105-12.

EXCHANGE.

A firm tone continued in sterling exchange this week with sellers of ready T. T. at 1/6-1/16 and few buyers at 1/6-3/32. Heavy sales of sterling were made to Government even at the top rate in addition to the weekly tenders for £1 million the allotment on which was lent 2 per cent. Forward positions were also firm, 1s. 6 1/16d being available up to mid-April.

The dollar sterling rate moved between dol. 4.98-1/4 and dol. 5. 0-3 3/4 the closing being dol 5 01-5/8. The Paris-London cross rate improved from 76.63 to 79.87, but closed at 78. The Belga and the Italian lira in London vnished at 22.04 and 58.37.

GOLD.

Hectic conditions prevailed in the gold market this week and the volume of business was large. The price of ready after opening at Rs. 34-4 improved to 34-12, declined during the week to Rs. 33-11-6, but subsequently rose and closed at Rs. 33-14. Rates in the local market followed more or less the movements in the New York-London rate rather than the Paris-London franc rate. There was a large turnover both ways, but on balance banks bought heavily for export. Last week's shipment per S. S. "Takliwa" amounted to Rs. 190 lakhs and this has reduced stocks on hand to some 3 lakhs tolas. The daily offtake is no better than 3000 tolas but arrivals from upcountry centres are about 25,000 tola a day. Foreign rates declined during the week from 21-11-3 to Rs. 21-7-0 for ready and from Rs. 21-11-9 to Rs. 21-5-6 for delivery February 27. In London the quotation after improving in mid-week from 138sh 3d to 140sh. decline to 136sh. 6d and closed at 136s. 9d. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were 34-11-3 and Rs. 33-11-6 for ready and 31st January settlement, Rs. 34-11-3 and Rs. 33-11-6 for March 2 settlement and Rs. 34-8-6 and Rs. 33-11-6 for April 3 shipment. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 39,843 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Steady conditions prevailed in the silver market this week and the price of ready after opening at Rs. 54-12 steadily advanced to as high as Rs. 56-2, but reacted and closed at Rs. 55-14. The difference between ready and March settlement has become narrower and is now Rs. 2-8 per 100 tolas. In the forward market also a fair amount of business was put through. Stocks on hand are reduced and approximate some 7000/7500 bars, while the daily offtake including that for the settlement was about 75 bars. The Shanghai dollar after improving from 1/4-1/16d to 1/4-7/16 gradually declined and closed at 1/4-1/4d. The highest and lowest rates in London were 19-15/16d and 19-1/4d for ready and forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 56-2 and Rs. 54-12 for ready and February 3 settlement and Rs. 58-14 and Rs. 58-0 for March 6 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 53,504 in coin.

SHARES.

Fluctuations on the Stock Exchange were within narrow limits. Cotton mill shares showed a slight improvement over last week probably due to a rise in the price of raw cotton. Following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 758/12-753/12-755; Centurys Rs. 195-190/10-195/10-1946; Central India Rs. 234/6-231/14-/237/8-232-8; Kohinoor Rs. 127/8-130-127/8-129/6-128/2. New Great Rs. 119/6-116/4-118/2; Simplex Rs. 75-73/2-75/10 and Swadeshi Rs. 152/8-148/12- 158/8.

In the miscellaneous section the turnover was relatively large and prices were fully maintained. Tata Iron Ordys. were steady at about Rs. 52/2 and Defds at around Rs 199/6 Tata 2nd Pref. shares after opening at Rs. 116/4 closed at Rs. 115/4, Tata Hydros were maintained at Rs. 143/12 and Andhra Valleys at about Rs. 1340. Tata Power shares closed at Rs. 928/12. Alcock shares advanced from Rs. 175/10 to Rs. 183-8 and Bombay Burmahs from Rs. 394/6 to Rs. 403/12. Bombay Trams were steady at Rs. 139/6 and Bombay Steams at Rs. 267/8. Cement shares kept steady. Bundis being quoted at Rs. 26-8. Indian Cements at Rs. 292/8, Katni Cements at Rs. 276/14 and Shahabad Cement at Rs. 288/2. Scindia steam shares were steady showed no price changes. Ahmd. Prantij being quoted at Rs. 782/8 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 728/12.

Imperial Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 1240 and Contributories at Rs. 307-8. Bank of India shares steadied to Rs. 103/4 and those of the Central Bank to Rs. 24.

### SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Feb. 9.
(Market Quotations)

Castorseeds Delivery May; Opening Rs. 27/3; Highest Rs. 27/4; Lowest Rs. 26/14/6; Closing Rs. 27.

Groundnut seeds Delivery February; Opening Rs. 23/8/6; Highest Rs. 23/9; Lowest Rs. 23/6/6; Closing Rs. 23/7/6.

Groundnut seeds Delivery May; Opening Rs. 25/1/6; Highest Rs. 25/4; Closing Rs. 25/2.

### TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS

(Ex. Godown, Bombay.)
Bombay, Feb. 9.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 227/8 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 84 lbs. Rs. 16 per case.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 53 per ton.


# SILVER JUBILEE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Policies in force (over | Rs. | 7.07.69.000 |
| Life fund exceeds | Rs. | 1.33.29.000 |
| Total Assets (over) | Rs. | 1.52.49.000 |
| New Business 1932-33 (over) | Rs. | 2.00.00.000 |
| Surplus at Last Valuation | Rs. | 18.97.000 |

Hindusthan Buildings, Calcutta, H. O.

BONUS On Endowment policies:—
Rs. 23/- per thousand per annum on Whole Life Policies
Rs. 20/- per thousand per annum.

IT WAS THE TIME OF THE GREAT Swadeshi movement, which arose out of a realisation of the enormous grip which foreign interests had on the economic sphere of India, in trade, commerce and industry and it impelled a few men with vision to seek the means whereby indigenous interests could be developed and advanced in these spheres. The remedy, according to them lay in accumulating and utilising the financial resources of the country in these directions by attracting the small contributions of the people and turning them to profitable enterprise, which would react to their individual benefit and to that of the nation as well. They looked round and found that, as in other instances, foreign interests predominated in the field of life insurance. They realised the benefits of life insurance and its great opportunity for creating wealth and competence for the individual. They were impressed with the fact that small savings contributed to a common pool would ensure a valuable return to the individual in the event of an untimely death or on attainment of a specified age. Not only so, it was also realised that accumulated funds could be profitably invested, with proper precautions of course, to the advancement of commerce, industry and other valuable endeavours in our advancement.

The Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., was established in the year 1907, when the first surge of the Swadeshi spirit was sweeping over the country. It was a time when the country was awakening to national consciousness and Bengal formed the centre of patriotic fervour. The founders of the Society were actuated by the ideal of service and were men endowed with imagination, devotion, financial and organising ability. The overwhelming zeal of many of these men found expression in their public services to which they gave liberally of their time, energy and money. A further advantage was that it opened out larger avenues of employment for the youth of the country, and provided them with special business training and experience so that they might be able to qualify for responsible positions and attain the control of business institutions.

It was in keeping with these aims, that the ownership, management and control of the Society should have been retained in Indian hands, an act of foresight that now offers conclusive proof of the capacity of Indians to manage large business concerns. The "Hindusthan" is, therefore, a truly Indian Company in every sense of the word, and its remarkable achievements in the comparatively short span of its existence must be a matter of genuine pride to all Indians.

We think it will be admitted that the predominant position and unique development of the Hindusthan Society provides a very good example of what Indians can achieve in the sphere of business.

A few figures may be mentioned to show the exceptional growth of the Society's business during the comparatively short period of its existence.

| Year ending 30th April. | Total business in force. | Life Assurance Fund. | Annual Premium income. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1912 ..... | 77,29,769 | 4,57,096 ..... | 3,81,812 |
| 1917 ..... | 1,09,60,338 | 24,33,747 ..... | 5,68,189 |
| 1922 ..... | 1,35,24,737 | 44,67,541 ..... | 6,87,882 |
| 1927 ..... | 2,85,22,063 | 69,47,874 ..... | 13,28,120 |
| 1932 ..... | 6,39,70,096 | 1,18,59,833 ..... | 26,00,656 |
| 1933 ..... | 7,07,69,066 | 1,33,29,382 ..... | 31,19,517 |

A special feature is the investment policy of the Society which has contributed so greatly to its prosperity. It did not slavishly adopt the system of investing its funds in gilt-edged securities alone——a system so greatly overrated——but sought, in consonance with security, to utilise those funds directly in civic and industrial developments. Hindusthan can rightly claim to be a pioneer in the field of facilitating the provision of homes for people with small means. The success of this policy both, from the point of view of security and returns, is amply justified by the working of the Society for over 25 years. The quinquennial results show a progressive rise in the bonuses paid to the policy-holders.

**Take a Silver Jubilee Policy To-day!**

# HINDUSTHAN
## CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

N. R. SARKAR GENERAL MANAGER. **Bombay Branch: Hornby Road,** S. C. MAJUMDAR BRANCH MANAGER.

## INDIA'S LEADING LIFE OFFICE.


## WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Feb. 8.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Exchange:—

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P. A. ..... | 24 |
| Amer. Forn. Power Com. | 12 |
| Amer. Forn. Power Gold D. | 54 |
| Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P. | 27 |
| Electric Bond Common | 22 |
| Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd. | 46 |
| Consolidated Gas | 45 |
| Columbia Gas | 18 |
| American Tel. & Tel. | 122 |
| Western Union Telg. | 63 1/2 |
| Radio Corp. | 8 |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 45 |
| New York Central | 42 1/2 |
| Baltimore & Ohio R. R. | 32 |
| Erie R. R. | 22 1/2 |
| Pennsylvania R. R. | 37 |
| Union Pacific R. R. | 129 |
| Great North Pfd. | 30 |
| Plymouth Oil | 16 |
| National Dairy | 16 1/2 |
| Hiram Walker | 48 |
| National Distillers | 29 |
| Distillers Seagram | 22 |
| Atlantic Ref. | 34 |
| Bethelehem Steel | 47 |
| United States Steel | 57 1/2 |
| American Smelting | 47 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 23 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 16 1/2 |
| Kennecott Copper | 22 |
| Cerro le Pasco Copper | 38 |
| International Harvestor | 44 |
| General Motors | 40 |
| Packard Motor | 5 |
| Goodyear Tyre | 39 |
| Mid. Con. Petroleum | 14 |
| Socony | 16 1/4 |
| Noranda Mines | 36 |
| National City Bank | 29 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 500 |
| Celanese Corporation of Amr. | 41 |

Market easy at opening firm at close. We have a good opinion of the market. Brokers' loans up 8 millions. General Motors sales 23,425 for January.

### BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Java Ready Rs. 14/1.
S. S. Himalaya Rs. 4/3/6.
January Shipment Rs. 4/3/6.
F/M Shipment Rs. 4/4/6.
A/M Shipment Rs. 4/5.

### MILL STORES QUOTATIONS

(Messrs. Maganbhai Amin and Co.,)
Bombay, Feb. 9.

Prices per ton:—

China Clay, quality No. 999, Rs. 75; China Clay, quality No. 777, Rs. 68; China Clay, quality No. 333, Rs. 55.

Prices per cwt:—

Farina Double Sifted I... 9-8-0; Epsom Salt Rs. 4; Sago Flour, 1st quality Rs. 4-8-0; Maize Starch Powder, Continental Rs. 7-8-0; Dextrine (Potato) White Rs. 13; Zinc Chloride Rs. 12; Magnesium Chloride, German I's. 4-6-0; Australian Mutton Tallow, White Rs. 20-8-0; Superfine Texol Rs. 38-8-0; Ausching Powder, United Alkali, small packing Rs. 7-4-0; Bleaching Powder, Electro, German, small packing Rs.7-4-0 Sodium Sulphide English small packing Rs. 7-8-0, Sodium Sulphide, English, large packing Rs. 7; Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 7-8-0; Sodium Sulphide, German, large packing Rs. 7; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs. 41; Soda Ash, German Rs. 7; Bichromate of Soda, small packing Rs. 32-8-0; Brown Sugar of Lead, small packing Rs. 30; Litharge Flake, small packing Rs. 20.

Price per lb.—

Hydro Sulphide B.A.S.F. Rs. 0-9-3; Hydro Sulphide, English Rs. 0-8-6; Aniline Salt, Electro Rs. 0-7-3; Antimony Salt Rs. 0-5-6; Acetic Acid Rs. 0-5-9; Formal-de-Hyde Rs. 0-5-9.

### PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Feb. 9.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Khandesh..... | 1848 |
| Central India ..... | 2168 |
| Barsi-Nugger ..... | 570 |
| Hyderabad/Gaorani ..... | 132 |
| Berar ..... | 3922 |
| Central Provinces ..... | 957 |
| Dhollera ..... | 90 |
| Rajputana ..... | 1443 |
| Sind-Punjab ..... | 2192 |
| Broach..... | 3053 |
| Compta/Dharwar..... | 208 |
| Western-Northerns..... | 45 |
| Egyptians..... | 45 |
| East Africans..... | 103 |
| Cotton total | 16776 |
| | Cwts. |
| Wheat..... | 3306 |
| Linseed..... | 4179 |
| Rape, Rai & Mustard seeds | 348 |
| Gingellyseed..... | 4402 |
| Groundnuts..... | 15644 |
| Castorseed..... | 1193 |
| Rice..... | 12844 |
| Myrabollams..... | 3053 |
| Cotonseed..... | 10056 |
| Gram..... | 956 |
| Joowar..... | 228 |
| Bajree..... | 1884 |
| | Tons. |
| Coal..... | 272 |


*If it is a question of* INSURANCE
CONSULT
THE
## NEW ASIATIC
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

A First Class
INDIAN LIFE OFFICE
Established on
SOUND PRINCIPLES.

Attractive New Features.
Low Premium Rates.
Guaranteed BONUS Policies.

Liberal Commission Guaranteed on Business.

AGENTS WANTED in all Principal Cities of India.

Managing Agents:
BIRLA BROTHERS, LIMITED.
Head Office:
SUBZI MANDI, DELHI.

## Bank Of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act VII of 1859).
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange, (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bandra, Bara Bazar, (Calcutta); Ahmedabad. Rajkot and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Subscribed | Rs. 2,00,00,000 |
| Capital Paid-up | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserved Fund | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest mounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.
The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

RAVAL
CEMENT TILES
ARE BEST
Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

# ROOSEVELT ACCEPTS BANKHEAD BILL

## GINNING CONTROL SEEMS CERTAIN

### Bulls Buying Freely In New York

### MARKET HIGHLY SPECULATIVE

Bombay, Feb 9

On Thursday, the New York cotton futures market opened at a rise o one point with May delivery quoted 12.04. During the early part of the day there was general selling which resulted in a decline of 11 points from the opening level and May delivery reached the lowest level of the day with quotation 11.93. Later on prices advanced on general buying influenced by bullish political news from Washington.

CONTROL APPROVED.

The President and the Secretary of the agriculture approved the Bankhead Bill to control the ginnings of American cotton to 9 million bales. This news influenced large speculative buying and both Wall Street operators and trade interests were free buyers and prices recorded a sharp rise of 34 points from the lowest level reached in the forenoon. Thus, cotton prices reached a new high level of the year with a distinctly bullish undertone. Shorts were covering their sales and in the absence of any selling, other than long liquidation, the session finished at a net rise of 22 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices also advanced 20 points to 12.45c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also firm with active buying and prices closed at a net rise of 24 to 27 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 24 points to 12.24c.

LARGE LONG INTEREST.

Cotton markets are now highly speculative with a large long interest and the trade is fairly covered against forward sales of cloth. As long as Washington developments continue bullish, there will be further improvement in cotton prices, and, although we expect higher prices in the long run, it will be advisable to secure profits on a portion of holdings, as some time after the passage of the Bankhead Bill, there will be a general rush to unload speculative cotton with a view to rebuy on declines.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point but reached the highest level of the day, during the first hour, when prices were 10 points up from the opening level. There was some Continental selling of near positions which met with buying of distant deliveries. The market was irregular due to easier Egyptian cotton section. Later on the market was narrow and with persistent trade calling and short covering closed at a net decline of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed at a decline of 5 points to 6.60d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of two points with March 5.05, May 5.05 and July 5.09.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was irregular with a scattered demand for near months while distant options ruled quiet. Sakels closed at a rise of 5 points to a decline of 3 points with spot cotton 12 points down at 9.17d. Uppers futures closed at a rise of 4 to 6 points with spot cotton 6 points down to 7.20d. per lb.

WILL GOVERNMENT SELL?

Messrs Thos. Smith and Co. state—

Note: Heavy realising in the early part of the session was due to the approval given at the White House Conference for a strict supervision of the stock exchange by the Federal Trade Commission and the submission of the Bill to Congress to-day; but later on better French political news prices sharply advanced chiefly on trade demand. Whether the contemplated stock exchange regulations will also apply to commodities is still undecided in consequence of other Bills pending such as the Smith and Jones Bills for modifying the Southern delivery contract and larger loans to farmers. According to Mr. Bankhead, Secretary Wallace has promised unqualified support to the Gining Control Bill in consequence of the questionnaire showing 98 per cent of nearly 40,000 farmers requesting compulsory control over production.

With regard to the franc France has now increased the Bank Rate from 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent as against the 1 1/2 per cent of the Federal Reserve Bank; but whether these deflationary measures in view of the huge budget deficit will prove helpful in restraining the gold drain is a doubt-ful question unless additional taxation is resorted to with heavy tariffs and a further rise in the Bank rate.

On the 3rd instant we published our news from a reliable Wall Street source that a rise of 1 cent was expected before the end of this month and the latest news from the same source is that the large Western operators who have recently accumulated contracts will be inclined to realise profits over 13 cents for July New York, as they are afraid that any further rise in futures will result in heavy sales of Government owned cotton owing to the high spot basis ruling at present.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. May highest 12-27+24 (2-58 p.m.) lowest 11.98—10 (12-21 a.m.)

Liverpool May highest 6.39+09 (10-45 a.m.) lowest 6.25—05 (3-45 p.m.)

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables.

New York, Strength Silver, Security point possibility of bullish development at Washington.

New York, Possibility crop control Legislation most important feature; indications seem to favour a continuation of advance.

New Lork, Prospects production control legislation improved by administration backing; large domestic dry goods business; expect higher think well of selling to secure profits; think chances favour temporary decline.

Liverpool. Reports Bankhead Bill prospects still very mixed, majority anticipate some sort control legislation but possibly not so strict as originally proposed.

Advance seems checked; further Long liquidation expected.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from Liverpool:—

12-10 p.m.: Liverpool: More two sided, some liquidation.

9-15 p.m.: New York: Wall Street buying, Worth Street optimistic, bas's is high in the South.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co have received to-day the following. Mills and trade buy-foreign Friends:—

New York. Market declined during the forenoon on profit taking and easier undertone in securities and grains, Rallied owing to renewed speculative buying. Would buy on any decline Cotton goods market and yarn market active demand at higher prices.

New York. President and Secretary Agriculture have expressed approval to the Bankhead Bill, which seems early adoption certain. Expect distinctly higher prices.

Messrs Lang'ey and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool.

Understand Mr. Wallace agreed to support Bankhead Bill as majority of cotton growers desire it but what form the Bill will finally take is apparently not decided.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| March 1934 .. .. .. | 12.10+20 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 12.35+22 |
| July 1934 .. .. .. | 12.42+22 |
| October 1934 .. .. | 12.60+19 |
| December 1934 .. .. | 12.73+17 |
| January 1935 .. .. | 12.82+18 |
| Spot .. .. .. .. | 12.45+20 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Feb 8

| | |
|---|---|
| March 1934 .. .. .. | 12.09+24 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 12.26+27 |
| Spot .. .. .. .. | 12.24+24 |

NEW YORK.

New York Feb. 8

| | |
|---|---|
| New York 10 55 a.m.— | |
| March .. .. .. | 11.85 |
| May .. .. .. | 12.00 |
| July .. .. .. | 12.17 |
| New York Noon Call— | |
| March .. .. .. | 11.83 |
| May .. .. .. | 11.99 |
| July .. .. .. | 12.15 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Feb. 7.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports .. .. .. | 13,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain .. .. .. | 4,000 |
| Day's exports to the Continent .. .. .. | 16,000 |

GOLD.

London, Feb. 8.

Gold Bars Fine per oz 16 16-9.

## ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Alexandria, February 9.

**The Alexandria cotton futures market opened to-day at a rise of 82 points.**

## ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Alexandria, Feb. 8.

SAKELLARIDIS COTTON.

| | |
|---|---|
| March .. | 16 64—55 |
| May .. | 16.58—59 |
| July .. | 16.55—52 |
| November .. | 16 29—.57 |

ASHMOUNI COTTON.

| | |
|---|---|
| February .. | 12.55—.35 |
| April .. | 12.58—.33 |
| October .. | 12.55—.31 |
| December .. | 12.61—.33 |

## HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Feb. 8.

Broach A-May Op. 213 1/2; Highest 214 3/4; Lowest 213; Closing 213.

Broach J-Aug Op. 220 1/4; Highest 221 1/2; Lowest 219; Closing 219 1/2

Oomra March Op. 188 1/2; Highest 188 1/2; Lowest 187 1/2; Closing 188.

Oomra May Op. 190; Highest 190; Lowest 188 3/4; Closing 189 1/4.

Bengal March Op. 146; Highest 146; Lowest 145 1/4; Closing 145 1/4.

Bengal May Op. 149; Highest 149; Lowest 148 1/2; Closing 148 1/2.

## INDIAN COTTON PARITY

### Straddle Differences

New York—Liverpool:—March 72 May 53 July 34.

Bombay—Liverpool:—Broach A-May 216—Liverpool May 6.39 Rs. 62 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—Broach A-May 216—New York May 12.25 Rs. 54 3/4 at Cross Rate 5.62 15/16.

LONDON METALS

London, Feb 8

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers .. .. | 45-1/4 |
| Yellow Metal .. .. .. | 3?-1/2 |
| Spelter Hard Indian Brands .. | 14-7/8 |
| Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge .. | 16 |
| Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F. O. B. .. .. .. | 226-1/2 |

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, Feb. 8

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 26.—

C & F Calcutta, Feb./Apl. per cwt., nomina 6/9.

C & F Bombay, Feb./Apl. per cwt. sellers 6/6.

C & F Karachi, Feb./Apl per cwt., sellers 6/6.

LINSEED OILS.

London Feb. 8

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Feb. sellers 18/3

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. May/Aug sellers 18/1?-1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Feb 8.

SAKELLARIDIS —

| | |
|---|---|
| March 1934 .. .. .. | 9.04 |
| May 1934 .. .. .. | 9.00 |
| July 1934 .. .. .. | 8.97 |
| October 1934 .. .. | 8.72 |
| November 1934 .. .. | 8.77 |
| December 1934 .. .. | 8.73 |
| F. G. F. Spot .. .. | 9.11 |

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Feb. 8

Smoked sheet standard ribbed spot, sellers 4-27/32.

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, Feb. 7.

May 1.65+01, July 1.69+02, September 1.73+03, December 1.77+03.

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH — | |
| Fully Good (Good Staple) .. | 4.81—07 |
| Fine (Good Staple) .. | 4.96—07 |
| Superfine (Good Staple) .. | 5.11—07 |
| OOMRA — | |
| Good (No. 1 Staple) .. | 4.99—07 |
| Fine (No. 1 Staple) .. | 5.14—07 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) .. | 5.29—07 |
| BENGAL — | |
| Good .. .. .. | 4.10—07 |
| Fine .. .. .. | 4.20—07 |
| Superfine .. .. .. | 4.30—07 |
| SCINDE — | |
| Good .. .. .. | 4.20—07 |
| Fine .. .. .. | 4.30—07 |
| Superfine .. .. .. | 4.40—07 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | 10-10 a.m. | To-day's quotations. Price. |
|---|---|---|
| February 1934 .. | | 6.33+01 |
| March 1934 .. .. | 6.31 | 6.30—02 |
| April 1934 .. .. | | 6.29—02 |
| May 1934 .. .. | 6.30 | 6.28—02 |
| June 1934 .. .. | | 6.27—02 |
| July 1934 .. .. | | 6.27—02 |
| August 1934 .. | | 6.26—02 |
| September 1934 .. | | 6.25—02 |
| October 1934 .. | | 6.24—03 |
| November 1934 .. | | 6. 5—03 |
| December 1934 .. | | 6.26—03 |
| January 1935 .. | | 6.26—02 |
| February 1935 .. | | 6.27—02 |
| Middling Spot .. | | 6.30—05 |

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

New York, Feb. 8

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10/1/8.

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Following a further rise of 22 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 216/4 for Broach A-M delivery and improved to Rs. 216/12 on scattered short covering. At the advance there was some long liquidation which depressed prices to Rs 215/8 but the market again rallied to Rs. 216 on scattered buying. The local market hesitates to follow the rise in New York and although Bengal and Oomra Cottons are the cheapest in the world there is no demand.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 13 points and later on it was 9 points up. The local market ruled quiet and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A-M. 215/4
Broach J-A. 221/8
Oomra March 188/8
Oomra May 189/12
Bengal March 144/12
Bengal May 148

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Feb. 9.

| | Extra Spr-fine | Sup | Fi | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| MG Bengal UP | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 | |
| MG Punjab | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 | |
| MG Rajputana | 158 | 155 | 152 | 148 | |
| MG Oomra No 3 | 197 | 194 | 192 | 189 | |
| MG CP No 1 | 210 | 207 | 205 | 202 | |
| MG CP No 2 | 203 | 200 | 198 | 195 | |

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb 9.

| | Old | New |
|---|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | ... | 162 |
| Bengal Fine | ... | 150 |
| Bengal F.G. | ... | 155 |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine | ... | 159 |
| Sindh-Punjab F.G. | ... | 155 |
| Wardha-Hingt Fine | 191 | 208 |
| Nagpur Savner Fine | 191 | 208 |
| Yeotmal Fine | 188 | 199 |
| Arvi Fine | 188 | 199 |
| Ellichpur Fine | 188 | 199 |
| Amraoti-Berar Fine | 188 | 193 |
| Khamgaon Fine | 188 | 193 |

## ALL MARKETS TO REMAIN CLOSED

### ON MONDAY

**All local markets in the city will remain closed on Monday the 12th inst. being a Hindu Holiday "Maha Shivratri."**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mulkapur Fine | 184 | 188 |
| Khandesh Fine | 181 | 186 |
| Jalna/Sailu Fine | 184 | 186 |
| Burwah Sanavad Fine | 188 | 193 |
| Broach Fine | 203 | 224/28 |
| Punjab/American | ... | 231 |
| Punjab/American mix | ... | 222 |
| Cambodia | 271 | ... |
| Miraj/Sangli | 186 | ... |
| Compta Good | 196 | ... |
| Kampala | 336/46 | ... |
| Manza | ... | 326 |

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday | This year |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 1,848 | 1,60,686 |
| Central India | 2,168 | 1,68,324 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 576 | 98,251 |
| Hyderabad-Gaorani | 132 | 28,775 |
| Berar | 3,922 | 2,05,291 |
| Central Provinces | 957 | 49,391 |
| Total Oomras | 2,597 | 6,50,820 |
| Dholera | 99 | 10,854 |
| N.-W. Provinces | ... | 5,896 |
| Rajputana | 1,443 | 19,185 |
| Sind-Punjab | 2,192 | 88,944 |
| Broach | 5,055 | 54,297 |
| Coompta & Dharwar | 208 | 9,422 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 45 | 3,825 |
| Tinnevelly & Cambodia | ... | 5,979 |
| Persian | ... | 645 |
| American | ... | 18,347 |
| Egyptian and African | 148 | 52,523 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | ... | 24 |
| Total | 16,776 | 9,21,271 |

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 1st February.

In full-pressed Bales.

| | Yesterday | This year |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 3,887 | 1,77,669 |
| Japan and China | 12,250 | 1,45,238 |
| Coast Ports | ... | 8,291 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 51,785 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan | ... | 23,825 |
| Total | 16,137 | 4,06,808 |

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION

The following rates prevailed in the Market on 9th day of February 1934.

**Broach Fully Good Quality**

| (B.T.) | Vaidas April/May 1934 |
|---|---|
| 8-00 a.m. | Rs. 217 0 |
| 10-30 a.m. | Rs. 217 0 |
| 12-30 p.m. | Rs. 217 0 |
| 2-30 p.m. | Rs. 217 8 |
| 4-30 p.m. | Rs. 216 4 |
| 5-00 p.m. | Rs. 216 12 |

Highest A/M Rs. 217/12.
Lowest A/M Rs. 216.
Teji Mandi Sahi A/M Rs. 216/12

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 50 5/8—1/2d |
| May | 52 3/8—1/4d |
| July | 53 3/4—1/4d |

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, Feb. 8.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| May | dol | 0.91 1/8+1/2 |
| July | dol | 0.89 3/4+1/4 |
| September | dol | 0.90 3/4+1/4 |

# MONEY MARKET

### Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Feb. 9.

B. C. Rate T T & D D 1/6

LONDON—
Banks selling T T & D D 1/6 1/16 Feb.
Banks selling T T 1,6 1/32 March-April.
Banks selling T T 1/6 May
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1,6 1/8
Banks buying 3 Mos. 1/6 3/16 Feb.-Mar.
Banks buying 6 Mos. 1,6 5/32 April May.

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 268
Banks selling T T 268
Banks buying T T 263 1/2

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 585
Banks buying D D 594

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 56 3/4

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 79 1/2
Banks buying 60 Days 78 1/4

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 101 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 91 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 56 1/2

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 97

CROSS RATES—
New York/London 5.00 1/2 8th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/4 1/4 9th inst
Japan/London 1/2 5/16 9th inst.
London/Paris 78.00 8th inst
London/Belgium 22.05 8th inst.
London/Switzerland 1542 8th inst
London/Italy 58.50 8th inst.
London/Berlin 13.01 8th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 8th inst.
London/New York 5.01 1-2 8th inst
Amsterdam/London 7.63 8th inst.
Java/London 7.60 8th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady
Gold £6 16-6 7th inst. £6-16-9 8th inst
Silver London Ready 19 11/16 7th inst 19 3/4 8th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 3/4 7th inst. 19 13/16 8th inst.
Silver New York Ready 44 5/8 7th inst. 44 3/4 8th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 1 1/16 p.c 7th inst. 1 1/16 p.c 8th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 1 1/8 p.c 7th inst. 1 1/8 p.c. 8th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1 1-2 p.c.
3 Mos 3/4 p.c.
6 Mos 2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb 8.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank of I A and China .. .. .. | 16 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) .. .. | 13? |
| P. & O. Banking Corporation. | 10-0/? |
| National Bank of India .. | 47-1/2 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent .. | 112-1/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961 .. .. .. | 102-3/8 |
| Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent. .. | 6 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or after .. .. .. | 75-3/4 |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later .. .. | 87-7/8 |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55 .. .. .. | 108-1/2 |
| Consols 2-1/2 per cent. .. | 75-7/8 |
| War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 .. .. .. .. | 101-7/8 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent .. | 111 |

SEEDS.

London, Feb 8

Cottonseed Bombay, (Bull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.

Castorseed Bombay, (Bull) c.i.f. per ton, Feb./Mar. sellers £9-17 6

Rapeseed Bombay (Bull) c.i.f. per ton Feb./Mar sellers £9-5 0

LINSEED

London Feb 8

Linseed Calcutta, (London per ton Feb./Mar sellers £11 7 6

Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull per ton Feb./Mar sellers £9-8-9.

Linseed Bombay, (London) per ton Feb./Mar sellers £11-10 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, Feb 8

Silver —Market is Quietly Steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot .. .. .. | 19-3/4 |
| Forward .. .. | 19-13/16 |

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 1 per cent. to 1 1 16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1-1/8 per cent. to 1 1/8 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent

Interest 7 Days market Loan 0-3/4 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. London on — | |
| Berlin .. .. .. | 13.01-1/2 |
| Amsterdam .. .. | 7.62-1/2 |
| Brussels .. .. .. | 22.04 |
| Madrid .. .. .. | 37.87-1/2 |
| Milan .. .. .. | 58.37 |
| Berne .. .. .. | 15.86-1/2 |
| Paris .. .. .. | 77.93 |
| Prague .. .. .. | 103.75 |
| London on New York .. | 5.01 3/8 |

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| May | 1.69 plus 04 |
| July..... | 1.72 plus 03 |
| Sept..... | 1.76 plus 03 |
| December..... | 1.80 plus 03 |

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| T.T. on London:— | |
| Previous closing | 1.4 5/16 |
| To-day's opening | 1.4 1/4 |
| To-day's closing | 1.4 5/16 |

# BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

### Slight Improvement In Demand

### TATA STEEL SHARES STEADY

Bombay, February 9.

The Share Bazaar ruled quiet but steady with a limited business. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range. In the textile ring Fazal shares improved to Rs. 17 while Century mill shares were a shade easy. Dyeings were quiet but steady. Kohinoor were steady and Swadeshi mills improved Rs. 1 4 to Rs. 153|12. In the Bank section there was some selling which declined Imperial Bank shares by Rs. 2|8. Central Bank shares were steady at Rs. 24|2. India Bank shares came in business at Rs. 105. While Union Bank Shares changed hands at Rs. 4|9. Bundi Cements were steady at Rs. 26|10 while Indian Cements closed at Rs. 294. Andhra and Power Shares ruled steady and closed about Rs. 2 to 5 higher respectively. Tata Steel Shares were steady with a scattered buying. In the miscellaneous section there was some buying and prices closed a shade better.

Messrs. Patel and Ramdutt in their report state as under:—

"We understand that Centuries are not likely to pay a dividend. Andhra Halley and Tata Hydros are likely to maintain the last year's dividend. Tata Power may perhaps give an interim dividend of Rs. 10/. From the production figures of Tata Steel one can safely count upon a year and a half's dividend on Second preference. We would recommend purchases in the cement section at a slight'y lower level. Purchases even at this present level are not likely to go wrong."

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Bom. Dyeing 755
Century 191, 93, 91, 92, 91-14
Central India 235, 32, 33
Colaba 71
Crescent 7
Fazalbhoy 15, 17
Kohinoor 130, 28, 29
New Great 116
Pearl 3
Simplex 75
Swadeshi 153, 52, 53
Bundi 26-8 10
Cement 29?, 91, 95, 94
T. Steel Ord 2?0 2
T. Steel Ord 62-2 10, 6, 8
B. Steam 26?, 68
B. Burma 4?3 2, 8, 7
Tata Hydro 143
Andhra 1338, 43, 42
Tram Ord 139-6
Tata Power 930, 26 35 34

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay Feb 9

| | Rs. as |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahm Advance .. | 273 12 |
| 500 Bom Cotton .. | 20 0 |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing .. | 755 0 |
| 250 Bradbury .. .. | 90 0 |
| 100 Century .. .. | 191 14 |
| 100 Central India .. | 232 0 |
| 100 Colaba .. .. | 71 0 |
| 100 Conria .. .. | 62 8 |
| 100 Crescent .. .. | 7 4 |
| 250 Currim .. .. | 6 4 |
| 250 David .. .. | 60 0 |
| 250 Dawn .. .. .. | N 30o 0 |
| 1 E. D. Sassoon .. | 0-2-3 |
| 100 Elphinstone .. | 2 0 |
| 250 Fazal .. .. | 17 0 |
| 100 Finlay .. .. | 68 8 |
| 1000 Framji Petit .. .. | 95 0 |
| 100 Gokak .. .. | 105 10 |
| 1000 Hindustan .. .. | 1,640 0 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | Indore .. .. | 105 0 |
| 50 | Kastoorchand .. | 0 12 |
| 100 | Khatau .. .. | 55 8 |
| 100 | Kohinoor .. .. | 129 0 |
| 250 | Laxmi .. .. | 750 0 |
| 100 | Madhavji .. .. | 4 0 |
| 250 | Madras United .. | 65 0 |
| 1000 | Morarji .. .. | 397 8 |
| 250 | Mode .. .. | 50 0 |
| 50 | Mysore .. .. | 90 0 |
| 200 | New Great .. .. | 116 4 |
| 100 | Osmanshahi .. | N 58 0 |
| 250 | Pahami .. .. | 3 8 |
| 250 | Pearl .. .. .. | 3 0 |
| 100 | Phoenix .. .. | 248 12 |
| 25 | Sassoon Silk .. .. | 30 0 |
| 1000 | Sholapur .. .. | 2 977 8 |
| 50 | Simplex .. .. | 75 0 |
| 100 | Swadeshi .. .. | 153 12 |
| 100 | Swan .. .. .. | N 35 0 |
| 25 | Tata .. .. .. | N 20 0 |
| 500 | Vishnu .. .. | 1,450 0 |
| 1000 | Western .. .. | 751 4 |

BANKS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 50-100 | Baroda .. .. | 90 8 |
| 25-50 | Central .. .. | 24 2 |
| 500 | Imperial .. .. | 1,?37 8 |
| 125-500 | Imp. Contry. N. .. | 307 0 |
| 50-100 | India .. .. | 105 0 |
| | o Union .. .. | 4-9-0 |

CEMENTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10 | Bundi .. .. | 26 10 |
| 70 | Gwalior .. .. | 77 2 |
| 250 | Indian .. .. | 294 0 |
| 40 | Katni Def. .. .. | 1095 0 |
| 100 | Katni Ord. .. .. | 247 0 |
| 75 | Okha .. .. .. | 15. 12 |
| 100 | Punjab .. .. | 10 0 |
| 100 | Shahabad .. .. | 288 12 |
| 70 | United .. .. .. | 62 8 |

INSURANCE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 15-100 | Jupiter .. .. | 12 0 |
| 15-75 | New India .. | 2 0 |
| 200 | Oriental .. .. | 35.0 0 |
| 10 | 100 Union .. .. | 4 14 |

ELECTRIC.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | Ahmedabad Ord .. | 141 4 |
| 1000 | Andhra Valley .. | 1362 0 |
| 10 | Ajmer .. .. | 14 |
| 50 | Bombay Trani .. | 135 0 |
| 100 | Bom. Suburban .. | 130 0 |
| 10 | Broach .. .. | 10 2 |
| 100 | Karachi .. .. | 191 4 |
| 100 | Poona .. .. | 187 8 |
| 100 | Surat .. .. .. | 167 8 |
| 100 | Tata Hydro .. .. | 143 12 |
| 1000 | Tata Power .. .. | 934 6 |

RAILWAYS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 500 | Ahm. Pranti .. .. | 783 12 |
| 100 | Amr. Patty .. .. | 113 12 |
| 100 | C. Province .. .. | 78 4 |
| 100 | Dhon. Baramati .. | 83 |
| 100 | Gujarat .. .. | 62 |
| 100 | Nandra Bhon .. .. | 78 8 |
| 100 | Pachora Jamner .. | 77 8 |
| 100 | Sarh-Sirajgung .. | xd 79 8 |
| 500 | Tapty Valley .. .. | 732 8 |

MININGS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 10 | Shivrajpur .. .. | 14 12 |
| 30 | Tata Steel Def. .. | 202 8 |
| 75 | Tata Steel Ordy. .. | 52 8 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 | Alcock .. .. | 185 0 |
| 10 | Belapur Sugar .. | 167 0 |
| 100 | Bombay Steam .. | 268 0 |
| 100 | Bom. Burma .. | 407 8 |
| 50 | Bom. Burma Contry .. | 140 10 |
| 34 | Br Petrol .. .. | 2-9-3 |
| 50 | Bombay Telephone .. | 86 0 |
| 100 | Ind. Bleaching .. | 135 10 |
| 100 | Ind. Radio def. .. | 492 8 |
| 100 | Ind. Radio Ord. .. | 452 8 |
| 1000 | Port Canning .. .. | 551 4 |
| 15 | Scindia .. .. | 10 1 |
| 30 | Tata Construction .. | 56 8 |
| 25 | Tata Oil .. .. | 16 8 |

PREF. SHARES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 p.c. | Andhra Vly. .. | 1,220 0 |
| 6 p.c. | Bom. Steam .. | 270 10 |
| 7 p.c. | Bom Trams. (T F) .. | 75 4 |
| 5 p.c. | Cen. India (TF) .. | 460 0 |
| 7 p.c. | Katni 1st .. .. | 123 12 |
| 7 p.c. | Katni 2nd (T. F.) .. | xd 131 8 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. | Punjab Cement .. | 13 12 |
| 7 p.c. | Tata Hydro .. | 126 4 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. | Tata Power .. | 1,2 0 0 |
| 6 p.c. | Tata Steel 1st .. | 161 14 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. | Tata Steel 2nd (b) | 115 12 |
| 5-1/2 p.c. | Tata Mfg (c) .. | 17 4 |
| 7 p.c. | Vishnu .. .. | 635 0 |

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, February 9.

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 1/2 p c G P N Sett | 85,1|6 |
| 3 1|2 p c G P N Cash | 85|2|0 |
| 4 p c 1963|70 Sett | 99|15|0 |
| 4 p c 1960|70 Cash | 100|0|0 |
| 5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett. | 114/7 |
| 5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett. | 114/7 |

TAXFREES

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 p.c. 1953/63 Mysore | 100/5 |
| 5 p.c. 1955 Mysore | 113/8 |
| 5½ p.c. 1933 Mysore | 109/4 |
| 6½ p.c. 1935 B D L | 106/1/0 |

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

| | |
|---|---|
| 3½ p.c. 1947/50 Cash | 95/11 |
| 4 p.c. 1934/37 Cash | 100/12 |
| 4 p c 1943 Cash | 102|4|0 |
| 4½ p c 1934 Cash | 101-2-0 |
| 4½ pc 1955/60 d | 106-8 |
| 5 p.c. 1939/44 Cash | 106/14 |
| 5 p.c. 1940/43 Cash | 107/2 |
| 5 p c 1935 Cash | 103-10 |
| 5½ p.c. 1938/40 Cash | 107/14 |
| 6½ p.c. 1934 T B | 105/11 |

CORPORATION LOAN (TAXABLES.)

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 pc B P T 1974 | 95//4 |
| 4 p.c. M Deb 1974 | 95 |
| 5 p.c. M Deb 1959 | 106 |
| 6p.c. M Deb 1954 | 113/8 |
| 6 p.c. K P T 1956 | 113/8 |
| 6½ p.c. B I T 1937 | 108/0 |

3 1|2 per cent paper opened today at Rs. 85|2 and advanced to Rs. 85|3|3. At this level there was some liquidation which depressed prices to Rs. 85. The market closed quiet but steady.

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 9.

The local bullion market was dull to-day with a restricted business. Shanghai advices were also unchanged. Silver prices in the local market fluctuated within a narrow range. Gold market opened quiet at Rs. 33|13|3 but later on prices improved to Rs. 33|14|6 on scattered buying.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready Silver .. | 55 12 0 |
| March Settlemnet .. | 58 4 0 |
| Ready Gold .. .. | 33 14 3 |
| March Settlement .. | 33 14 6 |

## NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Feb. 8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot Silver | 44 1/2c |
| March .. | 44.92+.17 |
| May .. | 45.45+.20 |

Tone:—Steady.

*Latest Commercial News*

# FURTHER RISE IN NEW YORK COTTON

## New York Cotton Prices 9 Points Up

## FURTHER ADVANCE IN LONDON BULLION PRICES

## Steady Tone In Grain And Linseed

BOMBAY, February 9.

On Friday, cross-rates witnessed only minor fluctuations.

**PROFIT-TAKING IN NEW YORK COTTON.**

**Feelings of uncertainty marked the New York cotton market. Trading was fairly active. There was profit-taking at the advance. The undertone was quiet with hardly any important fluctuations later on.**

**RISE IN LONDON GOLD PRICE.**

**London gold price rose by 7d. and silver also improved a little. There was very little doing in the local bullion market.**

**GRAIN MARKETS FAIRLY STEADY.**

**Liverpool and Chicago wheat markets ruled fairly steady and Argentine Linseed witnessed a small advance.**

**INDIAN STERLING LOAN UNCHANGED.**

**The 3½ Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £87 7|8 to-day.**

### COTTON

#### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1934.)

New York, Feoruary 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 12.25 |
| To-day's opening rate | 12.22 |
| Difference | —.03 |
| To-day's closing rate | 12.34 |
| Difference | +.09 |
| Broach Expectation | 216 |

#### LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1934.)

Liverpool, February 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing rate | 6.28 |
| To-day's opening rate | 6.40 |
| Difference | +.12 |
| To-day closing rate | 6.42 |
| Difference | +.14 |

#### NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, February 9.

General feeling of uncertainty prevailed in the New York cotton market with prices fluctuating irregularly. Trading was moderately active. Trading in May opened 3 points lower than the previous closing at 12-22 but on firm advices from Liverpool the market spurted up to 1233 but later some profit-taking reduced the price to 1220. Thereafter the market maintained a quiet tone with hardly any fluctuations.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.34 with a rise of 9 points.

#### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, February 9.

The following were the opening quotations:—

March (11.90|11.90) 12.08|12.07.
May (12.05|12.03) 12.24|12.22.
July (12.22|12.21) 12.40|12.39.

#### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, February 9.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.30) 6.47.
American May (6.27) 6.44.
Egyptian March (8.92) 9.22.
Egyptian May (8.88) 9.19.

#### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, February 9, 10-30 p.m.

Broach A.M. was quoted at Rs. 215 at 10-30 p.m. when New York cotton futures were about 1 point up.

#### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Feb. 9.

Silver opened at Rs. 55|15, and 58|3 for ready and Fagun delivery and closed at Rs. 56|1 and Rs. 58|6. Gold slightly improved on short covering and option dealers purchasing. Opening at Rs. 33|14, 33|13|9 and 33|13|6 the market closed quiet but steady at Rs. 34|- 34|1 and 34|1|6 for ready Fagun and Chaitra delivery.

### EXCHANGES

#### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

**T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.**

New York, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.02 15|15 |
| To-day's closing | 5.01 1|4 |

**T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.**

London, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.01 3|8 |
| To-day's opening | 5.02 3|8 |
| To-day's closing | 5.01 7|8 |
| Difference | +.00 1|2 |

**FRANC RATE.**

London, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 77.93 |
| To-day's opening | 77.90 |
| To-day's closing | 77.73 |
| Difference | —.15 |

#### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 9.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 502-3|8 and later depreciated to 501-5|8.

The closing rate was 5.01 7|8.

Franc opened at 77.90 and eased to 77.43.

The rate finally closed at 77.78.

**LONDON SILVER.**

London, Feb. 9.

The market was quietly steady.

| | Last price. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 19 3|4d. | 19 13|16d. |
| Forward | 19 13|16d. | 19 7|8d. |

**LONDON GOLD.**

London, Feb. 9.

| | Last Price. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|---|
| Gold per oz. | £6|16|9 | £6|17|4 |

**BULLION.**

London, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| Influx (Nil) | Nil. |
| Withdrawal (Nil) | Nil. |
| Gold | £6|16|9) £6|17|4. |
| Silver | (19 3|4d.) 19 13|16d. |

**DISCOUNTS.**

London, Feb. 9.

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 months | (1-1|32 p.c.) 1-1|32 p.c. |
| 4 months | (1-1|16 p.c.) 1-1|16 p.c. |
| 6 months | (1-1|8 p.c.) 1 1|8 p.c. |

**CROSS-RATES.**

London, Feb. 9. 3-30 P.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay | (1.6-3|32) 1.6-3|32. |
| Paris on Bombay | (5.87) 5.86 1|2 |
| New York on Bombay | (37.75) 37.87 |
| Berlin on Bombay | (0.93) 0.96 3|4 |
| London on Milan | (58.37) 58.25. |
| London on Shanghai | (1-4 5|16) 1-4 3|8. |
| London on Kobe | (1-2 9|32) 1-2 1|4. |

### COMMODITIES

#### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, February 9.

Liverpool wheat opened steady at 50-7|8 for March, 52-1|2 for May and 53-7|8 for July i.e. about 1|8 penny higher than the previous closing. The market slightly improved on less favourable weather reports.

**CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.**

Chicago, February 9.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 91-1|8, July 90 and September 90 3|4. Trading was fairly active.

**CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.**

Chicago, February 9.

Chicago oats opened slightly higher than the previous day's rates with May 37--5|8 and July 36-7|8. The undertone was steady. Rye opened quiet at 51.

**ARGENTINE LINSEED.**

Buenos Aires, February 9.

Argentine linseed showed a better tendency to-day and at noon May was quoted at 12.20 i.e. 5 points higher than the previous closing.

### LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb. 9.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. in the London markets:—

**METALS.**

Tin (£226) £226 1|2 quiet.
Lead (£11 3|4) £11 3|4 quiet.
Iron (£65) £65.
Electrolytic Copper (£36 3|4 to £37 1|4) £36-1|2 to £36 3|4.

**TEA.**

Indian Pekoe (1-1 1|4) 1-1 1|4.
Indian Pekoe higher (1-6 1|2) 1-6 1|2.
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1|4) 1-1 1|4.
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 3|4) 1-9 3|4.

**JUTE.**

First Market c.i.f. Continent New Crop Feb.|Mar. (£16) £18 1|8 buyers.
Dundee Feb. (£18 1|2) unquoted.
Lightning Feb. (£17 1|4) unquoted

**RUBBER.**

Spot (4 7|8) 5 paid and buyers.
Jan.|Mar. (4 31|32) 5 3|32 paid and buyers.

**LINSEED.**

Linseed Bombay Feb.|Mar. (£11-1|2) £11 1|2 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Feb.|Mar. (£11 3|8) £11 3|8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata Feb.|Mar. (£9-7|16) £9 7|16 sellers.
Rapeseed Toria Feb.|Mar. (£9 1|4) £9 1|4 sellers.

### JUTE SHARES STEADY

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9

Jute Shares closed steady. Coals were dull with limited business passing. Teas were firm. Miscellaneous shewed no change. Securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3-1/2 per cent paper 85 small lot; 3-1/2 per ent loan 1947/50 95/12; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 99/14 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1943 10236; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 107/3; 5 per cent loan 1939/44 106/10 small lot; 5-1/2 per cent loan 1938/40 107/13; 6-1/2 per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 105/8 small lots.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1241/8; Central Bank 23/14.

Railways:—Sara Serajganj 80 small lot.

Coton:—Kesoram ordy. 3/6.

Coals:—Aldih 3/4; Bengal 228 Equitable 20; Amalgamated 13/9; Burrakur 13/12.

Jutes:—Alliance 330 small lot; Anglo India 355; Bally 162/8; Bally pref. 119; Empire 36/8; H owrah 365 small lot; Clive 27/4; Clive 'A' pref. 119; Empire 36/8; Hourah 54/4; Howrah 'A' pref. 130; Howrah 7 percent pref 130; Kamarhatty 567; Kanknarrah 475; Kelvin ref 132/8 cum. div.; National 22/14; National pref 132; New Central 365 small lot; Nuddea 22; Standard pref 112; Union 440/8 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 9; Bengal Porteries 2/10 small lot; Bengal Telephone ordy New issue 14/6; Indian Galvanizing 8/10; Indian Standard Wagon pref 113 small yot; Triton Insurance 183; Bengal Timber pref 136.

Sugar:—Cawnpore 29/8; Champaran 19/6.

Teas:—Betjan 27; Bishnauth 29 Duffiaghur 15; Gungaram 211/8; Ledo 229 small lot; Tumsong ordy 25/12.

Debentures:—8 per cent 1921/36 Titaghur Paper Mills Debentures 106/8.—A. P.

## MORE OPTIMISTIC FEELING IN LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

### Effect Of Improved European Political Aspect

### COMMODITIES GENERALLY BETTER

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, February 9.

**On the Stock Exchange rather more optimistic feeling prevailed in view of improved European political aspect.**

**Interest however was chiefly in home securities, notably gilt-edged securities, and leading industrials, which ruled very firm.**

**Internationals strengthened but towards the close inclined to pause owing to impending New York Stock Exchange Control Bill.**

**Commodities generally were better.**

**Sugar was firm with good business following the publication of Roosevelt's Sugar plan.**

**Rubber was strong in anticipation of good results from the Dutch Prime Minister's visit to London while reports of drought in American Sisal areas were responsible for strength in sisal.**

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, February 9.

**The 3½ p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £87-7|8.**

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, February 9. 3-30 p.m.

The Stock Exchange markets generally presented a more cheerful sentiment. Gilt-edgeds were stronger. The general tone was firmer. In Industrials, business generally improved.

**BRITISH FUNDS.**

3-1|2 per cent Consols (£75 7|8) £76.
3 1|2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3|8) £102 1|2.
4 1|2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 7|8) £110.
4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 1|8) £112 1|2.
3 1|2 per cent War Loan (£101-7|8) £102.
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111.

**INDUSTRIALS.**

Brazilian Traction (dol. 13 3|4) dol. 13 5|8.
International Holding (dol. 2 1|4) dol. 2 3|8.
Hydro-Electric (dol. 7 3|4) dol. 7 7|8.
Electric Music Insurance (22-0) 23-6.
Princhin John (33-0) 33-0.
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (31-7 1|2) 32-6.
Woolsworth New Ordinary (93-1 1|2) 93-3.
Swadeshi Match (9-9) 9-10 1|2.
Dunlop Rubber (41-9) 42-4 1|2.
Unilver Ordinary (24-6) 24-0.
Ford Motor (25-3) 25-3.
Cables and Wireless (10-3|4) 10-3|4.
British-American Tobacco (116-10 1|2) 117-6.
Cameras "A" (£8) £8 1|8.
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (117-9) 118-0.
P and O. S. N. Co. Def. (17-10 1|2) 17-6.
Distillers (84-6) 84-4 1|2.
Bradsford Dyers (15-0) 14-9.
British Celanese (14-4 1|2) 14-0.
J. and P. Coats Ordinary (60-9) 61-0.
Courtaulds Ordinary (43-10 1|2) 44-4 1|2.
Fine Cotton Spinners (14-3) 14-3.
Wickers Ltd. Ordinary (8-1 1|2) 8-3.
Inter. Nickel (dol. 22 3|4) dol. 22 5|8.
Bengal Iron and Steel (6-10 1|2) 6-9.
Tata Iron and Steel (£109) £109.

**MINE SHARES.**

Crown Mines (218-9 218-9.
Gedul (147-6) 142-6.
Moddar (New) (66-10 1|2) 66-10 1|2.
Sub. Nigel (206-3) 206-3.
Spring Mines (118-9) 115-0.
Union Corporation (112-6) 111-3.

### *Cardamom Auction Sales*

The Secretary Cardamom Krishigars Sangam Kombai has sent us the following telegram:—

In the Kombai Cardamom Market the result of to-day's auction sales shows that prices per Thulam 810 tolas weight, ungarbled estate, bulk Tharaipodams Rs. 19 to 20. Malabar Storepadam's Rs. 20 to 22, Mysore Storepadams Rs. 23 to 25. Seeds pure Rs. 26 to 27 sold 250 Thulams market steady.

### INDIAN LOANS

London, Feb. 9. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (75 3|4) £75 3|4.
3 1|2 per cent Indian Stock (£88) £87 3|4
4 1|2 per cent Indian Stock 1950|55 (£108 1|4) £108 1|2.
4 1.2 per cent Indian Stock 1958|68 (£110) £110 1|2.
4 1|2 per cent New Indian 1948|53 (£104) £104.
3 1|2 per cent New Indian 1954|59 (7|8 p.c. dis.) 3|4 p.c. dis.
5 per cent Indian 1942|47 (£110) £110.

**AUSTRALIAN LOANS.**

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945|65 (£109 1|4) £109 1|4.

**TEA SHARES.**

Assam Company (31-10 1|2) 31-10 1|2.
Doran Tea (58-0) 58-0.
Empire of India and Ceylon (40-7 1|2) 40-7 1|2.

**JUTE SHARES.**

Barnagore (£11) £11.

**RUBBER SHARES.**

Anglo|Dutch Rubber (21-6) 21-9.
Gula Kelampong (20-7 1|2) 20-7 1|2.
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (28-7 1|2) 28-9.

**MINING SHARES.**

Nundydroog (61-3) 65-0.
Burma Corporation (13-9) 13-9.
Rio Tintos (£21 3|8) £21 1|2.
East Rand Proprietary (46-7 1|2) 46-9.
Rand Mines (128-9) 128-9.

**OIL SHARES.**

Venezeula (38-1 1|2) 37-6.
Anglo-Persian (50-0) 50-7 1|2.
Burma Oil (90-0) 90-0.
Mexican Eagle (11-10 1|2) 11-9.
Shell Transport (55-7 1|2) 55-0.
Royal Dutch (£23 1|2) £23 1|2.

**HOME RAIL SHARES.**

Great Western Ord (£56 1|4) £56.
L M S Ord (£26) £25 3|4.
L N E R Defd (£9 3|4) £9 1|2.
Southern Defds. (£19 5|8) £19 5|8.
Land Pass 5 per Stock (£126) £126.
London Board "C" Stock (£84) £83 1|2.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

New York, Feb. 9.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange:—

General Motor (dol. 39 3|8) dol. 40 1|8.
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 16) dol. 16-3|4.
U S Steel (Common) (dol. 56 7|8) dol. 57 5|8.
U S Steel (Preference) (unquoted)

### *For Retired Railway Employees*

(From A Correspondent.)

BHAWNAGAR, Feb. 6.

The Retired Staff of the B. S. Railway in the course of their letter to the President. Railway Board. Simla, say:—

We are greatly pleased to learn that the question of issuing Railway passes and P. T. Orders and Steamer passes in favour of retired employees is moved by some of the railways and we therefore most humbly request your kind honour to settle this question in favour of the retired staff.

## SERIOUS DAMAGE TO GUJERAT COTTON CROP

### Bengal And Oomra Cottons Cheapest In World

### GENERAL PRICE TREND UPWARD

Bombay Feb. 8

The weekly cotton report issued by Messrs. Langley & Co. is as under:—

More than for months past the imagination of both trade and speculator has this week been gripped by the bullish possibilities of American markets.

A protagonist of economic revolution cannot looked for the immediate and unanimous acceptance of his plans. Anything new is, 'ipso facto,' looked upon with suspicion. And then there are those forces known as "vested interests." Much of the recovery seed fell on stony ground. But the President continued to give tea parties at White House. And he smiled.

RECOVERY SCHEME

Now at long last the significance of the recovery scheme is beginning to be realised. On Monday a broad speculative movement looked like developing. It was damped by the statement of Secretary Wallace that the Administration was reluctant to enforce acreage control and favoured another year of voluntary reduction. The market was disappointed. Heavy long liquidation followed. The frequency of these bursts of liquidation has been one of the remarkable features of recent movements. The market is the healthier for them. When the speculator sells the trade buys. And cotton goes into consumption.

On Tuesday the upward movement began again. A listless market revived on the Bank-head Bill, with some modifications, being reported on favourably by the Senate Agricultural Committee. A prohibitive tax is suggested for any cotton ginned over nine millinos.

For once the Secretary for Agriculture appears to be uncertain of his own mind. There is the definite intention of reducing production but the development of enthusiasm before the crop is in the ground must still be an embarrassment to acreage control. One of these years, of course, Nature will step in and the outturn will be 140 lbs. per acre. But that is another story.

BIGGEST BUSINESS

The U. S. Government is now the biggest business firm in the world and in view of a desire to curb speculation they might sell cotton. They sold a few weeks ago and if the market becomes too enthusiastic they might sell again. They are, in any case, the largest potential source for contracts.

But the broad outyook is unchanged and the general trend of commodities remains upward.

The flow of money also is still towards Americ. In spite of the present theoretical overvaluation of the dollar in terms of sterling it is intrinsically so obviously undervalued that there has been a large capital inflow reflected in greatly increased activity on Wall Street where the turnover on Monday reached the five million mark.

With New York gold above parity with London and even more above Paris there has been a large gold movement towards America but the resultant selling of dollars has only barely offset returning capital plus the commercial demand. When Wall Street reacts the dollar might weaken but on the broad issue the pull must remain towards America.

The cotton market yesterday was alone among American markets to withstand an extensive wave of profit taking. There will, presumably, at some time be a reaction in cotton but so long as the broad outlook remains as it is to-day we must continue to advise purchases.

LONG LIQUIDATION

Long liquidation has been a prominent feature in the local market during the week. With, in addition, further selling by Japanese Houses againts purchases of actual the market was disinclined to follow fully the advance in America and yet another widening in parity relative to Americans has been registered.

During the last two days, however, Japanese Houses have been buyers of contracts and, although this has been offset to some extent by European selling the position in the Bombay market is fundamentally sound.

SERIOUS DAMAGE

Our latest reports from Broach districts indicate that Broach, originally estimated at 3,75,000 now looks like 2,75,000, Surti originally 1,75,000 now 1,35,000 and Gujerat 3½ to 4 lacs now 2,75,000.

The quality of the main Broach-Palej line so far is satisfactory being of good grade and better staple than last year. This quality should last until the end of February subsequent to which arrivals will show increasing stain. The Jambusar and Itola districts are rather less satisfactory. Surti quality at the moment is a dubtful proposition. It may be that samples so far seen contain much immature cotton but the staple is irregular and less attractive than it should be.

INTERESTING POSITION

The position of the Broach contract is interesting insofar as shippers have used it very extensively for hedging cotton other than Broach styles. There is, in addition, a large option position in the market scale up. And an export demand from China could remove half the available Broach cotton from the market in the course of a few weeks. There is, as yet, no such demand. Neither was there a season we remember some five years ago. But the demand came and the basis for Broach advanced from 10 to 40 on. An additional safeguard this year is, of course, the fact that the Broach-Oomra straddle is wide. The position, however, is worth watching.

Indian cotton, particularly Oomra and Bengal is the cheapest cotton in the world. Eventually it will find its way into consumption.

In quiet markets we advise purchases

### *BALKAN PACT SIGNED*

ATHONE. Feb. 9.

The Balkan Pact was signed amid the ringing of Church bells here, and the military band playing national anthoms, the contracting countries being Greece, Rumania, Turkey and Yugo-Slavia.

The Pact mutually guarantees frontiers for five years and pledges concerted action al all matters affecting their interests.

Special concessions have been secured by Yugoslavia calculated to conciliato Bulgaria, who refuses to sign, unless her grievances against the Neuilly Peace Treaty are satisfied.—Reuter.

## CONTROL OF AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGES

### Government Bill For Granting Licenses And Banning Pool Operations And Imposing Heavy Punishment For Criminal Conspiracy

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.

A Government bill giving the Federal Trade Commission drastic powers to control the stock exchanges will be introduced in the Senate to-morrow.

The bill provides 'inter alia' that all stock exchanges must be licensed. pool operations will be prohibited and made a criminal conspiracy punishable with fine or imprisonment, marginal trading will be curbed by requiring such accounts to be covered by 50 per cent. cash.

Mr. Fletcher. Chairman of the Senate Banking Committee announced at the request of President Roosevelt that the bill will also provide supervision of commodity exchanges.—"Reuter."

### *BAR GOLD FOR AMERICA*

*£3,000,000 Shipped From Southampton*

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Seven tons of gold arrived at Croydon to-day aerially from France. Holland and Switzerland.

Bar Gold valued at £3,000,000 was shipped from Southampton to New York to-night.—Reuter.

Digitized by www.indiaculturalassistance.com
Government of Maharashtra
on 22 December, 2016

REGD. NO. B. 1065

JUPITER GENERAL
is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

# The Bombay Chronicle

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances.
J6

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1934

## Missing Pages From Police Diary

### Sub-Inspector's Evidence In Free Press Case

The mysterious disappearance of certain pages from the Marathi Police Diary maintained at the J J Hospital was disclosed at the resumed hearing of the case in which Maulana Shaukat Ali charged Mr S Sadanand, Editor, and Mr D N Nadkarni, Printer and Publisher of the "Free Press Journal" with defamation before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Friday afternoon.

Mr. Syed Hassan with Mr. Yusuf Abdulla, Advocate, appeared for the prosecution. Mr C N Kanuga with Mr G R Gadkari, Advocate defended the accused.

STANDING ORDERS.

Sub-Inspector Nayampalli of the Byculla Police Station was the first witness examined for the defence. He stated that there was a standing order from the Commissioner of Police to maintain a Marathi Diary at the J J Hospital, in which the policemen on duty there were to make a record of all cases brought to the Casualty ward. The diary was not checked by Police Officers.

MISSING PAGES.

Witness produced the Marathi Diary maintained at the J J Hospital during the month of May 1932, when the riots had broken out in Bombay. The pages prior to May 16, 1932, were missing. They had been torn off by some unknown person. Witness had questioned the constables on duty there for the past six months but they were unable to state how the pages prior to May 16 had disappeared. The Diary was never sent to the Police Station as it was the practice for the constable on duty at the Casualty Ward to telephone to the Police Station concerned the nature of the accident or the history of the case admitted to the Casualty Ward.

ADMISSION OF DEVSINGH.

The Police Constable No. 1217B who was on duty at the J J Hospital, on the day that Devsingh Bhojraj was admitted into the Hospital was the next witness. He said that he remembered the day Devsingh Bhojraj was brought to the J J Hospital Casualty Ward in a motor Ambulance. He had seventeen injuries inflicted on him. He was taken out of lorry No. X8311 which had a brass star and crescent attached to the radiator of the car and carried a red flag with the star and crescent on it near the driver's seat. He remembered these details as he had been called to the Lamington Road Police Station by Superintendent Smith, to whom he had made a statement regard this incident.

Mr G Pradhan of the Police Commissioner's Office produced the motor vehicle department register to show that car No. X8311 stood in the name of one Haji Ismail Haji Ahmed from 12 September 1930 upto date.

DEFENCE CASE CLOSED.

The defence counsel then intimated to the Court that he was not calling any more witnesses and that the case for the defence was closed.

Mr. Syed Hassan made an application to the Court to be allowed to call certain witnesses for the prosecution.

The Magistrate adjourned further hearing of the case to Tuesday next.

## "DONGRE'S BALAMRIT" IN COURT

### Alleged Breach Of Trade Mark

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court disposed of the notice of motion taken out by Vinayak K. Dongre and another in connection with their suit against Inayathussein Mohibali and another for an injunction to restrain the defendents from continuing the alleged breach of trade mark.

The plaintiffs stated that they had put on the market for the last 40 years their preparation called "Dongre's Balamrit" which had earned a great reputation as a tonic for children. The preparation was sold in bottles with certain distinctive features and wrapped in pink paper bearing certain marks, to which the plaintiffs claimed exclusive right.

The plaintiffs alleged that, in breach of their trade-mark, the defendents were selling their preparation called "Shujat's Balamrit" in bottles similar in get-up etc., to those of the plaintiffs.

At the hearing, the defendants did not appear and his Lordship granted an interim injunction as asked for by the plaintiffs till the disposal of the suit.

## *Grievances Of Bombay Listeners-In*

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

Haji Ismail Khan has given notice of the following short notice questions in the Assembly:—

1. Are the Government aware that now-a-days some foreign radio station is broadcasting at the same wave length and time, when Bombay is transmitting and that it is absolutely spoiling the Bombay programme?

2. What do the Government propose to do to remove the grievances of the Bombay listeners-in?

3. Are the Government prepared to change the wave-length of the Bombay station immediately?—A. P.

## LOSS TO BOMBAY PORT TRUST

### Development Of Cotton Centre At Mambra

BOMBAY, Feb. 9.

Mambra 30 miles away from Bombay a new cotton centre is fast developing.

Sheds and sidings are being built and a new township is growing up.

About 50 plots or enclosures have been provided by the G. I. P. Railway to applicant firms of exporters to which cotton can be brough from upcountry and then transport to the docks by native boats.

A big Japanese firm is already receiving its cotton at Mambra. By shipping it to Bombay in country craft the payment of town duty is avoided and the charges levied by the Bombay Port Trust are greatly reduced.

Several other firms expect shortly to be able to receive their goods at Mambra and ship them to Bombay by country craft.

While this move may curtail the diversion of trade from Bombay to Surat and Bhavanagar it is feared that by itself it is insufficient to meet the exigencies of the situation and that in any case it will result in the centre of export cotton business being shifted from Bombay to Mambra.—A. P.

## *10 ACCUSED ACQUITTED*

### *Judgment In Bhatwaria Riot Case Appeal*

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 9.

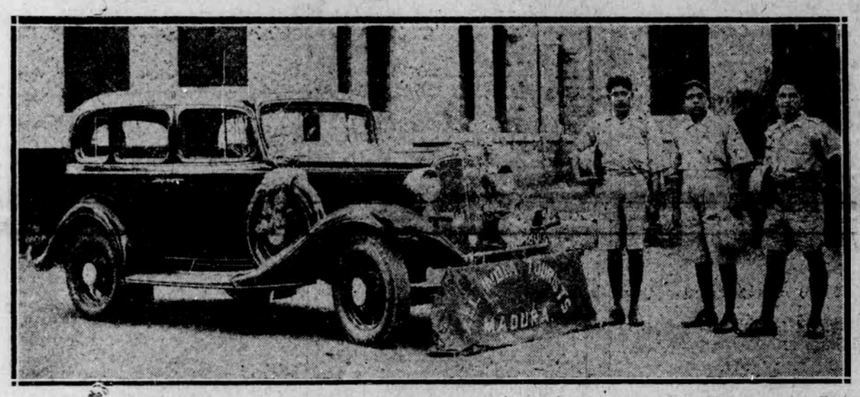
Out of 46 accused, appellants in the Bhatwaria riot case in the High Court, the Bench of Justices Messrs. Thomas and Kisch acquitted to-day 10 persons and recommended to the Local Government the cases of 16 for reduction of sentences, and dismissed the appeals of the rest.

All the accused had been sentenced to transportation for life by the lower court.—United Press.

## A BARODA HARIJAN SILVER JUBILEE

The Silver Jubilee of the Depressed Class Hostel, Baroda, was celebrated recently under the presidentship of Yuvraj Pratapsingh Raje Gaekwad. He is seen with Raj Ratna Pandit Atmaramji—a pioneer social worker in the cause of Harijans in the State and Pandit Shantipriya, the superintendent of the institution.

## ALL-INDIA TOUR BY CAR



Messrs. S. V. S. Subbaram, O. K. N. Nannaiyer and N. M. R. Krishnamurthi, three Sourashtra youths of Madura, started on the 5th instant on an all-India tour by the Chevrolet car, by the side of which they are seen standing here.

Dr. C. L. D'Avoine, whose recent acquittal has caused wide-spread satisfaction.

## *VICEROY SENDS Rs. 20,000*

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

At the request of the Governor of Bengal, His Excellency the Viceroy has sent Rs. 20,000 for immediate relief of earthquake sufferers in Darjeeling—A.P.

## *3 CONGRESSMEN SENT TO JAIL*

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 9.

Three Congressmen of Meja were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 10/- each under Section 3 of the Special Powers Act.—United Press.

## ONE PATHAN ACQUITTED

### Orders Reserved Against 4 Others In "Murder Case"

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, February 9.

The sessions trial of Shahebjada Shahjada, Chandan Garzi Khan, Ajmer Khan Shah Amir Khan Ajab Khan Ajim Khan and Amirjada Bairam Khan, five Pathans, who stood charged with murder, conspiracy to murder, destroying evidence of murder and abetment, of Balkrishna Sakharam, a Hindu blacksmith, (alleged to have been shot dead by the accused at Potal, in Karjat Taluka, on July 17 last) concluded yesterday evening.

Mr. N. N. Master, Sessions Judge, Thana in the course of his summing-up, pointed out the inherent defects in the police investigation and several discrepancies in the evidence of Crown witnesses.

The Jurors, after deliberations for about an hour, returned a unanimous vedict of not guilty of the charge of abetment as regards the fifth accused, while round by a majority (of 7 to 2) the first four accused guilty of murder.

As assessors they expressed a unanimous opinion that the first four accused were not guilty of the charge of destroying evidence of murder.

The Sessions Judge acquitted the fifth accused Amirjada Bairam Khan, the alleged instigator, and reserved orders till Tuesday next as regards the first four accused.

Dr. Rasik R. Thakar, M.D.M.S. (Hon.) F.C.P.S. of Vile-Parle has recently been elected Secretary of the Western India Homoeopathetic Medical Association in Bombay.

## *THREE PAPERS' FUND*

### *Mr. Manilal Kothari's Appreciation*

Mr. Manilal Kothari wires from Wadhwan:—

I gratefully appreciate and offer heartiest congratulations to your three Papers' signal service to suffering humanity in Bihar by raising one lac within a short time. I hope you will strive for another lac and God-willing you will have it.

## Convict Labour In Sugar Factory

### Bombay Meeting Condemns Employment Of Visapur Prisoners

Mr. S. H. Jhabwala presided over a public meeting held under the auspices of the A.I.T.U.C. Provincial Sub-Committee when speeches were made on the unemployment situation. Mr. Jhabwala referred to the increasing unemployment among the working-class and the middle class and pointed out how the Government of India was absolutely indifferent to the question. They had even opposed the resolution of Mr. N. M. Joshi in the Assembly. A similar resolution was going to be moved in the Bombay Council, but he had not the least hope that anything would come out of it.

THE ONLY WAY.

The only way to get relief was to start the country-wide agitation demanding work or a subsistence allowance. For this purpose the All-India Trade Union Congress had taken the initiative and had fixed the 4th of March as the unemployed worker's day. Mass meetings and demonstrations would be held on this day with a view effectively to put forward the demand of the unemployed. Concluding he said that unemployment could be completely removed only by a change in the economic system. Socialism alone was the cure for unemployment.

AGITATE FOR WORK.

Mr. V. B. Karnik then moved the following resolution.

"This meeting gives its wholehearted support to the decision of the All-India Trades Union Congress to celebrate the Unemployed Workers' day and calls upon the unemployed of the city to agitate for work or a subsistance allowance."

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Bahpanker and supported by Mr. Nimbker.

CONVICT LABOUR.

Mr. Madan Shetty moved another resolution condemning the employment of convicts from Visapur jail in a sugar factory at Bilawandi resulting on the unemployment of several hundred workers.

The resolution was seconded by Com. Tajdaoker and was unanimously passed.

## "C. R." WELCOMES GANDHIJI

### Mahatma Appeals To Tiruppur Public To Buy Khaddar

### MISS LESTER AND MRS. HOGG JOIN PARTY

THAVARAM, (South India) February 9.

Leaving Coonoor on Tuesday morning, Gandhiji resumed his tour in Tamil Nadu.

Addressing a well-attended meeting at Tirupur, a famous cotton and khadi centre, he dwelt at length on the removal of untouchability and the necessity to treat Harijans and other Hindus alike, and advised the public to buy khaddar, which, he said, enabled them to earn their living.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, who was released from prison, was present at the Tiruppur station to welcome Gandhiji.

At Coimbatore, Gandhiji paid a visit to the Y.M.C.A. and addressed a public meeting. Thereafter he visited Podanur, Pollachi, Udamalpet, Palani and Dindugul.

Miss M. Lester of Kingsley Hall London, and Mrs. Hogg are now accompanying Gandhiji in his tour.—A. P.

## *BOMBAY COUNCIL BYE-ELECTION*

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Feb. 9.

Counting of votes in connection with the bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Council on behalf of the Mahomedans of Karachi for the seat caused vacant by the death of Mir Mohomed Baloch was held here to-day in the Collector's office and resulted in the election of Mohomed Hashim Gazdar.

## *BROADCAST BAN*

### *Spanish Govt. Measure To Control Situation*

MADRID, Feb 9.

With object of dealing with the tense political situation the Home Office has banned broadcasting of all political and religious speeches.—Reuter.

## BENGAL ACTING GOVERNORSHIP

### Sir A. K. Ghaznavi Sure To Be Appointed

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

With the death of Sir P. C. Mitter, member of the Executive Council in Bengal, there will be three Muslims acting simultaneously as Governors in three Provinces.

Sir Mahomed Usman becomes Governor of Madras early in May, when Sir George Stanley comes to Simla to act in the place of Lord Willingdon as Viceroy.

Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan becomes Governor of the Punjab for a second time from the 15th instant for four months, when sir Herbert Emerson proceeds home on leave due to Lady Emerson's illness.

In Bengal, Sir A. K. Ghaznavi will become Governor early in summer, when Sir John Anderson will proceed on four months' leave. The original idea of Sir John was to take leave after two years and not so early, but probably the fact that soon after the Province gets reforms, it might not be possible for him to take leave, as Bengal might require his services in initial stage of the reform era has evidently prevailed. If Sir Provash Mitter were alive, he would have been Governor early summer. He is dead, Sir A. K. Ghaznavi, who is the seniormost cannot be ignored and will be appointed.

It will be remembered that the Nawab of Chatthari has already acted twice as Governor in the United Provinces.

## *Late Mr. M. S. DAS*

### *Well-Known Leader Of Orissa*

CUTTACK, (By Mail.)

The death took place at Cuttack on Sunday of Mr. Madhusudan Das, C.I.E. M.A., B.L.

Mr. Das was born on April 28, 1848, and was educated at Calcutta University of which he later became a Fellow.

He represented Orissa in the Bengal Legislative Council four times, and was elected by the Legislative Council of Bihar and Orissa to the Imperial Council in 1913. He was nominated to the Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council and became Minister of Local Self-Government in 1921 but resigned office two years later.

He was an ex-president of the All-India Christian Conference and was the first Minister of Local Self-Government in Bihar and Orissa.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.